FINAL

THIRD FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT

PAPAGO PARK MILITARY RESERVATION PHOENIX, ARIZONA

Prepared for:



United States Army Environmental Command Fort Sam Houston, Texas



Army National Guard



Papago Park Military Reservation Phoenix, Arizona

THIRD FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT

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Approved By:

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Signature

Date

Anthony Hammett Colonel, U.S. Army Chief, G-9 Army National Guard

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PAPAGO PARK MILITARY RESERVATION PHOENIX, ARIZONA

Prepared by:



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Prepared Under Contract Number: W912PL-16-D-0042 Task Order Number: W912PL19F0092

Executive Summary

Papago Park Military Reservation (PPMR) is located on 480 acres of land east of the city center of Phoenix, Arizona in Maricopa County (**Figure 1**). PPMR was established by Public Law 92 of the 71st Congress on April 21, 1930 and is currently an active Arizona Army National Guard (AZARNG) installation under the federal administration of the United States (U.S.) Army National Guard Directorate (ARNG) Cleanup and Restoration Branch. The facility serves as the Arizona Joint Forces Headquarters and as host to operational National Guard units and supports readiness centers; aviation operations and maintenance; logistics management, warehousing, munitions storage, and equipment maintenance; academic, live-fire range, and individual field training; and personnel service and recruiting centers. The Arizona Department of Emergency and Military Affairs and the Maricopa County Office of Emergency Management are also supported by PPMR facilities.

This statutory Five-Year Review was conducted in accordance with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) and the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP). PPMR is not on the National Priorities List (NPL). The purpose of a Five-Year Review is to determine whether selected remedies for an environmental site remain protective of human health and the environment. Five-Year Reviews also identify issues found during the review, if any, and provide recommendations to address them. This Five-Year Review has been prepared because hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain at the site at levels that do not allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure (UU/UE). This review includes one Installation Restoration Program site listed in **Table ES-1**.

AEDB-R ID	Description	HQAES ID
PMR-S	Former Skeet Range (Site S)	1077A.1006

Table ES-1 Papago Park Military Reservation Five-Year Review Site Crosswalk

AEDB-R – Army Environmental Database-Restoration HQAES – Headquarters Army Environmental System ID – Identification

The remedy selected in the 2005 Decision Document for Site S is access and institutional controls, which consists of preparing an amendment to the Real Property Master Plan to add a description of the land use controls (LUCs) implemented at Site S, limiting public access by maintaining the existing fence around the boundary of the area that includes Site S, and prohibiting residential use of Site S. In addition, any disturbance of soil at or removal of LUCs from Site S will require approval by the U.S. Army Environmental Command (USAEC) and Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ). Finally, if ownership of Site S is transferred to a party other than the U.S. Department of the Army (Army), it will be necessary to either remediate the property or for the new owner to sign and obtain ADEQ approval of a Declaration of Environmental Use Restriction that has

been prepared in accordance with Arizona Administrative Code Section R18-7-207 (National Guard Bureau, 2005).

The remedy at Site S is protective of human health and the environment.

Access and institutional controls have been implemented at Site S. Annual LUC inspections and the Five-Year Review Site Inspection indicate physical and administrative LUCs are in place to limit public access to the site, prohibit residential use, and monitor any disturbance of soil or changes to LUCs at Site S to ensure potential exposure to contaminants of concern in soil and sediment, as well as lead shot that remains on the ground surface, is prevented.

Five-Year Review Summary Form

SITE IDENTIFICATION				
Site Name: Papago Park Military Reservation				
	1890021			
Region: 9	State: AZ	City/County: Phoenix, Maricopa County		
	SI	ITE STATUS		
NPL Status: Non-N	PL			
Multiple OUs? No	Has th Yes	he site achieved construction completion?		
	REV	/IEW STATUS		
Lead agency: Other Federal Agency If "Other Federal Agency" was selected above, enter Agency name: Arizona Army National Guard (AZARNG) under the federal administration of the United States Army National Guard Directorate (ARNG) Cleanup and Restoration Branch				
Author name (Federal or State Project Manager): Kim Birdsall				
Author affiliation: A	ZARNG			
Review period: Mar	Review period: March 12, 2020 – March 8, 2021			
Date of site inspection: October 15, 2020				
Type of review: Statutory				
Review number: 3				
Initial triggering action date: April 4, 2006				
Due date (five-year cycle after initial triggering action date): April 4, 2021				

Five-Year Review Summary Form (continued)

Issues/Recommendations

OU(s) without Issues/Recommendations Identified in the Five-Year Review:

Site S

Protectiveness Statement(s)

Operable Unit: Site S (Headquarters Army Environmental System [HQAES] Identification [ID] 1077A.1006) Protectiveness Determination: Protective Addendum Due Date (*if applicable*): Not applicable.

Protectiveness Statement:

The remedy at Site S is protective of human health and the environment.

Access and institutional controls have been implemented at Site S. Annual land use control (LUC) inspections and the Five-Year Review Site Inspection indicate physical and administrative LUCs are in place to limit public access to the site, prohibit residential use, and monitor any disturbance of soil or changes to LUCs at Site S to ensure potential exposure to contaminants of concern in soil and sediment, as well as lead shot that remains on the ground surface, is prevented.

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This is the Third Five-Year Review for Papago Park Military Reservation (PPMR) located in Phoenix, Arizona. PPMR was established by Public Law 92 of the 71st Congress on April 21, 1930 and is currently an active Arizona Army National Guard (AZARNG) installation under the federal administration of the United States (U.S.) Army National Guard Directorate (ARNG) Cleanup and Restoration Branch. The facility serves as the Arizona Joint Forces Headquarters and as host to operational National Guard units. PPMR is not on the National Priorities List (NPL). This review includes the Installation Restoration Program site listed in **Table 1**.

Table 1 Papago Park Military Reservation Five-Year Review Site Crosswalk

AEDB-R ID	Description	HQAES ID
PMR-S	Former Skeet Range (Site S)	1077A.1006

AEDB-R – Army Environmental Database-Restoration HQAES – Headquarters Army Environmental System ID – Identification

1.1 PURPOSE

The purpose of the Five-Year Review is to determine whether site remedies remain protective of human health and the environment. Five-Year Reviews also identify issues discovered during the review, if any, and provide recommendations to address them. This Five-Year Review has been prepared because hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remain at the site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure (UU/UE).

1.2 AUTHORITY

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Los Angeles District, with assistance from Dawson Technical, LLC (DAWSON), is preparing this Five-Year Review on behalf of the U.S. Army Environmental Command (USAEC) pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Section (§) 121, 42 U.S. Code § 9621, and the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP), 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 300. CERCLA §121 (c) states the following:

"If the President selects a remedial action that results in any hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining at the site, the President shall review such remedial action no less often than each five years after the initiation of such remedial action to assure that human health and the environment are being protected by the remedial action being implemented. In addition, if upon such review it is the judgment of the President that action is appropriate at such site in accordance with section [104] or [106], the President shall take or require such action. The President shall report to the Congress a list of facilities for which such review is required, the results of all such reviews, and any actions taken as a result of such reviews."

The NCP, at 40 CFR § 300.430(f)(4)(ii), states:

"If a remedial action is selected that results in hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants remaining at the site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure, the lead agency shall review such action no less often than every five years after initiation of the selected remedial action."

PPMR is an active AZARNG installation under the federal administration of the ARNG Cleanup and Restoration Branch. The Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) is the lead regulatory agency providing oversight support for environmental investigations, risk management, and cleanup activities at PPMR.

In 2010, ADEQ adopted a policy requiring all final technical documents to be signed and stamped by a registered professional in accordance with the professional registration requirements contained in Arizona Revised Statute 32-125. However, Arizona Revised Statute Sections 32-144 and 32-101 explicitly exempt employees and officers of the federal government acting in that capacity from having to comply with these professional registration requirements. There is also no statutory or regulatory requirement under CERCLA or the NCP requiring final technical documents to be signed and stamped by a registered professional. Furthermore, federal facilities, whether they are listed on the NPL or not, are only required to comply with substantive state requirements that are promulgated under state environmental or facility siting laws. Federal facilities do not have to comply with state procedural requirements contained in non-environmental statutes, because Congress has clearly not waived sovereign immunity in this arena. Since ADEQ's policy regarding professional registrants is not a promulgated substantive requirement with which federal facilities have to comply.

2.0 BACKGROUND

PPMR was established on April 21, 1930 by Public Law 92 of the 71st Congress on land formerly designated as the Papago Saguaro National Monument, an area originally selected to preserve the red sandstone buttes and desert flora. The Act abolished the Papago Saguaro National Monument and portions of the area were converted to Papago State Park and an AZARNG firing range (DAWSON, 2018).

2.1 PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PPMR is located on 480 acres of land east of the City center of Phoenix, Arizona in Maricopa County (**Figure 1**; National Guard Bureau, 2005). The installation is bordered to the north by Oak Street, the east by Papago State Park, the south by Papago Golf Course and residential properties, and the west by 52nd Street.

2.2 GEOLOGY

PPMR is constructed on Quaternary pediment colluvium/alluvium that originated from the western and southwestern flanks of Barnes Butte located within the PPMR facility. The pediment is the erosional remnant of an upthrown fault block, which has been cut by several smaller northwest trending faults, and the porous to crystalline bedrock surface is locally covered by a thin pediment colluvium/alluvium veneer. Up to 30 feet of the pediment colluvium/alluvium is composed of calichified angular to subangular rock fragments. In response to changes in the hydrologic regimes of the nearby Salt River, tributary streams that drain the pediment to the south have incised deep channels, locally exposing Precambrian and Tertiary bedrock; however, the portion of PPMR that is currently occupied by buildings and structures is covered by artificial fill soil imported for construction (National Guard Bureau, 2005).

