

What is WQARF?

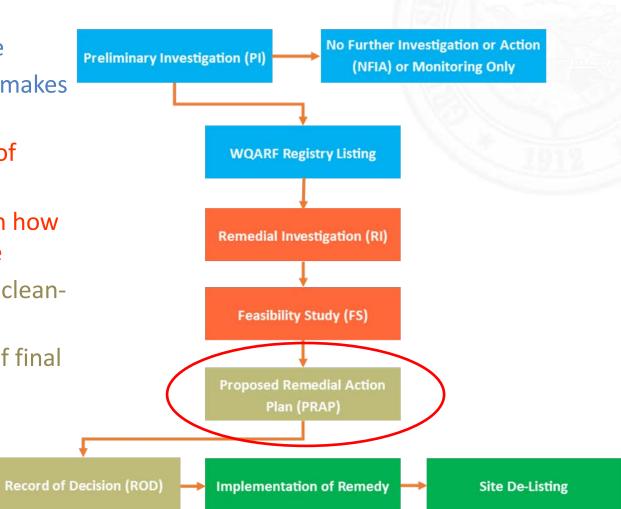


- WQARF =
 Water Quality Assurance Revolving Fund
- Also called State Superfund program
 - WQARF uses state funds to investigate and clean up soil and groundwater contamination in Arizona
 - Also oversees privately funded efforts.

Steps in WQARF

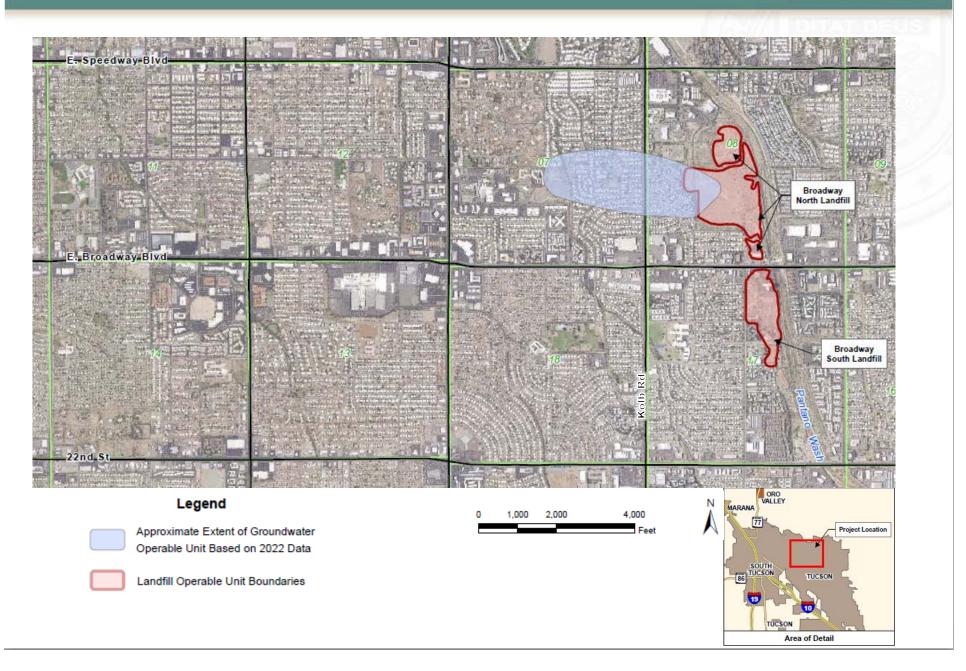


- PI confirms the release
- Registry Listing legally makes it a WQARF site
- RI determines extent of release
- FS provides options on how best to clean up the site
- PRAP proposes which cleanup option is the best
- ROD announcement of final remedy for the site



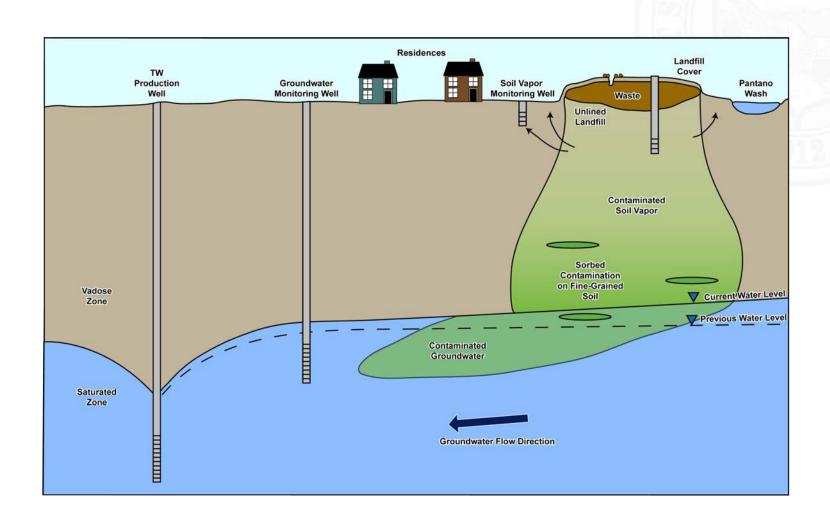
Site Location Map





Conceptual Site Model





Background



- Contaminants of Concern: Tetrachloroethene (PCE), Trichloroethene (TCE), Vinyl Chloride (VC), methylene chloride, 1,2-dichloroethene (DCE), and dross (arsenic, cadmium and lead)
- Source of Contamination: Broadway North Landfill (BNL) and Broadway South Landfill (BSL)
- Impacted Media: Soil and Groundwater
- Potential Receptors: Downgradient water supply wells
- <u>Last Milestone</u>: Proposed Remedial Action Plan PRAP (June, 2019)
- Next Milestone: Record of Decision (ROD)

