



## CLASS II AIR QUALITY PERMIT

**PERMITTEE:** McNeil Bothers, Inc.  
**FACILITY:** WEMCO Portable Batch Concrete Plant  
**PLACE ID:** 8061  
**DATE ISSUED:**  
**EXPIRY DATE:**

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### SUMMARY

This Class II air quality permit is issued to McNeil Brothers, Inc., the Permittee, for the continued operation of the WEMCO portable batch concrete plant. The facility is located in storage at the intersection of Loop 101 and Loop 202 in Phoenix, Arizona with plans to operate in various locations throughout the state. This permit renews and supersedes Permit #67297.

The facility operates a portable concrete batch plant capable of producing 250 cubic yards per hour of concrete. The uncontrolled emissions from this facility are greater than the significance levels identified in A.A.C. R18-2-101.130. Therefore, a class II permit is required for this facility in accordance with A.A.C. R18-2-302.B.2.a.

This permit is issued in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS) 49-426. It contains requirements from Title 18, Chapter 2 of the A.A.C. and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations. All definitions, terms, and conditions used in this permit conform to those in the Arizona Administrative Code R18-2-101 et. seq. (A.A.C.) and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), except as otherwise defined in this permit.

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## ATTACHMENT "A": GENERAL PROVISIONS

### I. PERMIT EXPIRATION AND RENEWAL

- A. This permit is valid for a period of five (5) years from the date of issuance.  
[ARS § 49-426.F, A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.1]
- B. The Permittee shall submit an application for renewal of this permit at least six (6) months, but not more than eighteen (18) months, prior to the date of permit expiration.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-304.D.2]

### II. COMPLIANCE WITH PERMIT CONDITIONS

- A. The Permittee shall comply with all conditions of this permit including all applicable requirements of the Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) Title 49, Chapter 3, and the air quality rules under Title 18, Chapter 2 of the Arizona Administrative Code. Any permit noncompliance is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or revision; or for denial of a permit renewal application. In addition, noncompliance with any federally enforceable requirement constitutes a violation of the Clean Air Act.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.a]
- B. It shall not be a defense for a Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.b]

### III. PERMIT REVISION, REOPENING, REVOCATION AND REISSUANCE, OR TERMINATION FOR CAUSE

- A. The permit may be revised, reopened, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the Permittee for a permit revision, revocation and reissuance, termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.c]
- B. The permit shall be reopened and revised under any of the following circumstances:
1. The Director or the Administrator determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit; and  
[A.A.C. R18-2-321.A.1.c]
  2. The Director or the Administrator determines that the permit needs to be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-321.A.1.d]
- C. Proceedings to reopen and issue a permit, including appeal of any final action relating to a permit reopening, shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance and

shall affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. Such reopening shall be made as expeditiously as practicable. Permit reopenings shall not result in a resetting of the five-year permit term.

[A.A.C. R18-2-321.A.2]

#### **IV. POSTING OF PERMIT**

**A.** The Permittee shall post this permit or a certificate of permit issuance on location where the equipment is installed in such a manner as to be clearly visible and accessible. All equipment covered by this permit shall be clearly marked with one of the following:

[A.A.C. R18-2-315.A]

1. Current permit number; or
2. Serial number or other equipment ID number that is also listed in the permit to identify that piece of equipment.

**B.** A copy of the complete permit shall be kept on site.

[A.A.C. R18-2-315.B]

#### **V. FEE PAYMENT**

The Permittee shall pay fees to the Director pursuant to ARS § 49-426(E) and A.A.C. R18-2-326.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.9 and -326]

#### **VI. EMISSIONS INVENTORY QUESTIONNAIRE**

**A.** Emissions Inventory Questionnaire

1. The Permittee shall complete and submit to the Director an emissions inventory questionnaire no later than June 1 every three years beginning June 1, 2021. At the Director's request, the Permittee may be required to complete and submit emissions inventory questionnaires in addition to the triennial emissions inventory questionnaire. The Director shall notify the Permittee in writing of the decision to require additional emissions inventory questionnaires.

[A.A.C. R18-2-327.A.1.b]

2. The emissions inventory questionnaire shall be on an electronic or paper form provided by the Director and shall include the information required by A.A.C. R18-2-327.A.3 for the previous calendar year.

[A.A.C. R18-2-327.A.3]

3. The Permittee shall submit to the Director an amendment to an emissions inventory questionnaire, containing the documentation required by A.A.C. R18-2-327.A.3, whenever the Permittee discovers or receives notice, within two years of the original submittal, that incorrect or insufficient information was submitted to the Director by a previous emissions inventory questionnaire. The amendment shall be submitted to the Director within 30 days of discovery or receipt of notice. If the incorrect or insufficient information resulted in an incorrect annual emissions fee,

the Director shall require that additional payment be made or shall apply an amount as a credit to a future annual emissions fee. The submittal of an amendment shall not subject the Permittee to an enforcement action or a civil or criminal penalty if the original submittal of incorrect or insufficient information was not due to willful neglect.

[A.A.C. R18-2-327.A.4]

**B. Emissions Statement**

1. If the source operated in an ozone nonattainment area and actual emissions of nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) and/or volatile organic compounds (VOCs) during the calendar year are 25 tons or more, then the Permittee shall complete and submit to the Director an emissions statement no later than June 1 of the following year. If the Permittee submits an emission inventory questionnaire under Condition VI.A, then the Permittee is not required to also submit an emissions statement for that submission year.

[A.A.C. R18-2-327.B.1 and B.5]

2. The emissions statement shall be on an electronic or paper form provided by the Director and shall include the information required by A.A.C. R18-2-327.B.2 for the previous calendar year.

[A.A.C. R18-2-327.B.2]

3. If either NO<sub>x</sub> or VOC annual emissions are greater than or equal to 25 tons, the other pollutant shall be included in the emissions statement even if less than 25 tons.

[A.A.C. R18-2-327.B.3]

4. The Permittee shall submit to the Director an amendment to an emissions statement containing the documentation required by A.A.C. R18-2-327.B.2 whenever the Permittee discovers or receives notice within two years of the original submittal that incorrect or insufficient information was submitted to the Director by a previous emissions statement. The amendment shall be submitted to the Director within 30 days of discovery or receipt of notice. The submittal of an amendment shall not subject the Permittee to an enforcement action or a civil or criminal penalty if the original submittal of incorrect or insufficient information was not due to willful neglect.

[A.A.C. R18-2-327.B.4]

**VII. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION**

- A. The Permittee shall submit a compliance certification to the Director annually which describes the compliance status of the source with respect to each permit condition. The certification shall be submitted no later than March 15th, and shall report the compliance status of the source during the period between February 1st of the previous year and January 31st of the current year.