Tertiary sedimentary rocks exposed at PPMR indicate a variation of sediment sources and reflect separate lobes of alluvial fans that coalesce with and overlie each other. The older, proximal facies are members of the Camel's Head Formation (Stadium Breccia, Barnes Butte Breccia, Zoo Breccia) and are typically very coarse and poorly stratified arkosic breccias, having originated as talus, mud flows, and debris flows. Mid-fan facies are represented by the Papago Park member and consists of alluvial deposits that were interbedded with debris flow deposits. Distal-facies are represented by the Tempe Beds that are typically finer-grained, well stratified, and well sorted. Crossbedding and mud cracks are prevalent (National Guard Bureau, 2005).

Basement rocks at PPMR consist of Precambrian Porphyritic Camelback Granite and Precambrian Metarhyolite. The Camelback Granite is characterized by large pink feldspar crystals that are locally highly sheared with granulation and alteration of original minerals. Metarhyolitic rocks consist of gray to pink, blocky, low grade metamorphosed rhyolite and based on historical drill logs, are common throughout the subsurface of PPMR. The Tertiary and Precambrian bedrock units are characterized by fractures and displaced by multiple high angle normal faults, primarily in the western portion of PPMR. The amount

of offset on the faults does not appear to be significant (tens of feet), but the depth of faulting in the basement is poorly understood (National Guard Bureau, 2005).

2.3 HYDROGEOLOGY

PPMR is on the bedrock highlands primarily underlain by crystalline basement units, which limits groundwater occurrence. Groundwater is present in local temporal perched aquifers in the artificial fill material and calichified pediment colluvium/alluvium and unconfined aquifers in fractured bedrock. The lithologic logs from monitor wells indicate the majority of groundwater exists under unconfined conditions within fractured Precambrian Camelback Granite and/or Metarhyolite (National Guard Bureau, 2005).

Since 1947, depth to groundwater has been increasing and ranges from 6 to 42 feet below ground surface at PPMR. Based on historical data, groundwater flow beneath PPMR is west to south-west at a gradient of 0.12 feet per foot, which is consistent with regional and historic flow toward Salt River. Groundwater at PPMR is not used for potable purposes (National Guard Bureau, 2005; DAWSON, 2018).

2.4 LAND AND RESOURCE USE

PPMR is an active AZARNG facility located in Phoenix, Arizona, a densely populated metropolitan area, and serves as the Arizona Joint Forces Headquarters and as host to operational National Guard units. PPMR supports readiness centers; aviation operations and maintenance; logistics management, warehousing, munitions storage, and equipment maintenance; academic, live-fire range, and individual field training; and personnel service and recruiting centers. The Arizona Department of Emergency and Military Affairs and the Maricopa County Office of Emergency Management are also supported by PPMR facilities. The area surrounding PPMR consists of densely developed residential and commercial properties. PPMR is anticipated to remain an active U.S. Department of the Army (Army) facility with industrial and military training uses (DAWSON, 2018).

3.0 SITE S

3.1 SITE CHRONOLOGY

The chronology for Site S is presented in Table 2.

Table 2 Chronology of Site S

Event	Date
PPMR established	April 21, 1930
Skeet Range constructed	1949-1954
Southern portion of PPMR fenced and signage posted	September 1957
Skeet Range demolished	1970-1977
PPMR Site Investigation performed	November 1998
Abbreviated Preliminary Assessment performed	July 2000
Risk evaluation performed	September 2003
Soil sampling performed and Site Characterization Report completed	October-November 2004
Statistical analysis of lead in surface soil and sediment performed	December 2004
Decision Document signed	April 4, 2006
Real Property Development Plan finalized	September 2006
Site suitability evaluation conducted on a portion of Site S	December 2007
First Five-Year Review Report completed	June 2011
Natural and Cultural Resources Assessment conducted	February 2015
Second Five-Year Review Report completed	April 2016
PPMR Land Use Control Implementation Plan finalized	March 2018
Draft Technical Memorandum for Closure Evaluation at Site S	February 2019

PPMR – Papago Park Military Reservation

3.2 PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Site S is located south of McDowell Road and southwest of a guard station that controls entry to south PPMR from McDowell Road (**Figure 2**). The boundary of Site S has not been formally established, but the maximum extent of the range, based on a 1970 aerial photograph, encompasses an area of approximately 11 acres later improved with Bushmaster Boulevard, Building M5705, and paved parking lots; the remainder of Site S is undeveloped land. Access to PPMR and Site S is restricted by the installation's perimeter fence, and portions of Site S are also fenced by interior installation fencing (Weston, 2019).

3.3 HISTORY OF CONTAMINATION

Based on historical aerial photographs, Site S, a former skeet range, was constructed between 1949 and 1954 and demolished between 1970 and 1977 (National Guard Bureau, 2005). Lead shot and clay pigeon fragments were deposited on the surface during normal range activities (DAWSON, 2018).

3.4 INITIAL RESPONSE

The former range was demolished between 1970 and 1977. Per the 2005 decision document (DD), earlier records for many of the historical environmental management practices are not available due to the age of PPMR (National Guard Bureau, 2005).

3.5 BASIS FOR TAKING ACTION

Surface soil samples were collected from locations at Site S formerly occupied by firing points, debris piles, and shotfall areas. Sediment samples from the bottom of the rills and drainages that carry storm water from Site S toward the retention basin to the west and in the storm water retention basin were also collected. Analysis of these soil and sediment samples showed that the concentration of total lead exceeded the Arizona Residential Soil Remediation Level (rSRL) of 400 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) in three areas at Site S. Concentrations of the polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) benzo(a)pyrene, dibenz(a,h)anthracene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, and benzo(b)fluoranthene also exceeded their rSRLs at three locations at Site S, which is consistent with contamination from clay pigeon debris.

In addition, lead shot remains on the ground surface in small areas, mainly in and near drainage rills in the central portion of Site S (National Guard Bureau, 2005).

3.6 **REMEDIAL ACTIONS**

3.6.1 **REMEDIAL ACTION OBJECTIVES**

No formal remedial action objectives (RAOs) were established in the 2005 DD (National Guard Bureau, 2005).

3.6.2 **REMEDY DESCRIPTION**

The remedy selected in the 2005 DD for Site S is *Access and Institutional Controls*. The remedy consists of preparing an amendment to the Real Property Master Plan (RPMP) to add a description of the land use controls (LUCs) implemented at Site S, limiting public access by maintaining the existing fence around the boundary of the area that includes Site S, and prohibiting residential use of Site S. In addition, any disturbance of soil at or removal of LUCs from Site S will require coordination with USAEC and ADEQ. Finally, if ownership of Site S is transferred to a party other than the Army, it will be necessary to either remediate the property or for the new owner to sign and obtain ADEQ approval of a Declaration of Environmental Use Restriction that has been prepared in accordance with Arizona Administrative Code § R18-7-207 (National Guard Bureau, 2005).

3.6.3 **REMEDY IMPLEMENTATION**

PPMR does not maintain an RPMP. In 2006, a Real Property Development Plan (RPDP) was prepared; however, it did not include a description of the LUCs for Site S (AZARNG, 2014; DAWSON, 2018). A LUC Implementation Plan (LUCIP) for Site S was finalized and concurred upon by ADEQ in March 2018. The LUCIP includes a description of the administrative and physical LUCs implemented at Site S, including notations in the RPDP, the requirement to limit public access to the site by maintaining the physical LUCs (i.e., installation fencing and signage), and prohibiting residential use of Site S. The LUCIP also explains that any activity that disturbs on-site soil or removal of LUCs requires approval by USAEC and ADEQ, and in the event of transfer of Site S from the State of Arizona, AZARNG will maintain responsibility for remediation (DAWSON, 2018). The 2018 LUCIP amends the existing 2006 RPDP (AZARNG, 2018a).

Physical LUCs were in place at Site S prior to the 2005 DD and included the installation perimeter fencing, signage, and guarded entry gates. Signage is mounted to the perimeter fence and reads "No Trespassing" (DAWSON, 2018).

Annual inspections for Site S consist of a visual check of the physical LUCs (i.e., fencing and signage) to ensure that proper maintenance is taking place and to note changes from the previous inspection. Annual inspection findings are documented in a Memorandum for Record.

3.6.3.1 Closure Evaluation

In a letter dated August 4, 2017, ADEQ notified AZARNG that a file review had been completed and Site S had the potential to be closed with UU/UE if concentrations of remaining contaminants of concern (COCs) were less than respective rSRLs. ADEQ outlined an approach to replicate the 2007 sampling event at Site S to determine whether areas with previously identified concentrations of COCs were still present greater than rSRLs.

As a result, a Closure Evaluation for Site S was performed from December 2018 to February 2019. The conditions for evaluating Site S for closure consisted of calculating site-wide 95 percent upper confidence limits (95UCLs) for arsenic and benzo(a)pyrene using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) ProUCL statistical software program to represent the exposure point concentration; collecting one additional surface soil sample from an anomalous data point collected in 2007, analyzing for arsenic and PAHs, and comparing results to regulatory limits; and comparing the calculated 95UCL results for arsenic and benzo(a)pyrene to rSRLs based on a cancer risk of 1 x 10^{-5} . If site-wide 95UCLs are less than the existing ADEQ rSRLs for carcinogenic residential land use, then Site S would be proposed for closure.

A portion of Site S was investigated in 2007 and included the analysis of surface soil samples for Resource Conservation and Recovery Act 8 metals (i.e., arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, selenium, and silver) and PAHs. Analytes were

selected for the Closure Evaluation based on this soil investigation, which detected only arsenic and the PAHs benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, dibenz(a,h)anthracene, and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene greater than ADEQ rSRLs (Weston, 2019).

Surface soil samples were collected in December 2018 from one location where a 2007 soil sample contained PAHs greater than rSRLs. Arsenic and multiple PAHs, including benzo(a)pyrene, were identified in soil samples greater than the limit of detection, but the detections did not exceed current ADEQ rSRLs or EPA residential Regional Screening Levels (for compounds where an rSRL was not established). Additionally, the calculated exposure point concentrations for arsenic and benzo(a)pyrene were less than their ADEQ rSRLs under the most restrictive residential land use scenario. As a result, the Technical Memorandum for the Closure Evaluation at Site S recommended closure of Site S (Weston, 2019).