Proposed Remedial Action Plan



- The PRAP was issued in June 2019. The proposed remedy includes the following:
 - Engineering Controls
 - Landfill soil cover (existing)
 - Asphalt cap over dross area (completed in 2019)
 - Institutional Controls
 - Declaration of Environmental Use Restriction (DEUR)
 - Soil Vapor Extraction (SVE) at BSL
 - Completed in 2020
 - In-Situ Chemical Oxidation (ISCO) at BNL
 - Currently ongoing
 - Monitored Natural Attenuation (MNA)

Engineering Controls



- Existing landfill soil cover
- Asphalt cap at dross area
 - Installed in 2019 as an Early Response Action (ERA)



Institutional Controls



- Declaration of Environmental Use Restriction (DEUR)
 - Limit residential use at property
- DEUR outline property owner responsibilities
 - Annual inspection
 - Maintenance of soil cover, asphalt cap, fence, & signage

Soil Vapor Extraction (at BSL)



- SVE system operated from January 2020 to December 2020 as an ERA.
- Soil vapor concentrations fell below the level that could lead to impacts in groundwater above the Arizona Water Quality Standards (AWQS).
- SVE system and supporting infrastructure was removed completely by January 2022.



After installation (2019)



After demolition (2022)

ISCO Groundwater Treatment (at BNL)



- In-Situ Chemical Oxidation (ISCO) system was installed in 2019 as an ERA. Operation is currently ongoing.
- Approximately 25 million gallons of water are pumped and injected annually.

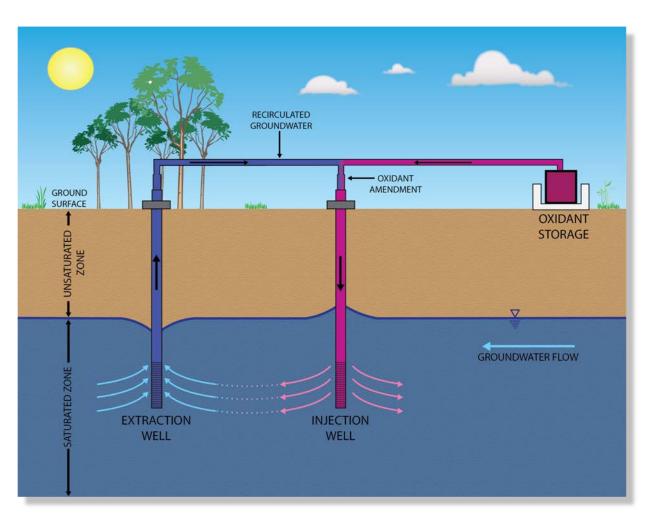
 PCE and TCE concentrations are decreasing, indicating the system is containing downgradient migration of contaminated

groundwater.



ISCO Conceptual Design









MNA & Groundwater Monitoring

Well ID

BP-02

BP-04

BP-05

BP-10

BP-11

BP-16

BP-19

BP-22

BP-23

BP-24A

C-022A

D-022A

R-090A

SE-001 SJ-002

WR-178A

WR-273A

WR-275A

WR-354A

WR-358A

WR-367A

WR-435A

WR-704A

364

340

340

323

340

346

318

360

376

315

< 0.50

4.4

1.0

7.1

20

31

2.8

5.3

5

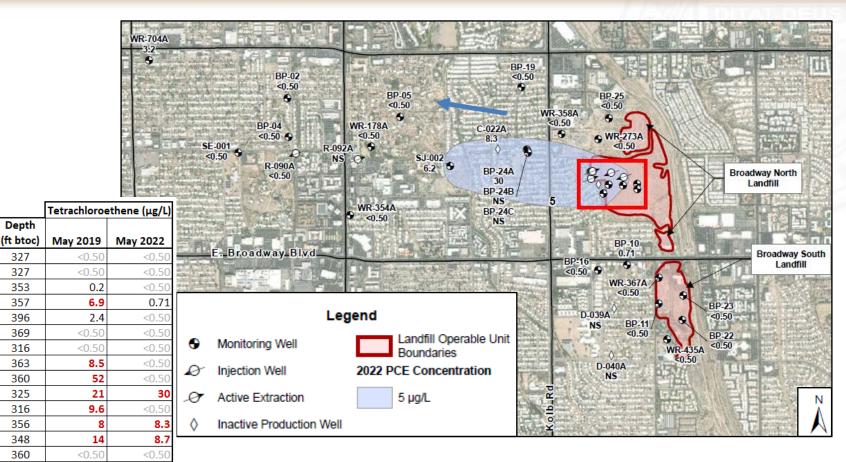
6.2

24

3.2

BP-25





- MNA will continue up to 30 years.
- Data will be used to evaluate plume migration, plume stability, & natural attenuation of the plume.
- Data will be used to trigger proposed contingency action(s).

Tetrachloroethene AWQS = 5.0 µg/L

Future Activities



- ROD is the next milestone document.
- Continuation of ISCO system at BNL.
- Continue with annual monitoring.

Contact Information



ADEQ Community Involvement Coordinator

Tereza Marks

Marks.Tereza@azdeq.gov

602-316-4270

ADEQ Project Manager

Mary Charlson

Charlson.Mary@azdeq.gov

602-771-0172