[A.A.C. R18-2-309.2.a]

- B. The compliance certifications shall include the following:

1. Identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-309.2.c.i]
  2. Identification of the methods or other means used by the Permittee for determining the compliance status with each term and condition during the certification period;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-309.2.c.ii]
  3. Status of compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit for the period covered by the certification, including whether compliance during the period was continuous or intermittent. The certifications shall identify each deviation (including any deviations reported pursuant to Condition XII.B of this Attachment) during the period covered by the certification and take it into account for consideration in the compliance certification  
[A.A.C. R18-2-309.2.c.iii]
  4. Other facts the Director may require in determining the compliance status of the source.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-309.2.c.iv]
- C. A progress report on all outstanding compliance schedules shall be submitted every six months beginning six months after permit issuance.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-309.5.d]

#### **VIII. CERTIFICATION OF TRUTH, ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS**

Any document required to be submitted by this permit, including reports, shall contain a certification by a responsible official of truth, accuracy, and completeness. This certification shall state that, based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

[A.A.C. R18-2-309.3]

#### **IX. INSPECTION AND ENTRY**

Upon presentation of proper credentials, the Permittee shall allow the Director or the authorized representative of the Director to:

- A. Enter upon the Permittee's premises where a source is located, emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records are required to be kept under the conditions of the permit;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-309.4.a]
- B. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that are required to be kept under the conditions of the permit;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-309.4.b]
- C. Inspect, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-309.4.c]

D. Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or other applicable requirements; and  
[A.A.C. R18-2-309.4.d]

E. Record any inspection by use of written, electronic, magnetic and photographic media.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-309.4.e]

**X. PERMIT REVISION PURSUANT TO FEDERAL HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANT STANDARD**

If this source becomes subject to a standard promulgated by the Administrator pursuant to Section 112(d) of the Act, then the Permittee shall, within twelve months of the date on which the standard is promulgated, submit an application for a permit revision demonstrating how the source will comply with the standard.

[A.A.C. R18-2-304.D.3]

**XI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE PROGRAM**

If this source becomes subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 68, then the Permittee shall comply with these provisions according to the time line specified in 40 CFR Part 68.

[40 CFR Part 68]

**XII. EXCESS EMISSIONS, PERMIT DEVIATIONS, AND EMERGENCY REPORTING**

A. Excess Emissions Reporting

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.A, B, and C]

1. Excess emissions shall be reported as follows:

a. The Permittee shall report to the Director any emissions in excess of the limits established by this permit. Such report shall be in two parts as specified below:

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.A]

(1) Notification by telephone or facsimile within 24 hours of the time when the Permittee first learned of the occurrence of excess emissions including all available information from Condition XII.A.1.b below.

(2) Detailed written notification by submission of an excess emissions report within 72 hours of the notification pursuant to Condition XII.A.1.a(1) above.

b. The report shall contain the following information:

(1) Identity of each stack or other emission point where the excess emissions occurred;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.1]



- (2) Magnitude of the excess emissions expressed in the units of the applicable emission limitation and the operating data and calculations used in determining the magnitude of the excess emissions;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.2]
  - (3) Time and duration, or expected duration, of the excess emissions;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.3]
  - (4) Identity of the equipment from which the excess emissions emanated;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.4]
  - (5) Nature and cause of the emissions;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.5]
  - (6) If the excess emissions were the result of a malfunction, steps taken to remedy the malfunction and the steps taken or planned to prevent the recurrence of such malfunctions;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.6]
  - (7) Steps that were or are being taken to limit the excess emissions; and  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.7]
  - (8) If the excess emissions resulted from start-up or malfunction, the report shall contain a list of the steps taken to comply with the permit procedures governing source operation during periods of startup or malfunction.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.B.8]
2. In the case of continuous or recurring excess emissions, the notification requirements shall be satisfied if the source provides the required notification after excess emissions are first detected and includes in such notification an estimate of the time the excess emissions will continue. Excess emissions occurring after the estimated time period, or changes in the nature of the emissions as originally reported, shall require additional notification pursuant to Condition XII.A.1 above.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.01.C]

**B. Permit Deviations Reporting**

The Permittee shall promptly report deviations from permit requirements, including those attributable to upset conditions as defined in the permit, the probable cause of such deviations, and any corrective actions or preventive measures taken. Where the applicable requirement contains a definition of prompt or otherwise specifies a timeframe for reporting deviations, that definition or timeframe shall govern. Where the applicable requirement does not address the timeframe for reporting deviations, the Permittee shall submit reports of deviations according to the following schedule:

1. Notice that complies with Condition XII.A above is prompt for deviations that constitute excess emissions;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5.b.i]
2. Notice that is submitted within two working days of discovery of the deviation is prompt for deviations of permit conditions identified by Condition I.B.1 of Attachment “B”;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5.b.ii]
3. Notice regarding upset conditions, which are defined as malfunctions or breakdowns of pollution control equipment, continuous emissions monitoring systems (CEMS), or continuous opacity monitoring systems (COMS) that are submitted within two working days of discovery shall be considered prompt; and
4. Except as provided in Conditions XII.B.1 and 2, prompt notification of all other types of deviations shall be semi-annually, concurrent with the semi-annual compliance certifications required in Section VII, and can be submitted via myDEQ, the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality’s online portal.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5.b.ii]

**C. Emergency Provision**

1. An “emergency” means any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the source, including acts of God, that require immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the source to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventative maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.1]
2. An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with technology-based emission limitations if Condition XII.C.3 below is met.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.2]
3. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.3]
  - a. An emergency occurred and that the Permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.3.a]
  - b. The permitted facility was being properly operated at the time of the emergency;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.3.b]

c. During the period of the emergency, the Permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the emissions standards or other requirements in the permit; and  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.3.c]

d. The Permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the Director by certified mail, facsimile, or hand delivery within two working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice shall contain a description of the emergency, any steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective action taken.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.3.d]

4. In any enforcement proceeding, the Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of proof.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.4]

5. This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.E.5]

**D. Affirmative Defenses for Excess Emissions Due to Malfunctions, Startup, and Shutdown**

1. Applicability

A.A.C. R18-2-310 establishes affirmative defenses for certain emissions in excess of an emission standard or limitation and applies to all emission standards or limitations except for standards or limitations:

a. Promulgated pursuant to Sections 111 or 112 of the Act;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.A.1]

b. Promulgated pursuant to Titles IV or VI of the Clean Air Act;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.A.2]

c. Contained in any Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) or New Source Review (NSR) permit issued by the U.S. EPA;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.A.3]

d. Contained in A.A.C. R18-2-715.F; or  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.A.4]

e. Included in a permit to meet the requirements of A.A.C. R18-2-406.A.5.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.A.5]

2. Affirmative Defense for Malfunctions

Emissions in excess of an applicable emission limitation due to malfunction shall constitute a violation. When emissions in excess of an applicable emission limitation are due to a malfunction, the Permittee has an affirmative defense to a civil or administrative enforcement proceeding based on that violation, other than

a judicial action seeking injunctive relief, if the Permittee has complied with the reporting requirements of A.A.C. R18-2-310.01 and has demonstrated all of the following:

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B]

a. The excess emissions resulted from a sudden and unavoidable breakdown of process equipment or air pollution control equipment beyond the reasonable control of the Permittee;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.1]

b. The air pollution control equipment, process equipment, or processes were at all times maintained and operated in a manner consistent with good practice for minimizing emissions;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.2]

c. If repairs were required, the repairs were made in an expeditious fashion when the applicable emission limitations were being exceeded. Off-shift labor and overtime were utilized where practicable to ensure that the repairs were made as expeditiously as possible. If off-shift labor and overtime were not utilized, the Permittee satisfactorily demonstrated that the measures were impracticable;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.3]

d. The amount and duration of the excess emissions (including any bypass operation) were minimized to the maximum extent practicable during periods of such emissions;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.4]

e. All reasonable steps were taken to minimize the impact of the excess emissions on ambient air quality;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.5]

f. The excess emissions were not part of a recurring pattern indicative of inadequate design, operation, or maintenance;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.6]

g. During the period of excess emissions there were no exceedances of the relevant ambient air quality standards established in Title 18, Chapter 2, Article 2 of the Arizona Administrative Code that could be attributed to the emitting source;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.7]

h. The excess emissions did not stem from any activity or event that could have been foreseen and avoided, or planned, and could not have been avoided by better operations and maintenance practices;

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.8]

i. All emissions monitoring systems were kept in operation if at all practicable; and

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.9]

- j. The Permittee's actions in response to the excess emissions were documented by contemporaneous records.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.B.10]

3. Affirmative Defense for Startup and Shutdown

- a. Except as provided in Condition XII.D.3 below, and unless otherwise provided for in the applicable requirement, emissions in excess of an applicable emission limitation due to startup and shutdown shall constitute a violation. When emissions in excess of an applicable emission limitation are due to startup and shutdown, the Permittee has an affirmative defense to a civil or administrative enforcement proceeding based on that violation, other than a judicial action seeking injunctive relief, if the Permittee has complied with the reporting requirements of A.A.C. R18-2-310.01 and has demonstrated all of the following:

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1]

- (1) The excess emissions could not have been prevented through careful and prudent planning and design;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.a]
- (2) If the excess emissions were the result of a bypass of control equipment, the bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe damage to air pollution control equipment, production equipment, or other property;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.b]
- (3) The air pollution control equipment, process equipment, or processes were at all times maintained and operated in a manner consistent with good practice for minimizing emissions;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.c]
- (4) The amount and duration of the excess emissions (including any bypass operation) were minimized to the maximum extent practicable during periods of such emissions;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.d]
- (5) All reasonable steps were taken to minimize the impact of the excess emissions on ambient air quality;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.e]
- (6) During the period of excess emissions there were no exceedances of the relevant ambient air quality standards established in Title 18, Chapter 2, Article 2 of the Arizona Administrative Code that could be attributed to the emitting source;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.f]
- (7) All emissions monitoring systems were kept in operation if at all practicable; and  
[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.g]

- (8) Contemporaneous records documented the Permittee's actions in response to the excess emissions.

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.1.h]

- b. If excess emissions occur due to a malfunction during routine startup and shutdown, then those instances shall be treated as other malfunctions subject to Condition XII.D.2 above.

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.C.2]

4. Affirmative Defense for Malfunctions During Scheduled Maintenance

If excess emissions occur due to a malfunction during scheduled maintenance, then those instances will be treated as other malfunctions subject to Condition XII.D.2 above.

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.D]

5. Demonstration of Reasonable and Practicable Measures

For an affirmative defense under Condition XII.D.2 or XII.D.3, the Permittee shall demonstrate, through submission of the data and information required by this Condition XII.D and Condition XII.A.1 above, that all reasonable and practicable measures within the Permittee's control were implemented to prevent the occurrence of the excess emissions.

[A.A.C. R18-2-310.E]

### **XIII. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS**

- A. The Permittee shall keep records of all required monitoring information including, but not limited to, the following:

1. The date, place as defined in the permit, and time of sampling or measurements;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a.i]
2. The date(s) any analyses were performed;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a.ii]
3. The name of the company or entity that performed the analyses;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a.iii]
4. A description of the analytical techniques or methods used;  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a.iv]
5. The results of analyses; and  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a.v]
6. The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.a.vi]

- B. The Permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and support information for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement,

report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings or other data recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.b]

#### **XIV. DUTY TO PROVIDE INFORMATION**

- A.** The Permittee shall furnish to the Director, within a reasonable time, any information that the Director may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for revising, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit, or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the Permittee shall also furnish to the Director copies of records required to be kept by the permit. For information claimed to be confidential, the Permittee shall furnish an additional copy of such records directly to the Administrator along with a claim of confidentiality.

[A.A.C. R18-2-304.G and -306.A.8.e]

- B.** If the Permittee has failed to submit any relevant facts or has submitted incorrect information in the permit application, the Permittee shall, upon becoming aware of such failure or incorrect submittal, promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information.

[A.A.C. R18-2-304.H]

#### **XV. PERMIT AMENDMENT OR REVISION**

The Permittee shall apply for a permit amendment or revision for changes to the facility which does not qualify for a facility change without revision under Section XVII below, as follows:

- A.** Facility Changes that Require a Permit Revision;

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.01]

- B.** Administrative Permit Amendment;

[A.A.C. R18-2-318]

- C.** Minor Permit Revision; and

[A.A.C. R18-2-319]

- D.** Significant Permit Revision.

[A.A.C. R18-2-320]

- E.** The applicability and requirements for such action are defined in the above referenced regulations.

#### **XVI. FACILITY CHANGE WITHOUT A PERMIT REVISION**

- A.** Except for a physical change or change in the method of operation at a Class II source requiring a permit revision under A.A.C. R18-2-317.01, or a change subject to logging or notice requirements in Condition XVI.B, a change at a Class II source shall not be subject to revision, notice, or logging requirements under this Section.

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.02.A]

- B.** The following changes may be made if the source keeps on site records of the changes according to Condition XVI.F below:
- [A.A.C. R18-2-317.02.B]
1. Implementing an alternative operating scenario, including raw materials changes;
  2. Changing process equipment, operating procedures, or making any other physical change if the permit requires the change to be logged;
  3. Engaging in any new insignificant activity listed in A.A.C. R18-2-101.68 but not listed in the permit;
  4. Replacing an item of air pollution control equipment listed in the permit with an identical (same model, different serial number) item. The Director may require verification of efficiency of the new equipment by performance tests; and
  5. A change that results in a decrease in actual emissions if the source wants to claim credit for the decrease in determining whether the source has a net emissions increase for any purpose. The logged information shall include a description of the change that will produce the decrease in actual emissions. A decrease that has not been logged is creditable only if the decrease is quantifiable, enforceable, and otherwise qualifies as a creditable decrease.
- C.** The permit shield described in A.A.C. R18-2-325 shall not apply to any change made under this Section, other than implementation of an alternate operating scenario under Condition XVI.B.1.
- [A.A.C. R18-2-317.02.F]
- D.** Notwithstanding any other part of this Section, the Director may require a permit to be revised for any change that, when considered together with any other changes submitted by the Permittee under this Section over the term of the permit, constitutes a change under subsection A.A.C. R18-2-317.01.A.
- [A.A.C. R18-2-317.02.G]
- E.** A copy of all logs required under Condition XVI.B shall be filed with the Director within 30 days after each anniversary of the permit issuance date. If no changes were made at the source requiring logging, a statement to that effect shall be filed instead.
- [A.A.C. R18-2-317.02.I]
- F.** Logging Requirements
- [Arizona Administrative Code, Appendix 3]
1. Each log entry required by a change under Condition XVI.B shall include at least the following information:
    - a. A description of the change, including:
      - (1) A description of any process change;



- (2) A description of any equipment change, including both old and new equipment descriptions, model numbers, and serial numbers, or any other unique equipment ID number; and
  - (3) A description of any process material change.
- b. The date and time that the change occurred.
  - c. The provisions of Condition XVI.B that authorizes the change to be made with logging.
  - d. The date the entry was made and the first and last name of the person making the entry.
2. Logs shall be kept for five (5) years from the date created. Logging shall be performed in indelible ink in a bound log book with sequentially number pages, or in any other form, including electronic format, approved by the Director.