According to a March 2019 ADEQ comment letter on the Technical Memorandum for the Closure Evaluation at Site S, UU/UE status has not yet been achieved and the remedy will continue to be maintained at Site S to ensure its protectiveness.

3.6.4 **OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE**

Operations and maintenance (O&M) activities at Site S consist of the following:

- Annual LUC inspections,
- As needed LUC maintenance, and
- Annual Memoranda for Record.

The Annual LUC inspections include the following and findings are documented in the Annual Memorandum for Record:

- Inspection of LUC perimeter fencing and signage for evidence of damage;
- Observation of changes from the previous annual LUC inspection; and
- Photo-documentation of current site conditions.

Based upon review of the Annual LUC Inspection Reports since the previous Five-Year Review, the installation's boundary fence and "no trespassing" signs were found to be in good condition and continue to serve as an effective deterrent to public access. No changes to conditions at Site S were noted in the reports from 2016-2019 (AZARNG, 2016, 2018a, 2018b, 2019).

3.7 PROGRESS SINCE THE SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW

The following presents the protectiveness statement from the previous Five-Year Review Report for Site S (Army, 2016):

The remedy at Site S is protective of human health and the environment. There are currently no complete ecological exposure pathways and the remedy LUCs and access controls prevent unacceptable exposures by restricting residential use in Site S.

Several non-critical recommendations were identified during the Second Five-Year Review. A summary of these recommendations and their status are provided in **Table 3**.

Issue Identified in Previous Review	Recommendation from Previous Review	Milestone Date	Action Taken	Date of Action
The administrative component of the remedy has not been fully implemented. An update to the RPMP is required to include restrictions and approvals required for specific activities.	The RPMP should be updated to include all components of the remedy.	2017	A LUCIP for Site S was completed and concurred upon by ADEQ. The LUCIP includes all components of the remedy and amends the existing 2006 RPDP.	March 20, 2018
The Decision Document figures contain only the extents of historical use and identified areas of elevated lead and PAH concentrations in soil and sediment. A site boundary has not been established for Site S.	A formal site boundary should be established and incorporated into the RPMP.	2017	Since PPMR is working towards closure of Site S, a Closure Evaluation was performed in lieu of a survey. As a result, there is currently no formal delineation of the boundary of Site S.	Ongoing

Table 3 Non-Critical Actions Taken Since the Second Five-Year Review

ADEQ – Arizona Department of Environmental Quality

LUCIP – Land Use Control Implementation Plan

PAH – polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon

PPMR – Papago Park Military Reservation

RPDP – Real Property Development Plan

RPMP – Real Property Master Plan

3.8 FIVE-YEAR REVIEW PROCESS

3.8.1 Administrative Components

The ARNG initiated the Third Five-Year Review Report for PPMR on March 12, 2020, with a kick-off call with USACE Los Angeles District, USAEC, and DAWSON personnel to discuss the site and any items of interest pertaining to the protectiveness of the remedy currently in place. The PPMR Five-Year Review team was led by USACE Los Angeles District and included DAWSON personnel with expertise in remediation, regulatory compliance, geology, hydrogeology, geochemistry, and risk assessment. A review schedule was established that included:

- Community notification,
- Document and data review,
- Site inspection,
- Interviews, and
- Five-Year Review report development and review.

3.8.2 **COMMUNITY NOTIFICATION**

A public notice was issued in *The Arizona Republic* on April 5, 2020, notifying the public the ARNG was initiating the Five-Year Review at PPMR. Contact information was provided for the public to submit comments. No comments have been received to date from the public following publication of the Initial Public Notice. The Public Notice affidavit is included in **Appendix A**.

The results of the review and the report will be made available at the site information repository located at:

PPMR Facilities Management Environmental Office 5636 East McDowell Road Phoenix, Arizona 85008

Upon completion of the Third Five-Year Review Report, a Final Public Notice will be placed in *The Arizona Republic* to announce availability of the Final Five-Year Review Report in the site information repository.

3.8.3 DOCUMENT AND DATA REVIEW

The Third Five-Year Review included a review of relevant site documents, including but not limited to decision/remedy selection documents, design and implementation reports, investigations, annual reports and related monitoring data, and regulatory documents.

The remedy for Site S consists of access and institutional controls; therefore, there was no data generated to be reviewed for this Five-Year Review.

3.8.4 SITE INSPECTION

The Third Five-Year Review Site Inspection of PPMR occurred on October 15, 2020. In attendance were Kim Birdsall (AZARNG), Natalie Romanoff (ADEQ), Breanna Stout (DAWSON), and Alexandria Lagos (DAWSON).

The Site Inspection was conducted to visually confirm and document the operation of the remedy, overall site conditions, and the surrounding area. The inspection included visual confirmation of institutional and engineering controls, as well as the overall site condition. The Site Inspection Checklist is presented in **Appendix B** and the Site Inspection Photograph Log is presented in **Appendix C**.

The Site Inspection Team inspected Site S, which consisted of an aged asphalt roadway, Building M5705with paved parking lots, and undeveloped open land. Fencing around Site S is the south PPMR perimeter fencing, which was noted to be in good condition. In addition, barbed or razor wire was observed atop fence lines in high foot traffic areas to prevent access (**Appendix C**, **Photographs 13-16**) and no access points were observed that would allow for human trespassing. Although a homeless encampment was observed exterior to the northern fence boundary, there was no evidence of trespass or waste interior to the PPMR perimeter fence (**Appendix C**, **Photograph 23**). The Site Inspection Team also observed approximately 15 signs posted on the PPMR perimeter fence at approximately 50-foot intervals and 100- to 200-foot intervals (**Appendix C**, **Photographs 14, 17, and 18**). The signs were noted as legible and in good condition; access roads at Site S were also observed in good condition. No evidence of stormwater runoff was observed at Site S at the time of the inspection.

3.8.5 INTERVIEWS

Interviews document any perceived problems or successes with the remedy that has been implemented to date at Site S. The project team requested interviews from the following individuals:

- Randy Wilkinson, Project Support Manager, Army National Guard G9, Cleanup Branch (National Guard Bureau contractor);
- Kim Birdsall, Restoration Program Manager, AZARNG;
- Karin Harker, Federal Projects Unit Manager, ADEQ; and
- Brian Stonebrink, Project Manager, ADEQ.

Interview summaries are presented in Appendix D.

Mr. Randy Wilkinson noted that the remedy is functioning as expected, no changes in conditions or exposure have occurred at Site S, and no significant changes or unexpected O&M difficulties or costs have arisen since the previous Five-Year Review. Mr. Wilkinson also mentioned that a Closure Evaluation was initiated last year and if supplemental sampling results to address data gaps are consistent, UU/UE will be proposed for Site S.

Ms. Kim Birdsall believes the selected remedy for Site S is effective and remains protective of human health and the environment. She explained that no significant changes or unexpected O&M difficulties or costs have occurred since the previous Five-Year Review. Finally, Ms. Birdsall explained that ADEQ is in support of the Closure Evaluation that took place in February 2019.

Ms. Karin Harker feels the remedy remains effective for Site S. She mentioned a site visit was performed during soil sampling completed as part of the Closure Evaluation, which concluded LUCs were still appropriate for Site S. Ms. Harker is not aware of any complaints, violations, or other incidents related to Site S.

Mr. Brian Stonebrink believes the remedy at Site S remains effective and is not aware of any complaints, violations, or other incidents related to Site S.

ADEQ's concurrence letter on the Draft Final PPMR Five-Year Review report is provided in **Appendix E.**

3.9 TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT

3.9.1 QUESTION A – IS THE REMEDY FUNCTIONING AS INTENDED BY THE DECISION DOCUMENT?

Yes, the remedy implemented at Site S is functioning as intended by the DD.

Access and institutional controls have been implemented and are effective. Although the 2006 PPMR RPDP was not amended with a description of Site S LUCs, the PPMR LUCIP was finalized in 2018 and contains LUC information for the site, including the requirement that public access to Site S be limited by maintaining physical LUCs (i.e., installation fencing and signage), prohibiting residential use of Site S, requiring any activity that will disturb on-site soil or remove LUCs from Site S be coordinated with USAEC and ADEQ, and ensuring if ownership of Site S is transferred to a party other than the Army, the Army will either remediate the property or require the new owner to sign and obtain ADEQ approval of a Declaration of Environmental Use Restriction that has been prepared in accordance with Arizona Administrative Code § R18-7-207. The 2018 LUCIP serves as an enforceable post-DD document to supplement the existing 2006 RPDP (AZARNG, 2018a).

Based on the annual LUC inspection reports and the Five-Year Review Site Inspection, the perimeter fence and signage are maintained in good condition and continue to limit public access to surface soil, sediment, and lead shot remaining on the ground surface at Site S. Finally, no changes at Site S were documented or observed.

3.9.2 QUESTION B – ARE THE EXPOSURE ASSUMPTIONS, TOXICITY DATA, CLEANUP LEVELS AND REMEDIAL ACTION OBJECTIVES USED AT THE TIME OF THE REMEDY SELECTION STILL VALID?

Yes, the exposure assumptions and toxicity data used at the time of the remedy selection are still valid. No changes in exposure assumptions have occurred at the site, as public access to Site S is restricted by the perimeter fence, residential development is still prohibited, and soil disturbance requires approval by USAEC and ADEQ. Furthermore, no changes at Site S were documented in the Annual LUC Inspection reports or observed during the Five-Year Review Site Inspection, and current and reasonably anticipated future land use at Site S remains unchanged (industrial).

Table 4 presents the Arizona rSRLs at the time of the DD compared to the most current values (2009). The comparison indicates current rSRLs are the same or greater than the rSRLs utilized at the time of the DD, indicating there is no change in risk at Site S. In addition, the 2019 Closure Evaluation for Site S determined that the exposure point concentration for benzo(a)pyrene, under the most restrictive residential land use scenario, was less than its corresponding rSRL, and analytical results from the December

2018 sampling event did not detect PAHs, including benzo(a)pyrene, greater than their current rSRLs. Finally, LUCs are in place to restrict residential development at Site S; limit public access to surface soil, sediment, and lead shot remaining on the ground surface at Site S; and monitor soil disturbing activities. Therefore, changes in the rSRLs do not affect the protectiveness of the remedy.

