1.0 INTRODUCTION

This document provides instruction on how to collect a water sample at your home or business for analysis of per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). Step-by-step instructions are provided for how to find an analytical laboratory, collect the sample and label it, and package and ship the sample so it will safely arrive at the laboratory. A list of certified laboratories are also attached to these instructions (Attachment 1).

These instructions contain 2 Attachments:

Attachment 1 – List of Arizona Department of Health Services Certified Drinking Water Laboratories for EPA Test Method 537.1.

Attachment 2 – Material Safety Data Sheet for Trizma®, the sample preservative

2.0 HEALTH AND SAFETY

Personal protective equipment should be worn including unpowdered nitrile gloves, eye protection, and closed toe shoes when taking water samples. The sample bottles contain a preservative that should not come in contact with your skin. Cotton pants and long sleeve shirts can also protect the skin from the preservatives. PFAS are found in many every day household items such as food packaging, carpet treatments, and weatherproofing materials. Using clean, unused gloves and cotton clothes will also protect the sample from outside contamination.

3.0 AVOIDING SAMPLING CONTAMINATION

Avoid using cosmetics, scented products, moisturizers, and insect repellants on the day of sampling. If sunscreen is necessary try to use natural products that don’t contain PFAS (e.g. Alba Organics Natural Sunscreen, Yes to Cucumbers, Aubrey Organics, Jason Natural Sun Block, Kiss My Face). Do not sample with food, drink, fast food wrappers or containers near the sample location. Latex gloves and Teflon (plumber’s tape) contain PFAS and should not be used in sampling for PFAS.

4.0 IDENTIFICATION OF A LABORATORY

Some things to be aware of when you contact the laboratory you have chosen:
Most laboratories have pick-up and drop off sample centers in Phoenix if you want to avoid shipping charges.

- If you choose to ship your samples to the laboratory, they will need to be shipped the same day that they are collected in order to meet the 2-day sample holding time.
- For both sample drop-off and shipment confirm that the lab is open on the day the samples should arrive to avoid delays in transport that may result in exceeding the 2-day sample holding time.
- Ask them to provide you with more than one sample bottle, just in case you need an extra. The bottle will be a polypropylene 250 mL bottle that already contains the correct amount of preservative.
- At a minimum you should receive sample bottle(s) and a custody tracking form from the laboratory.
- If you want to have the sample analyzed in duplicate, you will need two bottles per sample location, and the cost will increase proportionately.
- Confirm the cost of the analysis, and the number of samples you intend to have analyzed.
- The cost per sample is typically between $250 - $500, not including duplicates and shipping.

### 4.0 EQUIPMENT LIST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Analyte</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Sample Bottles</th>
<th>Sample Preservation (In bottle)</th>
<th>Sample Preservation (after collection)</th>
<th>Maximum Unfilled Bottle Holding Time</th>
<th>Maximum Filled Bottle Holding Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PFAS</td>
<td>EPA Method 537.1</td>
<td>One 250 mL polypropylene (PP) bottle with PP screw-caps per sample</td>
<td>1.4 g Trizma® preservative per bottle</td>
<td>Keep the sample at or below 6 degrees C using wet ice</td>
<td>14 days</td>
<td>2 days</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*if the bottles have not been used within 14 days, you should request new bottles from the laboratory.

- Sample bottle(s)
- Unpowdered nitrile gloves
- Sample labels
- Ball point pen
- Custody tracking forms (provided by the lab)
- Cooler (may be provided by the lab, depending on availability and how many samples you are collecting)
- **Wet ice is required**, no blue ice packs.
- Ziploc® Bags will be used to ensure that samples are not contaminated by other samples or by the ice used in the cooler.
- Shipping forms (if not dropping the sample off at a laboratory)
- Clear plastic shipping tape (if not dropping the sample off at a laboratory)
5.0 SAMPLE COLLECTION

Water samples should be collected from the sample tap at the wellhead before any treatment. Some households treat their water by adding softeners or passing their water through a filter (reverse osmosis, absorbent media or granular activated carbon filtration) prior to use. The sample may also be taken from a spigot located in the kitchen sink or outside the house, if the water exits the tap without treatment. Avoid taking samples from hoses or other attachments to the tap or to plumbing that may contain Teflon tape, as Teflon contains PFAS.

1) Fill out your sample labels.
   i) Preprinted labels should be supplied from the lab and should be filled out using a ball point pen. No Sharpie® or other markers can be used when sampling for PFAS.
   ii) The label should include sampler’s name, address, requested analytical method (EPA Method 537.1), and the sample preservative (Trizma®).
   iii) If labels are not already on the sample bottle when received from the laboratory, make sure to complete the labels and affix them to the bottles.
   iv) If you are sampling multiple wells use sample names to assist in identifying where the sample was taken.
   v) Sample label information should match the information provided on the custody tracking form (also provided by the lab).