## **XVII. TESTING REQUIREMENTS**

- A.** The Permittee shall conduct performance tests as specified in the permit and at such other times as may be required by the Director.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.A]

- B.** Operational Conditions during Performance Testing

Performance tests shall be conducted under such conditions as the Director shall specify to the plant operator based on representative performance of the source. The Permittee shall make available to the Director such records as may be necessary to determine the conditions of the performance tests. Operations during periods of start-up, shutdown, and malfunction (as defined in A.A.C. R18-2-101) shall not constitute representative conditions of performance tests unless otherwise specified in the applicable standard.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.C]

- C.** Performance Tests shall be conducted and data reduced in accordance with the test methods and procedures contained in the Arizona Testing Manual unless modified by the Director pursuant to A.A.C. R18-2-312.B.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.B]

- D.** Test Plan

At least 14 working days prior to performing a test, the Permittee shall submit a test plan to the Director, which must include the following, in addition to all other applicable requirements, as identified in the Arizona Testing Manual:

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.B]

1. Test duration;
2. Test location(s);

3. Test method(s); and
4. Source operation and other parameters that may affect test results.

**E. Stack Sampling Facilities**

The Permittee shall provide, or cause to be provided, performance testing facilities as follows:

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.E]

1. Sampling ports adequate for test methods applicable to the facility;
2. Safe sampling platform(s);
3. Safe access to sampling platform(s); and
4. Utilities for sampling and testing equipment.

**F. Interpretation of Final Results**

Each performance test shall consist of three separate runs using the applicable test method. Each run shall be conducted for the time and under the conditions specified in the applicable standard. For the purpose of determining compliance with an applicable standard, the arithmetic mean of the results of the three runs shall apply. In the event that a sample is accidentally lost or conditions occur in which one of the three runs is required to be discontinued because of forced shutdown, failure of an irreplaceable portion of the sample train, extreme meteorological conditions, or other circumstances beyond the Permittee's control, compliance may, upon the Director's approval, be determined using the arithmetic mean of the results of the other two runs. If the Director or the Director's designee is present, tests may only be stopped with the Director's or such designee's approval. If the Director or the Director's designee is not present, tests may only be stopped for good cause. Good cause includes: forced shutdown, failure of an irreplaceable portion of the sample train, extreme meteorological conditions, or other circumstances beyond the Permittee's control. Termination of any test without good cause after the first run is commenced shall constitute a failure of the test. Supporting documentation, which demonstrates good cause, must be submitted.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c and A.A.C. R18-2-312.F]

**G. Report of Final Test Results**

A written report of the results of performance tests conducted pursuant to 40 CFR 63, shall be submitted to the Director within 60 days after the test is performed. A written report of the results of all other performance tests shall be submitted within 4 weeks after the test is performed, or as otherwise provided in the Arizona Testing Manual. All performance testing reports shall be submitted in accordance with the Arizona Testing Manual and A.A.C. R18-2-312.A.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312.A and B]

**H. Extension of Performance Test Deadline**

For performance testing required under Condition XVII.A above, the Permittee may request an extension to a performance test deadline due to a force majeure event as follows:  
[A.A.C. R18-2-312.J]

1. If a force majeure event is about to occur, occurs, or has occurred for which the Permittee intends to assert a claim of force majeure, the Permittee shall notify the Director in writing as soon as practicable following the date the Permittee first knew, or through due diligence should have known that the event may cause or caused a delay in testing beyond the regulatory deadline. The notification must occur before the performance test deadline unless the initial force majeure or a subsequent force majeure event delays the notice, and in such cases, the notification shall be given as soon as practicable.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-312.J.1]
2. The Permittee shall provide to the Director a written description of the force majeure event and a rationale for attributing the delay in testing beyond the regulatory deadline to the force majeure; describe the measures taken or to be taken to minimize the delay; and identify a date by which the Permittee proposes to conduct the performance test. The performance test shall be conducted as soon as practicable after the force majeure event occurs.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-312.J.2]
3. The decision as to whether or not to grant an extension to the performance test deadline is solely within the discretion of the Director. The Director shall notify the Permittee in writing of approval or disapproval of the request for an extension as soon as practicable.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-312.J.3]
4. Until an extension of the performance test deadline has been approved by the Director under Conditions XVII.H.1, 2, and 3 above, the Permittee remains subject to the requirements of Section XVII.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-312.J.4]
5. For purposes of this Section XVII, a “force majeure event” means an event that will be or has been caused by circumstances beyond the control of the Permittee, its contractors, or any entity controlled by the Permittee that prevents it from complying with the regulatory requirement to conduct performance tests within the specified timeframe despite the Permittee's best efforts to fulfill the obligation. Examples of such events are acts of nature, acts of war or terrorism, or equipment failure or safety hazard beyond the control of the Permittee.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-312.J.5]

## **XVIII. PROPERTY RIGHTS**

This permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.8.d]

## **XIX. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE**

The provisions of this permit are severable. In the event of a challenge to any portion of this permit, or if any portion of this permit is held invalid, the remaining permit conditions remain valid and in force.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.7]

## **XX. PERMIT SHIELD**

Compliance with the conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with all applicable requirements identified in the portions of this permit subtitled "Permit Shield". The permit shield shall not apply to minor revisions pursuant to Condition XV.C of this Attachment and any facility changes without a permit revision pursuant to Section XVI of this Attachment.

[A.A.C. R18-2-317.F, - 320, and -325]

## **XXI. PROTECTION OF STRATOSPHERIC OZONE**

If this source becomes subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 82, then the Permittee shall comply with these provisions accordingly.

[40 CFR Part 82]

## **XXII. APPLICABILITY OF NSPS/NESHAP GENERAL PROVISIONS**

For all equipment subject to a New Source Performance Standard or a National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants, the Permittee shall comply with all applicable requirements contained in Subpart A of Title 40, Chapter 60 and Chapter 63 of the Code of Federal Regulation.