COC	rSRL (mg/kg) ¹		Potential Change in Risk?	
Lood	DD	400	No change in Risk. DD rSRL is	
Lead	Current	400	the same as the current rSRL.	
	DD	0.61	No change in Risk. DD rSRL is	
Benzo(a)pyrene ²	Current	0.69	lower than the current rSRL.	
	DD	0.61	No change in Risk. DD rSRL is lower than the current rSRL.	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene ²	Current	0.69	Tower than the current ISRL.	
	DD	6.1	No change in Risk. DD rSRL is lower than the current rSRL.	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene ²	Current	6.9		
Denze/h)//werenthere?	DD	6.1	No change in Risk. DD rSRL is lower than the current rSRL.	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene ²	Current	6.9		

Table 4 Historical and Current Arizona rSRLs for Soil and Sediment COCs

¹ Current Arizona rSRLs were obtained from the 2009 version of the Arizona Administrative Code, Title 18, Chapter 7, which was accessed at https://apps.azsos.gov/public_services/Title_18/18-07.pdf. ² For carcinogenic COCs, the 10⁻⁵ Risk rSRL value was utilized.

COC – contaminant of concern

DD – Decision Document

mg/kg - milligrams per kilogram

rSRL – Residential Soil Remediation Level

No formal RAOs or cleanup levels were established in the 2005 DD for Site S.

3.9.3 QUESTION C – HAS ANY OTHER INFORMATION COME TO LIGHT THAT COULD CALL INTO **QUESTION THE PROTECTIVENESS OF THE REMEDY?**

There is no other information that calls into question the protectiveness of the remedy. No new ecological risks have been identified. There have been no impacts from natural disaster events or weather-related events that have affected the protectiveness of the remedy.

3.9.4 TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT SUMMARY

The remedy at Site S was implemented and is functioning as intended. Access and institutional controls have been implemented and are effective at restricting access to Site S to prevent potential exposure to COCs in soil and sediment, as well as lead shot that remains on the ground surface. There were no changes to the exposure assumptions, as the perimeter fence continues to restrict public access to Site S and changes at the site or in land use were not documented or observed since the previous Five-Year Review. In addition, the toxicity data used at the time of the remedy selection are still valid. The changes to rSRLs for Site S COCs did not result in a change to risk, as historical rSRLs are the same as or remain lower than current rSRLs. No other information that could affect the protectiveness of the remedy was noted.

3.10 ISSUES

No issues were identified during this Five-Year Review that prevent the remedy from being protective now or in the future.

3.11 RECOMMENDATIONS AND FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

No recommendations or follow-up actions are required since there were no issues identified during this Five-Year Review that affect current or future protectiveness of the remedy.

3.12 PROTECTIVENESS STATEMENT

The remedy at Site S is protective of human health and the environment.

Access and institutional controls have been implemented at Site S. Annual LUC inspections and the Five-Year Review Site Inspection indicate physical and administrative LUCs are in place to limit public access to the site, prohibit residential use, and monitor any disturbance of soil or changes to LUCs at Site S to ensure potential exposure to COCs in soil and sediment, as well as lead shot that remains on the ground surface, is prevented.

4.0 NEXT REVIEW

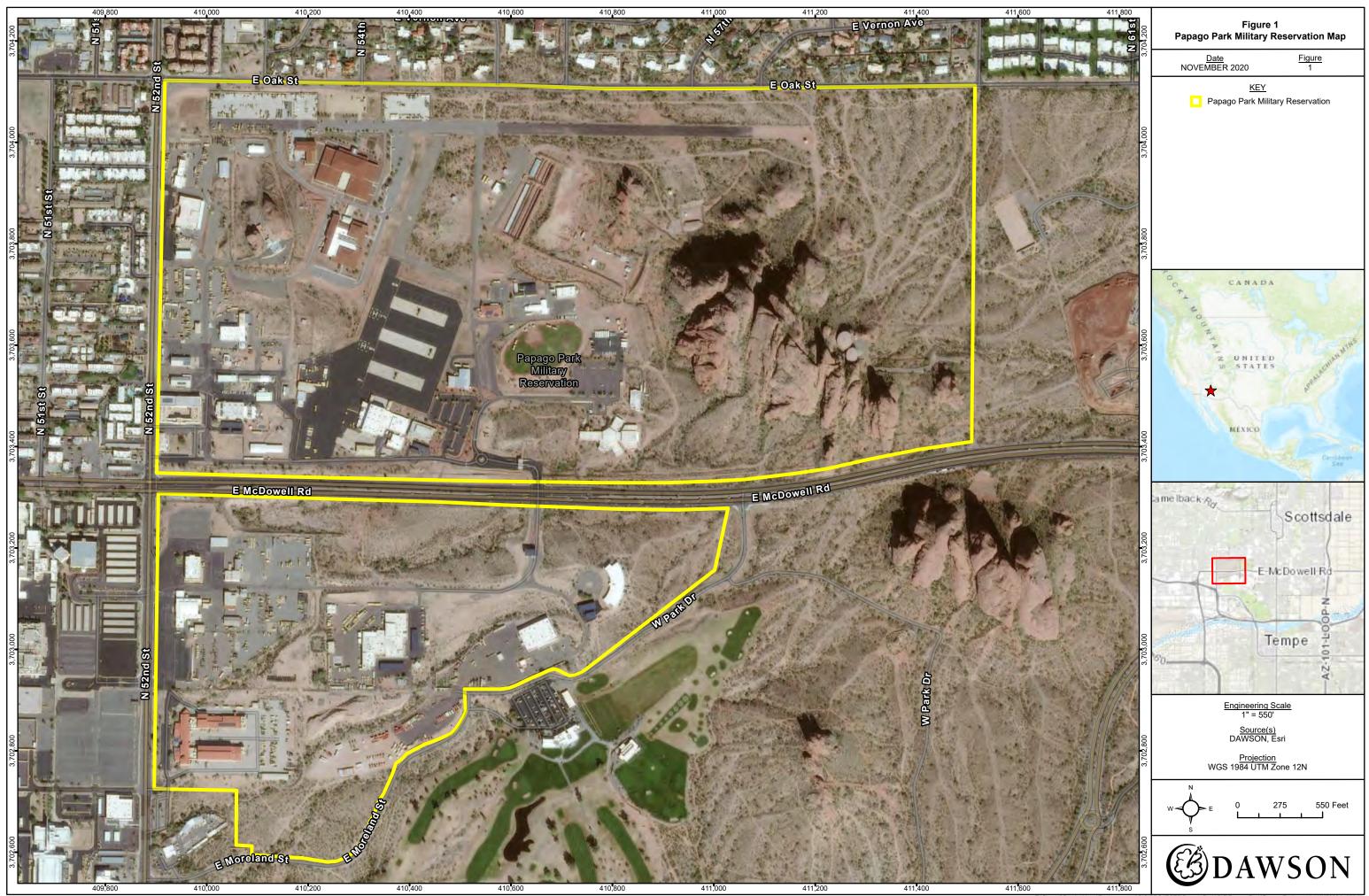
The next Five-Year Review Report will be due by April 4, 2026.

5.0 **REFERENCES**

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- Army, 2016. Second Five-Year Review Report for Former Skeet Range, Site S, Papago Park Military Reservation, 5636 E. McDowell Road, Phoenix, Maricopa County, Arizona. April.
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- AZARNG, 2018a. Memorandum for Record, Former Skeet Range (Site S) 2018 Annual Summary & Land Use Controls Inspection. December 28.
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- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), 1989a. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Volume I: Human Health Evaluation Manual (Part A), Interim Final. EPA/540/1-89/002, Office of Emergency and Remedial Response, Washington: USEPA.
- EPA, 1991. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: "Standard Default Exposure Factors", Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response (OSWER) Directive 9285.6-03, March.
- EPA, 2001. Comprehensive Five-Year Review Guidance. OSWER Directive Number 9355.7-038-P. June 2001.
- EPA, 2004. Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund Volume I: Human Health Evaluation Manual (Part E, Supplemental Guidance for Dermal Risk Assessment), Final. OSWER Directive Number 9285.7-02EP, July.