2) Prepare your sampling area by removing any food packaging, wrappers or other materials that may contain PFAS

3) Thoroughly wash/rinse/dry your hands.

4) Flush the tap fully open for approximately 15 minutes.

5) Put your gloves on, use a clean pair of gloves for every sample collected.

6) Remove the sample bottle cap. The bottle top should be kept in your hand or placed facing upwards so that the portion of the cap that touches the bottle does not touch the surface. If you hold the cap in your hand, do not let anything touch the inside of the cap or the rim.

7) The sample bottle contains preservative so DO NOT rinse the bottle. Do not touch the preservative or the inside of the bottle.

8) Fill the sample bottle slowly, do not allow overflow from mouth of the bottle.

9) After collecting the sample, cap the bottle and agitate by hand until preservative is dissolved. Do not reopen the bottle after the water sample has been added.

10) Write the sample time on the bottle label.

6.0 LABELING AND COMPLETING THE CUSTODY TRACKING FORM

1) Complete the custody tracking form provided by the lab for each sample.
   a) The form should include the sample location, sample date, sample time, and the analysis (Method 537.1) requested.
   b) The signature, date, and time of sample transfer of the person relinquishing the samples and the person receiving the samples should be completed at each handoff.
   c) If shipping the sample, the person receiving the shipment will fill in and sign the tracking form.
   d) This information helps the laboratory match the sample bottles to the correct chain of custody.

2) This form is a legal document and must be completed as accurately as possible.
7.0 TRANSPORT TO THE LABORATORY

a. Place sample bottles in separate quart-sized Ziploc bags. Also place the chain of custody form in a separate Ziploc bag.

b. Place the separately bagged sample bottles and completed/signed chain of custody in the cooler/ice chest with wet ice.

c. Wet ice is required to keep the samples preserved. Do not use blue ice packs.

d. If shipping the cooler to the laboratory, also bag the ice in Ziplocs to prevent water from leaking out of the cooler during shipment. Use clear plastic packing tape to seal the cooler before adhering the shipping documents to the top.

e. Samples must arrive at the lab within 2 days of collection.

8.0 RESULTS REPORT

The laboratory will send you a results report within the turn-around time specified for your order. A typical turn-around time for PFAS analysis is 10 days.

9.0 TROUBLESHOOTING AND ASSISTANCE

Do not use sample bottles that appear to be discolored, dusty, or structurally compromised. When in doubt get new sample bottles from the laboratory.

If the sampling, handling, or transport of a sample was compromised in any way, do not use the sample. Instead, re-take the sample, when possible.

If you need assistance with using these instructions, please contact David Burchard, at (602) 771-4298.

10.0 REFERENCES


“National Primary Drinking Water Regulations.” Code of Federal Regulations, Section Title 40, Chapter I, Subchapter D, Part 141. https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/textidx?SID=a7b87de7cb53f891eff96d2a89ac67f8&mc=true&tpl=/ecfrbrowse/Title40/40cfr141_main_02.tpl
11.0 DOCUMENT APPROVAL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Role</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Signature</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOP Lead</td>
<td>Paula Panzino</td>
<td>Paula C Panzino</td>
<td>3/8/2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peer Reviewer</td>
<td>David Burchard</td>
<td>David Burchard</td>
<td>Mar 9, 2021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QA/QC Specialist</td>
<td>Samara Taylor</td>
<td>Samara Taylor</td>
<td>Mar 9, 2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.0 REVISION HISTORY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revision Date</th>
<th>Author</th>
<th>Summary of Changes</th>
<th>Ref. Section</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

ATTACHMENT 1: Arizona Department of Health Services Certified Drinking Water Laboratories

All drinking water samples must be analyzed at a laboratory that has been certified by Arizona Department of Health Services (ADHS). Below is a list of ADHS laboratories certified to analyze drinking water samples using EPA Test Method 537.1. This list will be updated as ADHS certifies additional laboratories for the test method. Note that most of these laboratories have offices in the Phoenix area where sample containers can be pick-up and samples can be dropped off.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LABNAME</th>
<th>CITY</th>
<th>STATE</th>
<th>PHONE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Legend Technical Services of AZ, Inc.</td>
<td>Phoenix</td>
<td>AZ</td>
<td>(602) 324-6103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eurofins Test America Sacramento</td>
<td>West Sacramento</td>
<td>CA</td>
<td>(916) 373-5600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SGS North America Inc. – Orlando</td>
<td>Orlando</td>
<td>FL</td>
<td>(407) 425-6700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eurofins Eaton Analytical, LLC</td>
<td>Monrovia</td>
<td>CA</td>
<td>(626) 386-1100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eurofins Eaton Analytical, LLC</td>
<td>South Bend</td>
<td>IN</td>
<td>(574) 233-4777</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PACE Analytical Services, LLC</td>
<td>Ormond Beach</td>
<td>FL</td>
<td>(386) 672-5668</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eurofins Lancaster Laboratories Environmental, LLC</td>
<td>Lancaster</td>
<td>PA</td>
<td>(717) 656-2300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ATTACHMENT 3: Safety data sheet for Trishydroxymethylaminomethane Buffer (Trizma®)