[40 CFR Part 60 Subpart A and Part 63 Subpart A]

**ATTACHMENT "B": SPECIFIC CONDITIONS**

**I. FACILITY-WIDE REQUIREMENTS**

**A. Opacity**

**1. Instantaneous Surveys and Six-Minute Observations**

**a. Instantaneous Surveys**

Any instantaneous survey required by this permit shall be determined by either option listed in Conditions I.A.1.a(1) and (2):

[A.A.C. R18-2-311.b]

**(1) Alternative Method ALT-082 (Digital Camera Operating Technique)**

**(a)** The Permittee, or Permittee representative, shall be certified in the use of Alternative Method ALT-082.

**(b)** The results of all instantaneous surveys and six-minute observations shall be obtained within 30 minutes.

**(2) EPA Reference Method 9 Certified Observer.**

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

**b. Six-Minute Observations**

Any six-minute observation required by this permit shall be determined by either option listed in Conditions I.A.1.b(1) and (2):

[A.A.C. R18-2-311.b]

**(1) Alternative Method ALT-082 (Digital Camera Operating Technique)**

**(a)** The Permittee, or Permittee representative, shall be certified in the use of Alternative Method ALT-082.

**(b)** The results of all instantaneous surveys and six-minute observations shall be obtained within 30 minutes.

**(2) EPA Reference Method 9.**

**c.** The Permittee shall have on site or on call a person certified in EPA Reference Method 9 unless all six-minute Method 9 observations required by this permit are conducted as a six-minute Alternative Method ALT-082 (Digital Camera Operating Technique) and all instantaneous visual surveys required by this permit are conducted as an instantaneous ALT-082 camera survey. Any six-minute Method 9 observation required by

this permit can be conducted as a six-minute Alternative Method ALT-082 and any instantaneous visual survey required by this permit can be conducted as an instantaneous ALT-082 camera survey.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

2. Monitoring, Recordkeeping, and Reporting Requirements

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

- a. At the frequency specified in the following sections of this permit, the Permittee shall conduct an instantaneous survey of visible emissions from both process stack sources, when in operation, and fugitive dust sources.
- b. If the visible emissions on an instantaneous basis appears less than or equal to the applicable opacity standard, then the Permittee shall keep a record of the name of the observer, the date on which the instantaneous survey was made, and the results of the instantaneous survey.
- c. If the visible emissions on an instantaneous basis appears greater than the applicable opacity standard, then the Permittee shall immediately conduct a six-minute observation of the visible emissions.
  - (1) If the six-minute observation of the visible emissions is less than or equal to the applicable opacity standard, then the Permittee shall record the name of the observer, the date on which the six-minute observation was made, and the results of the six-minute observation.
  - (2) If the six-minute observation of the visible emissions is greater than the applicable opacity standard, then the Permittee shall do the following:
    - (a) Adjust or repair the controls or equipment to reduce opacity to less than or equal to the opacity standard;
    - (b) Record the name of the observer, the date on which the six-minute observation was made, the results of the six-minute observation, and all corrective action taken; and
    - (c) Report the event as an excess emission for opacity in accordance with Condition XII.A of Attachment "A".
    - (d) Conduct another six-minute observation to document the effectiveness of the adjustments or repairs completed.

**B. Recordkeeping and Reporting Requirements**

1. Deviations from the following Attachment "B" permit conditions shall be promptly reported in accordance with Condition XII.B.2 of Attachment "A":

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5.b]

- a. The Permittee shall maintain records of daily hours of operation.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4]
  - b. The Permittee shall maintain manufacturer's data for all equipment identified in Attachment "F".  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4]
  - c. The Permittee shall maintain records of all maintenance activities performed on the equipment identified in Attachment "F".  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4]
  - d. All records, analyses, and reports, shall be retained for a minimum of five years from the date of generation. The most recent two years of data shall be kept on-site.  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4.b]
  - e. The Permittee shall submit reports of all monitoring activities required in this Attachment along with the compliance certifications required by Section VII of Attachment "A".  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5]
2. The Permittee shall maintain, on-site, records of the manufacturer supplied operations and maintenance instructions or Operation and Maintenance Plan for minimizing emissions for all equipment identified in Attachment "C".  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.4]
  3. The Permittee shall submit reports of all monitoring activities required in Attachment "B" along with the compliance certifications required by Section VII of Attachment "A."  
[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5]

## **II. CONCRETE BATCH PLANT**

### **A. Applicability**

This Section applies to the concrete batch plant and all associated equipment.

### **B. Opacity and Particulate Matter**

#### **1. Operating Limitations**

##### **a. General Requirements**

The Permittee shall not process more than 3,600 cubic yards of material per day at the concrete batch plant.

[A.A.C. R18-2-334.C.2]

#### **2. Emission Limitations and Standards**

- a. The Permittee shall not cause, allow or permit visible emissions from any concrete batch plant point source, in excess of 20 percent opacity.

[A.A.C. R18-2-702.B]

3. Air Pollution Control Requirements

a. Baghouse

- (1) *At all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, the Permittee shall, install, maintain and operate the baghouse in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice to minimize particulate matter emissions.*

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.01 and -331.A.3.d and e]

[Material Permit Condition is indicated by underline and italics]

- (2) The baghouse shall be maintained in accordance with the following:

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.d]

- (a) Prior to start-up, visual inspections shall be conducted on all venting ducts or lines, fittings (including dust shroud), and the blower;
- (b) Following shut-down, all pressurized systems shall be turned “off”;
- (c) All pressure and temperature gauges, flow meters, and other related instruments shall be checked daily to ensure proper functioning; any detected problems shall be corrected as soon as possible;
- (d) All ducts, hoods, framework, and housings shall be checked daily for signs of wear;
- (e) The fan motor, bearings, shaking device, reverse-jet blow rings, valves, and dampers shall be lubricated regularly and checked for wear; and
- (3) The Permittee shall maintain records which demonstrate compliance with the activities listed in Conditions II.B.2.a(2)(a) through (e) above.

b. Fly Ash Silos

*Loading of cement or fly ash storage silos shall be conducted in such a manner that the displaced air does not bypass the baghouse and is not directly vented to the atmosphere.*

[40 CFR 60.11(d)]

[Material permit conditions are indicated by underline and italics]



c. Spray Bars

The Permittee shall maintain, and operate spray bars at all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, to control visible emissions from handling, transporting or conveying of materials, or other operations likely to result in significant amounts of airborne dust, or the material shall be adequately wet to minimize visible emissions to the extent practicable.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.01 and -331.A.3.d and e]

[Material Permit Condition is indicated by underline and italics]

d. Fugitive dust emitted from the concrete batch plant shall be controlled in accordance with Section III of this Attachment.

[A.A.C. R18-2-723]

4. Monitoring, Recordkeeping, and Reporting Requirements

Each month, the Permittee shall monitor visible emissions from the concrete batch plant and associated baghouses in accordance with Condition I.A.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

5. Permit Shield

Compliance with the terms of this Section shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C. R18-2-702.B and -723.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

### III. FUGITIVE DUST REQUIREMENTS

A. Applicability

Section II applies to any non-point source of fugitive dust in the facility.

B. Particulate Matter and Opacity

Open Areas, Roadways & Streets, Storage Piles, and Material Handling

1. Emission Limitations/Standards

a. Opacity of emissions from any fugitive dust non-point source shall not be greater than 40%.