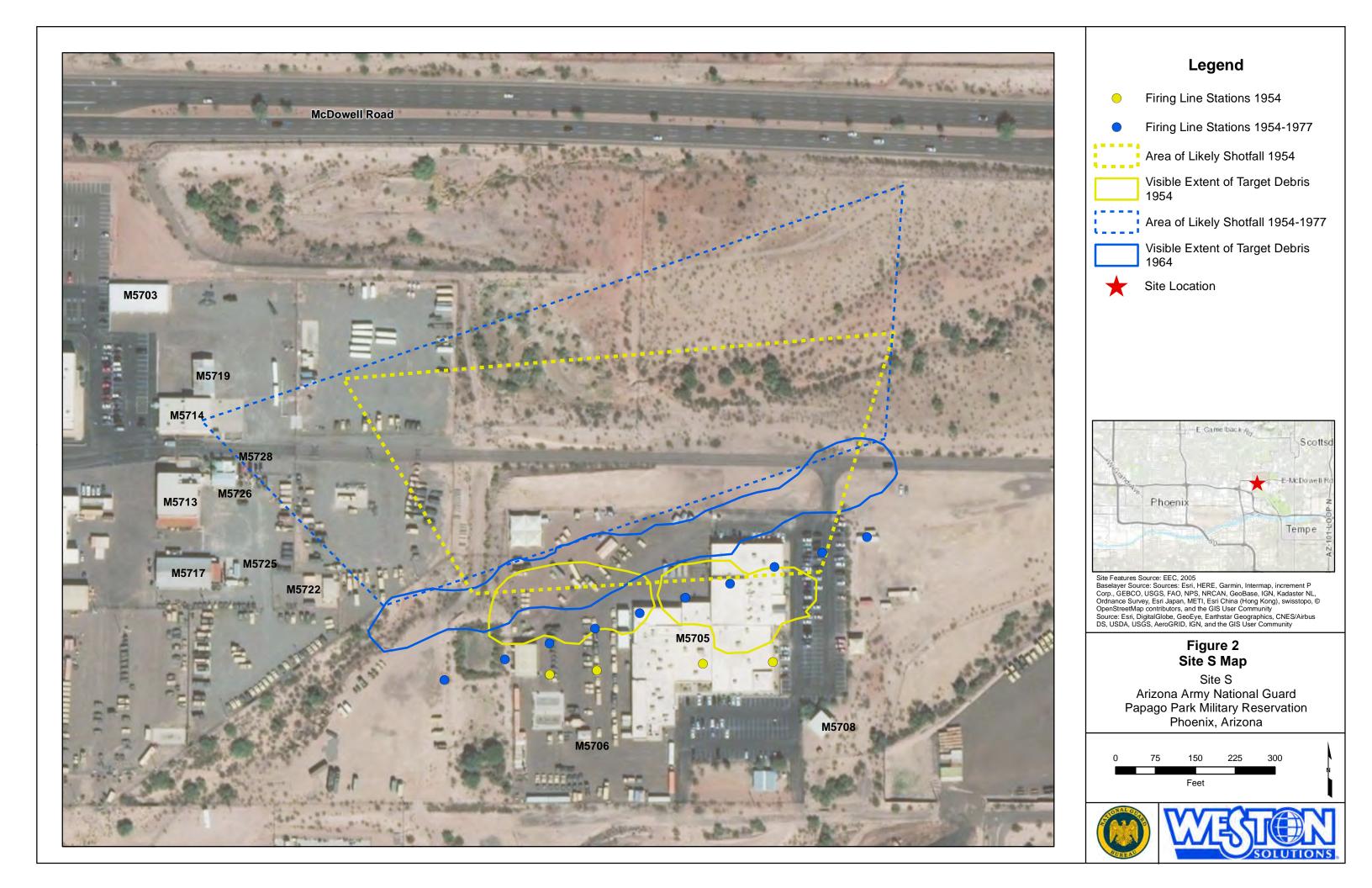
- EPA, 2014. Human Health Evaluation Manual, Supplemental Guidance: Update of Standard Default Exposure Factors. Office of Superfund Remediation and Technology Innovation. OSWER Directive Number 9200.1-120. February 2014.
- National Guard Bureau, 2005. Decision Document, Administrative Closure of 13 Sites, Papago Park Military Reservation, Phoenix, Arizona. Prepared by Engineering and Environmental Consultants Inc. October 31.
- Weston, 2019. Technical Memorandum Closure Evaluation at Former Skeet Range, Site S, Installation Restoration Program, Papago Park Military Reservation, Phoenix, Arizona. February 26.

Figures



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Third Five-Year Review Report Papago Park Military Reservation



Third Five-Year Review Report Papago Park Military Reservation Appendix A

Public Notice Affidavit

THE ARIZONA REPUBLIC

PO Box 194, Phoenix, Arizona 85001-0194

Phone 1-602-444-7315

Fax 1-877-943-0443

PNI-Arizona Republic

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

DAWSON 900 FORT STREET MALL, SUITE 1850 HONOLULU, HI 96813

Order#0004138237 # of Affidavits 1 P.0# Published Date(s): 04/05/20	Public Notice: Five-Year Review Papago Park Military Reservation, Phoenix, Arizona The National Guard Bureau is initiating the Third Five Year Review for Papago Park Military Reservation located in Phoenix, Arizona. With oversight provided by the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ), the National Guard Bureau is conducting this Five-Year Review pursuant to the Comprehensive Envi- ronmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act and the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan. The purpose of the Five-Year Review is to determine whether the selected remedy of a sile remains protective of human health and the environment and to make recommendations if deficiencies are identified. This review evaluates protectiveness of the remedy for the Former skeel Range - Site S pursuant to a 2005 decision dac ument (DD). The selected remedy for the Former Skeet Range - Site S is long-term management consisting of land use controls that restrict access and prohibit residential use, reg- ulatory approval of soil disturbance, and routine reviews. The Third Papago Park Military Reservation Five-Year Review Report is antici- poled to be signed in April 2021. The National Guard Bureau will issue another pub- lic notice announcing the completion of the Five-Year Review. Once completed, the Final Five Year Review Report will be available of the administrative record at Popago Park Military Reservation and on information repository of ADEQ
STATE OF WISCONSIN COUNTY OF BROWN SS.	Parces Park Military Reservation ADEG Records Center Environmental Management Office 1110 W Washington Street Arizona Army National Guard Phoenix, Arizona 85007 S38 E. McDowell Road, M5330 Phoenix, Arizona 85008 Phoenix, Arizona 85008 Should members of the community have questions or comments about the Third Parces Park Military Reservation Five-Year Review or are interested in additional site information, please contact Ms Kim Birdsall Her contact information is as follows: Kim Birdsall Environmental Restoration Program Manager Environmental Restoration Program Manager Environmental Restoration Office Arizona Army National Guard \$336 E. McDowell Road, M5330 Phoenix, Arizona 85008 Phoenix Arizona 85008 (602) 267-2498 Published : April 5, 2029
Sworn to before me this 5 TH day of APRIL 2020 Motory Public On Long Land	NOTARL PUBLIC
Ay Commission expires:	OF WISCOMMUNIC

Appendix B

Site Inspection Checklist

I. SITE INFORMATION		
Site name: Former Skeet Range (Site S) (Headquarters Army Environmental System [HQAES] 1077A.1006)	Date of inspection: October 15, 2020	
Location and Region: Papago Park Military Reservation (PPMR), Phoenix, Arizona	EPA ID: AZ4211890021	
Agency, office, or company leading the five- year review: United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE)	Weather/temperature: Sunny, 78°C	
Remedy Includes: (Check all that apply) Landfill cover/containment Monitored natural attenuation Access controls Groundwater containment Institutional controls Vertical barrier walls Groundwater pump and treatment Surface water collection and treatment Other:		
Attachments: ☐ Inspection team roster attached	□ Site map attached	
II. INTERVIEWS	(Check all that apply)	
1. O&M site manager Kim Birdsall Name Interviewed □ at site □ at office ⊠ by phone Problems, suggestions; ⊠ Report attached		
2. O&M staff Randy Wilkinson Pro Name Name Interviewed □ at site □ at office ⊠ by phone Problems, suggestions; ⊠ Report attached		

3.	Local regulatory authorities and response agencies (i.e., State and Tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds, or other city and county offices, etc.) Fill in all that apply.
	Agency:Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ)Contact Karin HarkerFederal Projects Unit ManagerApril 13, 2020602-771-0361NameTitleDatePhone no.Problems; suggestions;⊠ Report attached
	Agency:ADEQContactBrian StonebrinkProject ManagerApril 13, 2020602-771-4197NameTitleDatePhone no.Problems; suggestions;⊠Report attached
4.	Other interviews (optional)
	III. ON-SITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Check all that apply)
1.	O&M Documents □ O&M manual □ Readily available □ Up to date ⊠ N/A □ As-built drawings □ Readily available □ Up to date ⊠ N/A □ Maintenance logs □ Readily available □ Up to date ⊠ N/A Remarks: The Site Inspection Team was unable to verify on-site records due to Coronavirus 2019 (COVID-19) preventative measures. Document and record verification took place virtually prior to the Five-Year Review Site Inspection.
2.	Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan □ Readily available □ Up to date ⊠ N/A □ Contingency/Emergency Response Plan □ Readily available □ Up to date ⊠ N/A Remarks: The Site Inspection Team was unable to verify on-site records due to COVID-19 preventative measures. Document and record verification took place virtually prior to the Five- Year Review Site Inspection.
3.	O&M and OSHA Training Records \Box Readily available \Box Up to date \boxtimes N/A Remarks
4.	Permits and Service Agreements Air discharge permit Readily available Effluent discharge Readily available Waste disposal, POTW Readily available Other permits Readily available Remarks VA
5.	Gas Generation Records □ Readily available □ Up to date ⊠ N/A Remarks

6.	Settlement Monument Records Remarks	□ Readily available	\Box Up to date \boxtimes N/A
7.	Groundwater Monitoring Records Remarks:	-	\Box Up to date \boxtimes N/A
8.	Leachate Extraction Records Remarks	□ Readily available	\Box Up to date \boxtimes N/A
9.	Discharge Compliance Records Air Water (effluent) Remarks	□ Readily available ⊠ Readily available	-
10.	Daily Access/Security Logs Remarks	÷	\Box Up to date \boxtimes N/A
	IV.	O&M COSTS	
1.	O&M Organization ☐ State in-house ☐ PRP in-house ⊠ Federal Facility in-house ☐ Other:	□ Contractor for State □ Contractor for PRF □ Contractor for Fede	eral Facility
2.	O&M Cost Records Readily available Up to date Funding mechanism/agreement in p Original O&M cost estimate Total annual cost by y		eakdown attached wailable
	From To Date Date From To	Total cost	 Breakdown attached Breakdown attached
	DateDateFromToDateDate	Total cost Total cost	□ Breakdown attached
	From To Date Date	Total cost	□ Breakdown attached
	From To Date Date	Total cost	□ Breakdown attached

3. Unanticipated or Unusually High O&M Costs During Review Period Describe costs and reasons: <u>The Site Inspection Team was informed that no unanticipated or</u> unusually high O&M costs were noted during the Five-Year Review period.