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier: TRISHYDROXYMETHYLAMINOMETHANE BUFFER, pH 7.0

Other means of identification: 5004

Recommended use: professional, scientific and technical activities; other professional, scientific and technical activities

Recommended restrictions: None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name: GFS Chemicals, Inc.
Address: 800 Kedzie Drive
Columbus, OH 43228
United States

Telephone: Phone 740-581-5501
Toll Free: 800-888-9682
Fax: 740-581-5589

Website: www.gfschemicals.com
E-mail: service@gfschemicals.com

Emergency phone number

Emergency Assistance: Chemtex 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards: Not classified.

Health hazards: Not classified.

Environmental hazards: Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards: Not classified.

Label elements

Hazard symbol: None.

Signal word: None.

Hazard statement: The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.

Precautionary statement

Prevention: Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Response: Wash hands after handling.

Storage: Store away from incompatible materials.

Disposal: Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC): None known.

Supplemental information

99.9% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 100% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 100% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 100% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TRISHYDROXYMETHYLAMINOMETHANE HYDROCHLORIDE</td>
<td>TRISHYDROXYMETHYLAMINOMETHANE</td>
<td>1185-53-1</td>
<td>93.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRISHYDROXYMETHYLAMINOMETHANE THAM</td>
<td>TRISHYDROXYMETHYLAMINOMETHANE</td>
<td>77-86-1</td>
<td>6.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Material name: TRISHYDROXYMETHYLAMINOMETHANE BUFFER, pH 7.0

5004  Version #: 01  Revision date: Issue date: September-05-2018
4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation**
Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

**Skin contact**
Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**Eye contact**
Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**Ingestion**
Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed**
Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

**Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**
Treat symptomatically.

**General information**
Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media**

**Unsuitable extinguishing media**
Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical**
During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters**
Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

**Fire fighting equipment/instructions**
Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

**Specific methods**
Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

**General fire hazards**
No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Keep unnecessary personnel away. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. This product is miscible in water. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions**
Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling**
Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**
Store in tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Occupational exposure limits**
The mixture has no ingredients that have PEL, TLV, or other recommended exposure limit.

**Biological limit values**
No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

**Appropriate engineering controls**
Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

**Individual protective measures, such as personal protective equipment**

**Eye/face protection**
Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**
Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

**Other**
Wear suitable protective clothing.

**Respiratory protection**
In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

**Thermal hazards**
Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, where necessary.

**General hygiene considerations**
Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

---

Material name: TRIS/HYDROXYMETHYLMETHANEMETHANE BUFFER, pH 7.0
5904  Version #: 01  Revision date: Issue date: September-05-2018 2 / 5
9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance
- Physical state: Solid.
- Form: Solid.
- Color: White.
- Odor: Not available.
- Odor threshold: Not available.
- pH: Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point: Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range: Not available.
- Flash point: Not available.
- Evaporation rate: Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:
  - Flammability limit - lower (%): Not available.
  - Flammability limit - upper (%): Not available.
  - Explosive limit - lower (%): Not available.
  - Explosive limit - upper (%): Not available.
- Vapor pressure: Not available.
- Vapor density: Not available.
- Relative density: Not available.
- Solubility (air):
  - Solubility (water): Soluble.
- Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.
- Decomposition temperature: Not available.
- Viscosity: Not available.

Other information
- Explosive properties: Not explosive.
- Oxidizing properties: Not oxidizing.
- pH in aqueous solution: 7 (16.5 g/L solution)

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability: Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products: Hydrogen chloride, Carbon oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure
- Inhalation: No adverse effects due to inhalation are expected.
- Skin contact: No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
- Eye contact: Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
- Ingestion: Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity
Not known.

Components Species Test Results

TRIS(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane (CAS 77-86-1)

Acute
Oral
LD50 Rat 5900 mg/kg

Other
LD50 Mouse 3500 mg/kg
Rat 2300 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Not classified as to carcinogenicity to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)
Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens
Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity Not classified.
- single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity Not classified.
- repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residue. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Material name: TRIS(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane buffer, pH 7.0
5904 Version #: 01 Revision date: Issue dates: September-05-2018
14. Transport information

DOT
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG
Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78
and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations
This product is not known to be a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification
Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1061-1052)
Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance
Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical
No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)
Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 (c) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)
Not regulated.

US state regulations

California Proposition 65
California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 2016 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(ies) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taiwan</td>
<td>Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Material name: TRIS (TRISODIOMETILINMETHANE BUFFER, pH 7.0)
Private Well PFAS Sampling Instructions

Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no) |
---------------------|----------------|----------------------|
United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | Yes |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).
* A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date: September 05, 2018
Version #: 01

Disclaimer

GPS Chemicals, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user’s responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in this sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.