[A.A.C. R18-2-614]

b. The Permittee shall employ the following reasonable precautions to prevent excessive amounts of particulate matter from becoming airborne:

- (1) Keep dust and other types of air contaminants to a minimum in an open area where construction operations, repair operations, demolition activities, clearing operations, leveling operations, or

any earth moving or excavating activities are taking place, by good modern practices such as using an approved dust suppressant or adhesive soil stabilizer, paving, covering, landscaping, continuous wetting, detouring, barring access, or other acceptable means;

[A.A.C. R18-2-604.A]

- (2) Keep dust to a minimum from driveways, parking areas, and vacant lots where motor vehicular activity occurs by using an approved dust suppressant, or adhesive soil stabilizer, or by paving, or by barring access to the property, or by other acceptable means;

[A.A.C. R18-2-604.B]

- (3) Keep dust and other particulates to a minimum by employing dust suppressants, temporary paving, detouring, wetting down or by other reasonable means when a roadway or alley is used, repaired, constructed, or reconstructed;

[A.A.C. R18-2-605.A]

- (4) Take reasonable precautions, such as wetting, applying dust suppressants, or covering the load when transporting material likely to give rise to airborne dust. Earth or other material that is deposited by trucking or earth moving equipment shall be removed from paved streets by the person responsible for such deposits;

[A.A.C. R18-2-605.B]

- (5) Take reasonable precautions, such as the use of spray bars, wetting agents, dust suppressants, covering the load, and hoods when crushing, screening, handling, transporting or conveying of materials or other operations likely to result in significant amounts of airborne dust;

[A.A.C. R18-2-606]

- (6) Take reasonable precautions such as chemical stabilization, wetting, or covering when organic or inorganic dust producing material is being stacked, piled, or otherwise stored;

[A.A.C. R18-2-607.A]

- (7) Operate stacking and reclaiming machinery utilized at storage piles at all times with a minimum fall of material, or with the use of spray bars and wetting agents;

[A.A.C. R18-2-607.B]

- (8) Operate mineral tailings piles by taking reasonable precautions to prevent excessive amounts of particulate matter from becoming airborne. Reasonable precautions shall mean wetting, chemical

stabilization, revegetation or such other measures as are approved by the Director;

[A.A.C R18-2-608]

- (9) Any other method as proposed by the Permittee and approved by the Director.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

2. Air Pollution Control Requirements

Unpaved Roads and Storage Piles

*Water, or an equivalent control, shall be used to control visible emissions from unpaved roads and storage piles.*

[[40 CFR 60.11(d)]

[Material Permit Condition is indicated by underline and italics]

3. Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

- a. The Permittee shall maintain records of the dates on which any of the activities listed in Condition III.B.1.b above were performed and the control measures that were adopted.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

- b. Opacity Monitoring Requirements

Each month, the Permittee shall monitor visible emissions from fugitive sources in accordance with Condition I.A.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

C. Permit Shield

Compliance with Section II shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C. R18-2-604, -605, -606, 607, -608, and -614.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

**IV. CONDITIONS SPECIFIC TO PORTABLE SOURCES**

Move Notice

A portable source may be transferred from one location to another provided that the Permittee of such equipment notifies the Director, and/or any control officer who has jurisdiction over the geographic area that includes the new location. The notification required under this Section shall include the following:

[A.A.C. R18-2-324.C]

1. A description of the equipment to be transferred including the permit number for such equipment;

2. A description of the present location;
3. A description of the new location;
4. The date on which the equipment is to be moved; and
5. The date on which operation of the equipment will begin at the new location

**V. MOBILE SOURCE REQUIREMENTS**

**A. Applicability**

The requirements of this Section are applicable to mobile sources which either move while emitting air contaminants or are frequently moved during the course of their utilization but are not classified as motor vehicles, agricultural vehicles, or agricultural equipment used in normal farm operations. Mobile sources shall not include portable sources as defined in A.A.C. R18-2-101.109.

[A.A.C. R18-2-801.A]

**B. Particulate Matter and Opacity**

1. Emission Limitations/Standards

a. Off-Road Machinery

The Permittee shall not cause, allow, or permit to be emitted into the atmosphere from any off-road machinery, smoke for any period greater than ten consecutive seconds, the opacity of which exceeds 40%. Visible emissions when starting cold equipment shall be exempt from this requirement for the first ten minutes. Off-road machinery shall include trucks, graders, scrapers, rollers, and other construction and mining machinery not normally driven on a completed public roadway.

[A.A.C. R18-2-802.A and -802.B]

b. Roadway and Site Cleaning Machinery

- (1) The Permittee shall not cause, allow or permit to be emitted into the atmosphere from any roadway and site cleaning machinery smoke or dust for any period greater than ten consecutive seconds, the opacity of which exceeds 40%. Visible emissions when starting cold equipment shall be exempt from this requirement for the first ten minutes.

[A.A.C. R18-2-804.A]

- (2) The Permittee shall take reasonable precautions, such as the use of dust suppressants, before the cleaning of a site, roadway, or alley. Earth or other material shall be removed from paved streets onto which earth or other material has been transported by trucking or earth moving equipment, erosion by water or by other

means.

[A.A.C. R18-2-804.B]

- c. Unless otherwise specified, no mobile source shall emit smoke or dust the opacity of which exceeds 40%.

[A.A.C. R18-2-801.B]

2. Recordkeeping Requirement

The Permittee shall keep a record of all emissions related maintenance activities performed on the Permittee's mobile sources stationed at the facility as per manufacturer's specifications.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.5.a]

3. Permit Shield

Compliance with this Section shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C. R18-2-801, -802, and -804.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

**VI. OTHER PERIODIC ACTIVITIES**

**A. Abrasive Blasting**

1. Particulate Matter and Opacity

a. Emission Limitations/Standards

The Permittee shall not cause or allow sandblasting or other abrasive blasting without minimizing dust emissions to the atmosphere through the use of good modern practices. Good modern practices include:

[A.A.C. R18-2-726]

- (1) Wet blasting;
- (2) Effective enclosures with necessary dust collecting equipment; or
- (3) Any other method approved by the Director.

b. Opacity

The Permittee shall not cause, allow or permit visible emissions from sandblasting or other abrasive blasting operations in excess of 20% opacity.

[A.A.C. R18-2-702.B.3]

2. Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirement

Each time an abrasive blasting project is conducted, the Permittee shall make a record of the following:

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

- a. The date the project was conducted;
- b. The duration of the project; and
- c. Type of control measures employed.

3. Permit Shield

Compliance with Condition III.A.1.a shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C. R18-2-702.B.3 and -726.

[A.A.C.R18-2-325]

**B. Use of Paints**

1. Volatile Organic Compounds

a. Emission Limitations/Standards

While performing spray painting operations, the Permittee shall comply with the following requirements:

(1) The Permittee shall not conduct or cause to be conducted any spray painting operation without minimizing organic solvent emissions. Such operations, other than architectural coating and spot painting, shall be conducted in an enclosed area equipped with controls containing no less than 96 percent of the overspray.

[A.A.C.R18-2-727.A]

(2) The Permittee or their designated contractor shall not either:

(a) Employ, apply, evaporate, or dry any architectural coating containing photochemically reactive solvents for industrial or commercial purposes; or

(b) Thin or dilute any architectural coating with a photochemically reactive solvent.