A. Fencing

1. **Fencing damaged** \Box Location shown on site map \boxtimes Gates secured \Box N/A Remarks: Fencing around Site S included the south Papago Park Military Reservation installation perimeter fencing. Fencing was observed to be in good condition at the time of inspection. A homeless encampment was observed exterior to the northern fence boundary; however, there was no evidence of trespass or waste interior to the installation perimeter fence (Photograph 23). Barbed or razor wire was observed atop fence lines in high foot traffic to prevent access (Photographs 13 – 16). No access points were observed that would allow for human trespassing. The addition of rebar, silt fences, rip rap, and metal patching to cover gaps along the fence bottom were observed to manage areas subject to erosion (Photographs 7, 12, 19, and 20)

B. Other Access Restrictions

 Signs and other security measures □ Location shown on site map □ N/A Remarks: <u>The Site Inspection Team also observed approximately 15 signs posted on the</u> <u>Papago Park Military Reservation perimeter fence at approximately 50-foot intervals and 100to 200-foot intervals. Signage was legible and in good condition at the time of the Site <u>Inspection (Photographs 14, 17, and 18).</u>
</u>

C.	Institutional Controls (ICs)		
1.	1. Implementation and enforcement		
	Site conditions imply ICs not properly implemented \Box Yes \boxtimes No \Box N/A		
	Site conditions imply ICs not being fully enforced \Box Yes \boxtimes No \Box N/A		
	Type of monitoring (<i>e.g.</i> , self-reporting, drive by): <u>Site inspection</u> Frequency: <u>Annual</u>		
	Responsible party/agency: Arizona Army National Guard (AZARNG)		
	Contact Kim Birdsall Restoration Program Manager 602-267-2498		
	Name Title Phone no.		
	Reporting is up-to-date \boxtimes Yes \Box No \Box N/A		
	Reports are verified by the lead agency \square Yes \square N/A		
	Specific requirements in deed or decision documents \Box Yes \Box No \boxtimes N/A have been met		
	Violations have been reported \Box Yes \Box No \boxtimes N/A		
	Other problems or suggestions: \Box Report attached		
2.	Adequacy ICs are adequate ICs are inadequate N/A Remarks		
D.	General		
1.	Vandalism/trespassing □ Location shown on site map ⊠ No vandalism evident Remarks		
2.	Land use changes on site N/A Remarks		
3.	Land use changes off site N/A Remarks		
	VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS		
A.	Roads \boxtimes Applicable \square N/A		
	11		
1.	Roads damaged \Box Location shown on site map \boxtimes Roads adequate \Box N/ARemarks: Roads were observed to be in good condition at the time of inspection.		

B.	B. Other Site Conditions		
	Remarks:		
	VII. LANDFILL C	OVERS 🗆 Applicable 🖾 N/A	
A.	A. Landfill Surface		
1.	Areal extent	Depth	
2.		cation shown on site map □ Cracking not evident _ Widths Depths	
3.		cation shown on site map	
4.	4. Holes Areal extent Depth Remarks		
5.	5. Vegetative Cover □ Grass □ Trees/Shrubs (indicate size and loc Remarks		
6.	6. Alternative Cover (armored rock, co Remarks		
7.	7. Bulges Areal extent Heigh Remarks		

8.	Wet Areas/Water Damage	\Box Wet areas/water damage not evid	dent
	\Box Wet areas	\Box Location shown on site map Are	eal extent
	\Box Ponding	\Box Location shown on site map Are	eal extent
		\Box Location shown on site map Are	eal extent
	□ Soft subgrade	\Box Location shown on site map Are	eal extent
	Remarks		
9.	Areal extent	Location shown on site map No e	vidence of slope instability
B. B		$\mathbf{N} \mid \mathbf{N} \mid \mathbf{A}$ ands of earth placed across a steep land on the velocity of surface runoff and int	
1.	Flows Bypass Bench Remarks	-	□ N/A or okay
2.	Bench Breached Remarks	□ Location shown on site map	\Box N/A or okay
3.	Bench Overtopped Remarks	□ Location shown on site map	\Box N/A or okay
ст	etdown Channels Applicable	\sim N/A	
C. L	(Channel lined with erosion co	ontrol mats, riprap, grout bags, or gabie nd will allow the runoff water collected	
1.	Areal extent	Depth	ence of settlement
2.	Material type	cation shown on site map No evide Areal extent	ence of degradation
3.	Areal extent	Depth	

4.	Undercutting □ Location shown on site map □ No evidence of undercutting Areal extent Depth Remarks
5.	Obstructions Image: No obstructions Image: Location shown on site map Type Areal extent Size Remarks
6.	Excessive Vegetative Growth Type □ No evidence of excessive growth
D. C	Cover Penetrations \Box Applicable \boxtimes N/A
1.	Gas Vents Active Passive Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance Remarks
2.	Gas Monitoring Probes Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks
3.	Monitoring Wells (within surface area of landfill) Properly secured/locked Functioning Revidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance N/A
4.	Leachate Extraction Wells Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks
5.	Settlement Monuments □ Located □ Routinely surveyed □ N/A Remarks

E. Gas	S Collection and Treatment	olicable	⊠ N/A
1.	Gas Treatment Facilities Flaring Thermal destruction Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks		□ Collection for reuse
2.	Gas Collection Wells, Manifolds and Piping Good condition Remarks		
3.	Gas Monitoring Facilities (<i>e.g.</i> , gas monitoring Good condition □ Needs Maintenance Remarks		□ N/A
F. Cov	ver Drainage Layer		⊠ N/A
1.	Outlet Pipes Inspected		
2.	Outlet Rock Inspected □ Functioning Remarks □		□ N/A
G. Det	cention/Sedimentation Ponds		⊠ N/A
1.	Siltation Areal extent Siltation not evident Remarks		
2.	Erosion Areal extent □ Erosion not evident Remarks	Depth _	
3.	Outlet Works □ Functioning □ N/A Remarks		
4.	Dam □ Functioning □ N/A Remarks		

H.	Retaining Walls	\Box Applicable \boxtimes N/A
1.	Rotational displacement	□ Location shown on site map □ Deformation not evident nt Vertical displacement nt
2.	Degradation Remarks	\Box Location shown on site map \Box Degradation not evident
I.	Perimeter Ditches/Off-Site	Discharge \Box Applicable \boxtimes N/A
1.		□ Location shown on site map □ Siltation not evident Depth
2.	☐ Vegetation does not Areal extent	□ Location shown on site map □ N/A impede flow Type
3.		□ Location shown on site map □ Erosion not evident Depth
4.	_	□ Functioning □ N/A
	VIII. VERT	ICAL BARRIER WALLS
1.		□ Location shown on site map □ Settlement not evident Depth
2.	Head differential	6 <i>1</i> 6

	IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES
A.	Groundwater Extraction Wells, Pumps, and Pipelines
1.	Pumps, Wellhead Plumbing, and Electrical Good condition All required wells properly operating Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks
2.	Extraction System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances □ Good condition □ Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment Readily available Good condition Requires upgrade Needs to be provided Remarks
В.	Surface Water Collection Structures, Pumps, and Pipelines
1.	Collection Structures, Pumps, and Electrical Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
2.	Surface Water Collection System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment □ Readily available □ Good condition □ Requires upgrade □ Needs to be provided Remarks

C.	Treatment System \Box Applicable \boxtimes N/A
1.	Treatment Train (Check components that apply) Metals removal Oil/water separation Air stripping Carbon adsorbers Filters
	 Additive (<i>e.g.</i>, chelation agent, flocculent)
2.	Electrical Enclosures and Panels (properly rated and functional) N/A Good condition Remarks
3.	Tanks, Vaults, Storage Vessels N/A Good condition Proper secondary containment Needs Maintenance Remarks
4.	Discharge Structure and Appurtenances N/A Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
5.	Treatment Building(s) N/A Good condition (esp. roof and doorways) Needs Repair Chemicals and equipment properly stored Remarks
6.	Monitoring Wells (pump and treatment remedy) Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition All required wells located Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks

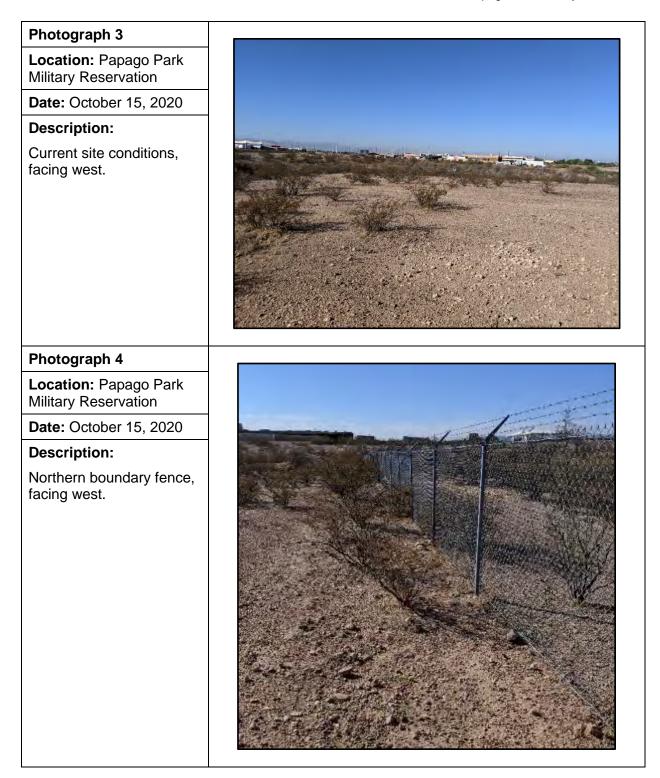
D. Monitoring Data \Box Applicable \boxtimes N/A			
1. Monitoring Data			
\Box Is routinely submitted on time	\Box Is of acceptable quality		
2. Monitoring data suggests:			
Groundwater plume is effectively contained	^v		
E. Monitored Natural Attenuation	⊠ N/A		
1. Monitoring Wells (natural attenuation remedy) □ Properly secured/locked □ Functioning □ All required wells located □ Needs Mair Remarks:	\square Routinely sampled \square Good condition		
X. OTHER RE	MEDIES		
If there are remedies applied at the site which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.			
XI. OVERALL OBS	ERVATIONS		
A. Implementation of the Remedy			
 Describe issues and observations relating to wh designed. Begin with a brief statement of what contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and g The remedy at Site S includes access and ins inspected Site S, which consisted of an aged a parking lots, and undeveloped open land. Fencing around Site S includes the south Pafencing. The installation was bordered to the r Park, the south by Papago Golf Course and reside Fencing was observed to be in good conditionence of trespass or waste interior to the installation of rebar, silt fences, r the fence bottom were observed to manage areas 20). The Site Inspection Team also observed approx intervals. The signs were noted as legible and i also observed in good condition. (Photographs 	the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain as emission, etc.). titutional controls. The Site Inspection Team asphalt roadway, Building M5705 with paved apago Park Military Reservation installation north by Oak Street, the east by Papago State dential properties, and the west by 52nd Street. tion at the time of inspection. A homeless thern fence boundary; however, there was no installation perimeter fence (Photograph 23). e lines in high foot traffic to prevent access vere observed that would allow for human ip rap, and metal patching to cover gaps along a subject to erosion (Photographs 7, 12, 19, and ximately 15 signs posted on the Papago Park imately 50-foot intervals and 100- to 200-foot n good condition; access roads at Site S were		

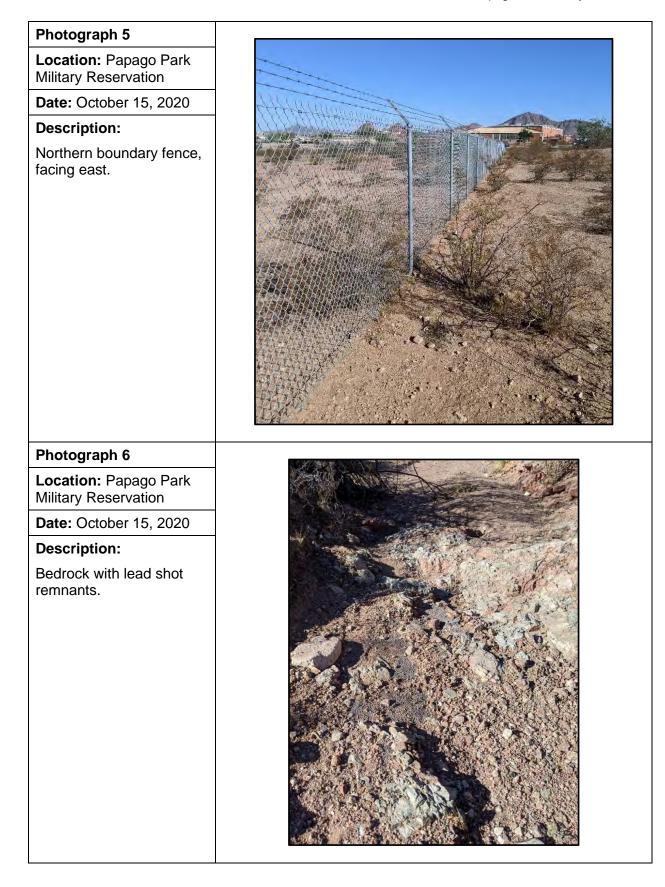
В.	Adequacy of O&M	
	Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.	
	O&M is adequate. Areas with the potential for erosion have preventative measures and/or repairs in place. At the time of inspection, there was no need for any additional maintenance activities outside of those prescribed by the remedy.	
C.	Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Problems	
	Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs, that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.	
	No early indicators to suggest the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future were observed during the Site Inspection.	
D.	Opportunities for Optimization	
	Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.	
	A tentative plan is being developed for additional field sampling to investigate the potential for closure with UU/UE status at Site S.	

Appendix C

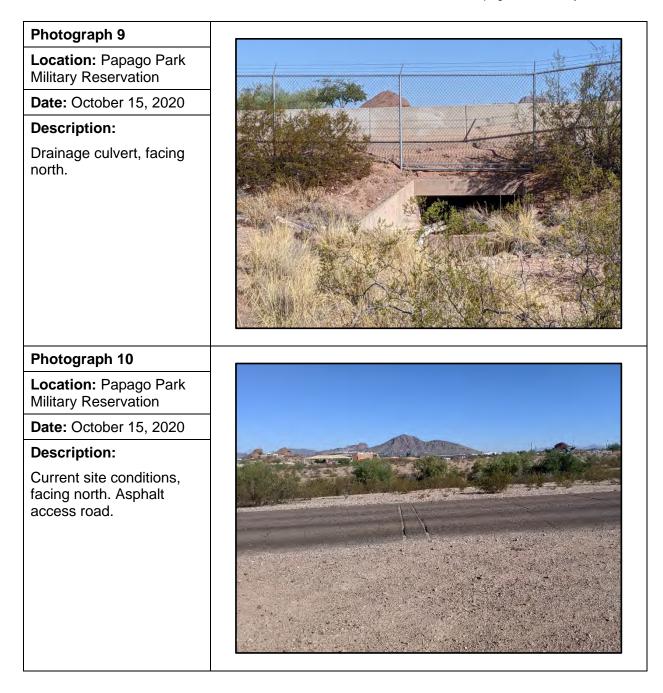
Site Inspection Photograph Log

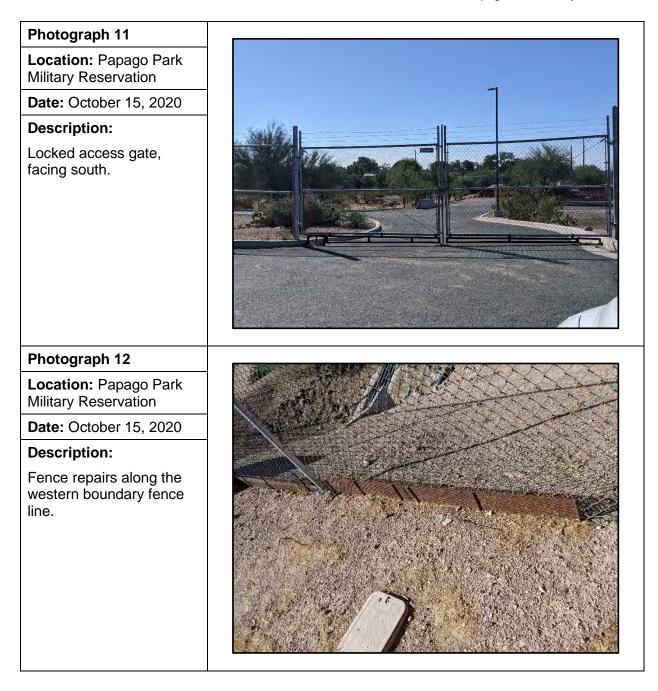
Photograph 1	
Location: Papago Park Military Reservation	
Date: October 15, 2020	
Description:	
Drainage channel in Site S, facing west.	
Photograph 2	
Location: Papago Park Military Reservation	
Date: October 15, 2020	
Description:	
Approximately 0.75 inch-diameter clay target disc remnants and bottlecaps.	





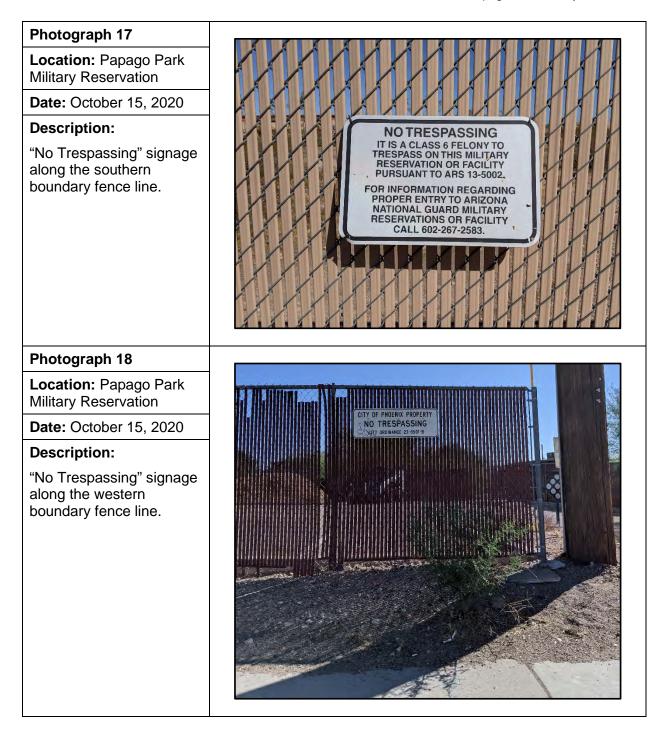
Photograph 7	
Location: Papago Park Military Reservation	
Date: October 15, 2020	
Description: Current site conditions, facing west. Soil erosion with filter sock erosion prevention measures in place.	
Photograph 8	
Location: Papago Park Military Reservation	
Date: October 15, 2020	
Description: Storm water retention basin, facing east.	



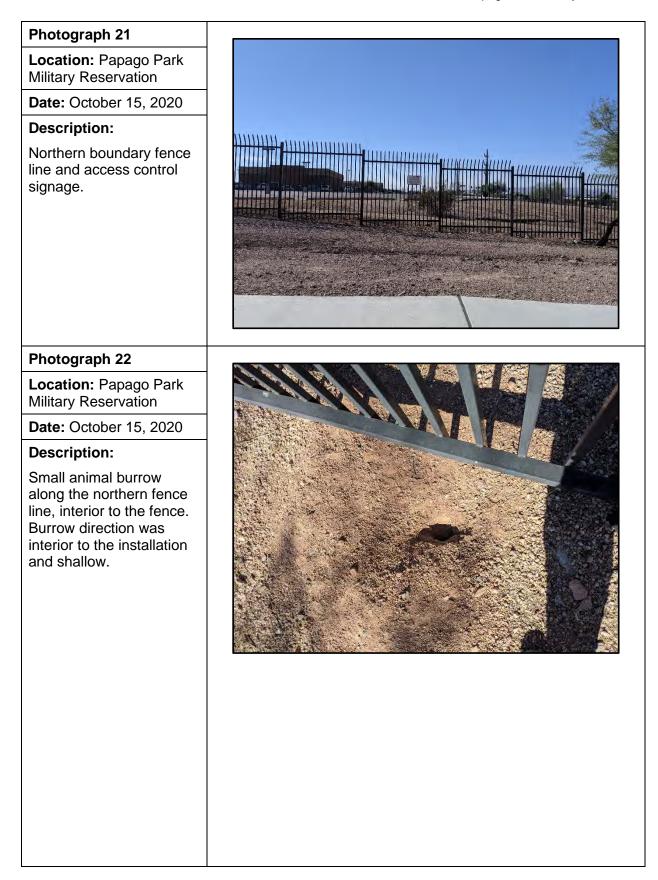




Photograph 15	
Location: Papago Park Military Reservation	
Date: October 15, 2020	
Description:	And the second se
Southern boundary fence line, barbed wire, and signage.	
Photograph 16	
Location: Papago Park Military Reservation	
Date: October 15, 2020	
Description:	
Southern boundary fence line, privacy fencing, and barbed wire.	



Photograph 19	
Location: Papago Park Military Reservation	
Date: October 15, 2020	
Description:	
Erosion control rip-rap and storm water outfall along the western boundary fence line.	
Photograph 20	
Location: Papago Park Military Reservation	
Date: October 15, 2020	
Description:	
Storm water headwall and erosion control rip rap along the western boundary fence line.	



Photograph 23

Location: Papago Park Military Reservation

Date: October 15, 2020

Description

A homeless encampment was observed on the northern installation fence line, near the Site S Former Skeet Range area. The Site Inspection Team observed trash and residences along the fence exterior, but did not observe any evidence of trespass or breach of the fence line.



Appendix D

Interviews

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O&M STAFF INTERVIEW RECORD

Site Name: Papago Park Military Reservation Former Skeet Range (Site S)Subject: Five-Year ReviewDate: April 10, 2020Type: □ Telephone□ VisitX Other□ IncomingLocation of Visit: NA

Contact Made By:

Name: Stacy Herring Title: Senior Project Manager Organization: Dawson Technical, LLC (DAWSON)

Individual Contacted:

Name: Randy Wilkinson
Title: Project Support Manager
Organization: Army National Guard G9, Cleanup Branch (ARNG-IES-D)
Telephone No: (928) 773-3208
Fax No: NA
E-Mail Address: randall.w.wilkinson2.ctr@mail.mil
Street Address: Camp Navajo,
City: Bellemont State: Arizona Zip: 86001

1. What is your overall impression of the project? (general sentiment)

Good.

2. Is the remedy functioning as expected? How well is the remedy performing?

Yes. No unacceptable exposure has been identified.

3. What does the monitoring data show? Are there any trends that show contaminant levels are decreasing?

Monitoring is visual only. No changes to site conditions have been observed.

4. Is there a continuous on-site O&M presence? If so, please describe staff and activities. If there is not a continuous on-site presence, describe staff and frequency of site inspections and activities.

There is currently one full-time remediation program manager in the AZARNG environmental office at Papago Park Military Reservation. This person conducts a visual inspection of the site annually.

5. Have there been any significant changes in the O&M requirements, maintenance schedules, or sampling routines since start-up or in the last five years? If so, do they affect the protectiveness or effectiveness of the remedy? Please describe changes and impacts.

No.

6. Have there been unexpected O&M difficulties or costs at the site since start-up or in the last five years? If so, please give details.

7. Have there been opportunities to optimize O&M, or sampling efforts? Please describe changes and resultant or desired cost savings or improved efficiency.

A closure evaluation was initiated last year. The existing data supports possible UU/UE. If supplemental sampling results to address data gaps are consistent, UU/UE will be proposed.

8. Do you have any comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the project?

O&M STAFF INTERVIEW RECORD

Site Name: Papago Park Military Reservation Former Skeet Range (Site S)									
Subject: Five-Year Review	Date:	8 APR 2018							
Type: 🗆 Telephone	□ Visit	⊠ Other	Incoming	Outgoing					
Location of Visit: NA									

Contact Made By:

Name: Staci Herring Title: Senior Project Manager Organization: DAWSON

Individual Contacted:

Name: Kim BirdsallTitle:Restoration Program ManagerOrganization: AZARNGTelephone No: 602.267.2498Fax No: naE-Mail Address: birdsallk@emo.azdema.govStreet Address: 5636 E McDowell Road, M5330City:PhoenixState: AZZip: 85008

1. What is your overall impression of the project?

The selected remedy for Site S at Papago Park Military Reservation (PPMR) remains effective and no significant changes have occurred since the 2015 Five Year Review. However, the regulator is in support of a closure evaluation after additional sampling.

2. Is the remedy functioning as expected? How well is the remedy performing?

Yes, the remedies at Site S is functioning as expected and remains protective of human health and the environment.

3. What does the monitoring data show? Are there any trends that show contaminant levels are decreasing?

No environmental monitoring is conducted at Site S.

4. Is there a continuous on-site O&M presence? If so, please describe staff and activities. If there is not a continuous on-site presence, describe staff and frequency of site inspections and activities.

Yes, there is a continuous O&M presence. The AZARNG Restoration Program Manager's office and the Facilities Maintenance Office is located directly across the street from Site S. In addition, AZARNG performs an annual inspection of the LUCs and distributes the results to the regulator.

5. Have there been any significant changes in the O&M requirements, maintenance schedules, or sampling routines since start-up or in the last five years? If so, do they affect the protectiveness or effectiveness of the remedy? Please describe changes and impacts.

6. Have there been unexpected O&M difficulties or costs at the site since start-up or in the last five years? If so, please give details.

No.

7. Have there been opportunities to optimize O&M, or sampling efforts? Please describe changes and resultant or desired cost savings or improved efficiency.

Yes, the regulator is in support of a closure evaluation of Site S. Additional sampling is planned for the 4Q20 or 1Q21 and if analytical results support closure, the site will achieve closure with UU/UE.

8. Do you have any comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the project?

STATE AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES INTERVIEW RECORD (if applicable)

		ark Military Reservat					
Subject	:: Five-Year Re	eview Date:	April 13, 202	20			
Type:] Telephone	□ Visit	⊠ Other	🗆 Incoming	Outgoing		
Locatio	n of Visit:						
Contact Made By:							
Name:	≺im Birdsall		2				
Title: R	Title: Restoration Program Manager						
Organiz	ation: AZARN	ĨG					
Individual Contacted:							
Name: Karin Harker							
Title: Federal Projects Unit Manager							
Organization: Arizona Department of Environmental Quality							
Telephone No : 602-771-0361							
Fax No:	:						
E-Mail A	Address: Hark	er.Karin@azdeq.gov	,				
Street A	Address: 1110	West Washington S	treet				
	Phoenix	5		85007			
-			•				

1. What is your overall impression of the project? (general sentiment) The Land Use Controls remain effective for the Site S former skeet range.

2. Have there been routine communications or activities (site visits, inspections, reporting activities, etc.) conducted by your office regarding the site? If so, please give purpose and results.

Routine communication has kept ADEQ Federal Programs informed. There has not been routine activities conducted by ADEQ regarding the site but a site visit was performed during soil sampling. After further evaluation the results concluded Land Use Controls were still appropriate for the site.

3. Have there been any complaints, violations, or other incidents related to the site requiring a response by your office? If so, please give details of the events and results of the responses.

No, not to my knowledge.

- **4.** Do you feel well informed about the site's activities and progress? Yes, regular communication by the National Guard.
- 5. Do you have any comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the site's management or operation?

There have been discussions of further characterization for Site S as recommended by ADEQ but currently Land Use Controls remain effective.

STATE AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES INTERVIEW RECORD (if applicable)

Site Name: Papa	igo Park Military F	Reservation			
Subject: Five-Ye	ar Review	Date: 4/13/	2020		
Type: Telepho	ne 🗆 Vi	sit 🛛 🖾 🗘	Other	Incoming	Outgoing
Location of Visit	t:				
		Contact I	Made By:		
Name: Kim Birds	all				
Title: Restoration	Program Manag	er			
Organization: AZ	ZARNG				
-		Individual	Contacted	1:	
Name: Brian Stor	nebrink				
Title: Project Ma	nager				
Organization: Al	DEQ				
Telephone No: 6	02-771-4197				
E-Mail Address:	Stonebrink.Brian	@azdeq.gov			
Street Address:	1110 West Wash	ington Street			
City: Phoenix	State: Arizona	Zip: 85007			

1. What is your overall impression of the project? (general sentiment)

Land Use Control remain effective for the Site S former skeet range.

2. Have there been routine communications or activities (site visits, inspections, reporting activities, etc.) conducted by your office regarding the site? If so, please give purpose and results.

Routine communication has kept ADEQ Federal Programs informed.

3. Have there been any complaints, violations, or other incidents related to the site requiring a response by your office? If so, please give details of the events and results of the responses.

None that I am aware of regarding CERCLA, MMRP and IRP programs.

4. Do you feel well informed about the site's activities and progress?

Yes, regular communication by the National Guard.

5. Do you have any comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the site's management or operation?

There have been discussions of further characterization for Site S as recommended by ADEQ.

Appendix E

ADEQ Concurrence Letter

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Arizona Department of Environmental Quality



Director

Douglas A. Ducey Governor

VIA E-MAIL FPU 21-144

December 16, 2020

Kim T. Birdsall Restoration Program Manager AZARNG Environmental Management Office Departments of Emergency and Military Affairs 5636 East McDowell Road Phoenix, AZ 85008-3495

Re: Papago Park Military Reservation – ADEQ Evaluation of the *Draft Final Third Five Year Review Report*, dated November 5, 2020

Dear Ms. Birdsall:

The Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) Federal Projects Unit (FPU) appreciates the opportunity to review and comment on the above referenced document received via email on November 20, 2020. ADEQ concurs the remedy implement at Site S remains protective and has no further comment at this time.

Should you have any questions or comments regarding this correspondence, please contact me at (602) 771-0956 or romanoff.natalie@azdeq.gov.

Sincerely,

Natalie Romanoff Project Manager, FPU Waste Programs Division, ADEQ

- ec: Randy Wilkinson, ARNG Karin Harker, ADEQ FPU Manager
- cc: ADEQ Project File and Reading File

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