[A.A.C.R18-2-727.B]

(3) For the purposes of Condition III.B.1.a(1), a photochemically reactive solvent shall be any solvent with an aggregate of more than 20 percent of its total volume composed of the chemical compounds classified in Condition III.B.1.a(2), or which exceeds any of the following percentage composition limitations, referred to the total volume of solvent:

[A.A.C.R18-2-727.C]

- (a) A combination of the following types of compounds having an olefinic or cyclo-olefinic type of unsaturation-hydrocarbons, alcohols, aldehydes, esters, ethers, or ketones: 5 percent.
- (b) A combination of aromatic compounds with eight or more carbon atoms to the molecule except ethylbenzene: 8 percent.
- (c) A combination of ethylbenzene, ketones having branched hydrocarbon structures, trichloroethylene or toluene: 20 percent.
- (4) Whenever any organic solvent or any constituent of an organic solvent may be classified from its chemical structure into more than one of the groups of organic compounds described in Condition III.B.1.a(3), it shall be considered to be a member of the group having the least allowable percent of the total volume of solvents.

[A.A.C.R18-2-727.D]

b. Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements

- (1) Each time a spray painting project is conducted, the Permittee shall make a record of the following:
  - (a) The date the project was conducted;
  - (b) The duration of the project;
  - (c) Type of control measures employed;
  - (d) Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for all paints and solvents used in the project; and
  - (e) The amount of paint consumed during the project.
- (2) Architectural coating and spot painting projects shall be exempt from the recordkeeping requirements of Condition III.B.1.b(1).

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

c. Permit Shield

Compliance with Condition III.B.1.a shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C.R18-2-727.

[A.A.C.R18-2-325]

2. Opacity

a. Emission Limitation/Standard

The Permittee shall not cause, allow or permit visible emissions from painting operations in excess of 20% opacity.

[A.A.C. R18-2-702.B.3]

b. Permit Shield

Compliance with Condition III.B.2.a shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C.R18-2-702.B.3.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

C. Demolition/Renovation - Hazardous Air Pollutants

1. Emission Limitation/Standard

The Permittee shall comply with all of the requirements of 40 CFR 61 Subpart M (National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants - Asbestos).

[A.A.C. R18-2-1101.A.12]

2. Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirement

The Permittee shall keep all required records in a file. The required records shall include the “NESHAP Notification for Renovation and Demolition Activities” form and all supporting documents.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

3. Permit Shield

Compliance with the Condition III.C.1 shall be deemed compliance with A.A.C. R18-2-1101.A.12.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]



**ATTACHMENT "C": ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS FOR OPERATIONS INSIDE MARICOPA COUNTY**

**I. APPLICABILITY**

While operating in Maricopa County the Permittee shall comply with the Conditions set forth in Attachment "B" and Attachment "C". Whenever more than one Condition in this Attachment regulating the same emissions applies to any emissions unit, or whenever a Condition in this Attachment and a Condition in Attachment "B" regulating the same emissions applies to any emissions unit, the Condition or combination of Conditions resulting in the lowest emissions rate or lowest concentration of regulated air pollutants released to the atmosphere shall apply, unless otherwise specifically exempted or designated in the applicable permit Conditions.

[A.R.S. § 49-402(D)]

**II. FACILITY WIDE REQUIREMENTS**

**A. Opacity**

1. Emission Limitations and Standards

- a. The Permittee shall not discharge into the ambient air from any single source of emissions any air contaminant, other than uncombined water, in excess of 20% opacity for a period aggregating more than three minutes in any 60-minute period.

[Maricopa County Rule 300 §301]

2. Permit Shield

- a. Compliance with Section II.A of this Attachment shall be deemed compliance with Maricopa County Rule 300 §301.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

**C. Air Pollution Control Requirements**

1. Material Containment Required

Materials including, but not limited to solvents or other volatile compounds, paints, acids, alkalies, pesticides, fertilizer and manure shall be processed, stored, used and transported in such a manner and by such means that they will not unreasonably evaporate, leak, escape, or be otherwise discharged into the ambient air so as to cause or contribute to air pollution. Where means are available to reduce effectively the contribution to air pollution from evaporation, leakage, or discharge, the installation and use of such control methods, devices, or equipment shall be mandatory.

[Maricopa County Rule 320 §302]

2. Stack Requirements

Where a stack, vent, or other outlet is at such a level that air contaminants are discharged to adjoining property, the Director may require the installation of abatement equipment or the alteration of such stack, vent, or other outlet to a degree that will adequately dilute, reduce, or eliminate the discharge of air contaminants to adjoining property.

[Maricopa County Rule 320 §303]

3. Operations and Maintenance (O&M) Plan

For the purposes of the conditions of this Attachment, an emission control system (ECS) is a system for reducing emissions of particulates, consisting of both collection and control devices, which are approved in writing by the Director and are designed and operated in accordance with good engineering practices.

a. The Permittee shall provide and maintain, readily available on-site at all times, (an) O&M plan(s) for any ECS, any other emission processing equipment, and any ECS monitoring devices that are used pursuant to the conditions of this Attachment.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §305.1.a]

b. The Permittee shall submit to the Director for approval the O&M Plan(s) for each ECS and ECS monitoring device that is used pursuant to the conditions of this Attachment.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §305.1.b and 305.2.b]

c. The Permittee shall comply with all identified actions and schedules provided in each O&M Plan.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §305.1.c]

d. The Permittee shall provide and maintain, readily available on-site at all times, an O&M Plan for equipment associated with any process fugitive emissions and fugitive dust control measure (i.e., gravel pads, wheel washers, truck washers, rumble grates, watering systems, and street sweepers) that are implemented to comply with this permit.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §305.2.a]

e. The Permittee shall install, maintain, and calibrate monitoring devices described in the O&M Plan. The monitoring devices shall measure pressures, rates of flow, or other operating conditions necessary to determine if the control devices are functioning properly.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §305.3]

[40 CFR 60.11(d)]

[Material permit conditions are indicated by underline and italics]

f. The Permittee must fully comply with all O&M Plans that the Permittee has submitted for approval, even if such O&M Plans have not yet been approved, unless notified in writing by the Director.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §305.4]

4. Monitoring, Record keeping and Reporting Requirements

a. Opacity Requirements

Opacity shall be determined by observation to measure visible emissions from activities regulated by Sections 301 (excluding Section 301.1(e)), 302, or 303 of Maricopa County Rule 316 shall be conducted in accordance with the techniques specified in EPA Reference Method 203B (Visual Determination Of Opacity Of Emissions From Stationary Sources For Time-Exception Regulations), 40CFR Part 51, Appendix M, adopted as of July 1, 2007. Emissions shall not exceed the applicable opacity standards described in Section 301 (excluding Section 301.1(e)), Section 302, and Section 303 of Maricopa County Rule 316 for a period aggregating more than three minutes in any 60-minute period.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §502.2]

b. Operational Recordkeeping

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.2.a]

The Permittee shall keep records for all days that the facility is actively operating. The records shall include all of the following:

- (1) Hours of operation;
- (2) Type of batch plant (wet, dry, central);
- (3) Throughput per day of basic raw materials including sand, aggregate, cement (tons/day);
- (4) Volume of concrete produced per day;
- (5) Volume of aggregate mined per day (cubic yards/day);
- (6) Amount of each basic raw materials including sand, aggregate, cement, flyash, delivered per day (tons/day); and
- (7) The number of aggregate trucks, mixer trucks, or batch trucks exiting the facility.

c. Control and Monitoring Device Data

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.2.c]

- (1) The Permittee shall keep records for all days that the facility is actively operating. The records shall include all of the following for a fabric filter baghouse:
  - (a) Date of inspection;
  - (b) Date and designation of bag replacement;

- (c) Date of service or maintenance related activities; and
    - (d) Time, date, and cause of fabric filter baghouse failure or down time, if applicable.
  - (2) The Permittee shall keep records for all days that the facility is actively operating. The records shall include all of the following for watering systems (e.g., spray bars or an equivalent control):
    - (a) Date, time, and location of each moisture sampling point; and
    - (b) Results of moisture testing.
- d. The Permittee shall maintain all of the following Operating and Maintenance Plan Records:

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.3.a]

  - (1) Periods of time that an approved emission control system is operating to comply with the conditions in this permit;
  - (2) Periods of time that an approved emission control system is not operating;
  - (3) Flow rates;
  - (4) Pressure drops;
  - (5) Other conditions necessary to determine if the approved emission control system is functioning properly;
  - (6) Results of visual inspections; and
  - (7) Correction action taken, if necessary.
- e. *For equipment associated with any process fugitive emissions and any fugitive dust control measures that are implemented to comply with the conditions of this Attachment:*

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.3.b]

  - (1) A written record of self-inspection on each day that a facility is actively operating. Self-inspection records shall include daily inspections or in compliance with O&M Plan requirements, whichever is more frequent;
  - (2) Maintenance of street sweepers; and
  - (3) Maintenance of trackout control devices, gravel pads, wheel washers, and truck washers.

- f. The Permittee shall keep all operational information required by Conditions II.B.4.b, c, and d above in a complete and consistent manner on site and shall be made available without delay to the Director upon request.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.1]

- g. When operating inside of Maricopa County, the Permittee shall maintain a copy of all earth moving permits obtained from Maricopa County on site and available for review upon request.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c and 306.A.4]

- h. When operating inside of Maricopa County, the Permittee shall maintain a copy of the most recently approved Dust Control Plan on-site and available for review upon request.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c and 306.A.4]

5. Permit Shield

Compliance with Section II.B of this Attachment shall be deemed compliance with Maricopa County Rule 320 §302, Maricopa County Rule 320 §303, Maricopa County Rule 316 §305.1.a, Maricopa County Rule 316 §305.1.b, Maricopa County Rule 316 §305.1.c, Maricopa County Rule 316 §305.2, Maricopa County Rule 316 §305.3, Maricopa County Rule 320 §305.4, Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.1, Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.2.a, Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.2.c, Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.3.a, Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.3.b, and Maricopa County Rule 316 §502.2.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

**I. CONCRETE BATCH PLANT REQUIREMENTS**

**Particulate Matter and Opacity**

**A. Emission Limitations/Standards**

**B. The Permittee shall not discharge or cause to be discharged into the ambient air:**

1. Stack emissions exceeding 5% opacity;

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §303.1.a]

2. Fugitive dust emissions exceeding 10% opacity from any affected operation or process source, excluding truck dumping directly into any screening operation, feed hopper or crusher.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §303.1.b]

**C. Air Pollution Control Requirements**

1. The Permittee shall implement the following process controls:

- a. On all cement, lime, or flyash storage silo(s), the Permittee shall install an

operational overflow warning system/device. The system/device shall be designed to alert operator(s) to stop the loading operation when the cement, lime, or flyash storage silo(s) are reaching a capacity that could adversely impact pollution abatement equipment.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §303.2.a]

- b. On new cement, lime, or flyash silo(s) the Permittee shall install a properly sized fabric filter baghouse or equivalent device designed to meet a maximum outlet grain loading of 0.01 gr/dscf.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §303.2.b]

- c. On dry mix concrete plant loading stations/truck mixed product, the Permittee shall implement one of the following process controls:

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §303.2.c]

- (1) Install a rubber fill tube;
- (2) Install a water spray;
- (3) Install a properly sized fabric filter baghouse or delivery system;
- (4) Enclose mixer stations such that no visible emissions occur; or
- (5) Conduct mixer loading stations in an enclosed process building such that no visible emissions from the building occur during the mixing activities.

- d. *On cement silo filling processing/loading operations controls, the Permittee shall install a pressure control system designed to shut-off cement silo filling processes/loading operations, if pressure from delivery truck is excessive, as defined in the O&M Plan.*

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §303.2.d]

**D. Monitoring, Record Keeping, and Reporting**

1. The Permittee shall meet all of the monitoring and recordkeeping requirements specified in Attachment “B” Section II in order to comply with Condition III.A of this Attachment. The frequency of the opacity observations required by Attachment “B” Condition II.B.3 shall be weekly.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

2. The Permittee shall keep accurate daily records of:

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.2.a]

- a. Hours of operation;
- b. Throughput of raw materials processed in the plant in tons/day;
- c. Amount of each raw material delivered to the plant in tons/day;

- d. Amount of water used to control fugitive dust emissions from the process equipment.

**E. Permit Shield**

Compliance with Section III of this Attachment shall be deemed compliance with Maricopa County Rule 316 §303.1, Maricopa County Rule 316 §303.2 and Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.2.a.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

**II. FUGITIVE DUST REQUIREMENTS**

**A. Emission and Operational Limitations**

**1. Opacity**

For emissions that are not already regulated by an opacity limit, the Permittee shall not discharge, cause or allow to be discharge into the ambient air fugitive dust emissions exceeding 20% opacity, in accordance with the test methods described in Appendix C of the Fugitive Dust Test Methods of the Maricopa County Rule.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §306.1]

**2. Visible Emission Limitation Beyond Property Line**

The Permittee shall not cause or allow fugitive dust emissions from any active operation, open storage pile, or disturbed surface area associated with such facility such that the presence of such fugitive dust emissions remain visible in the atmosphere beyond the property line of such facility.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §306.2]

**3. Wind Events**

The fugitive dust emission limitations described in Conditions IV.A.1 and IV.A.2 of this Attachment shall not apply during a wind event, if the Permittee meets the following conditions:

- a. Has implemented the fugitive dust control measures described in Condition IV.B below, as applicable;

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §306.3.a]

- b. Has compiled and retained records, in accordance with Condition IV.C.4 of this Attachment, which states that a Permittee shall compile, maintain, and retain records as described in Maricopa County Rule 310 (Fugitive Dust), and has documented by records the occurrence of a wind event on the day(s) in question. The occurrence of a wind event must be determined by the nearest Maricopa County Environmental Services Department Air Quality Division monitoring station, from any other certified meteorological station, or by a wind instrument that is calibrated according to manufacturer's standards and that is located at the site being checked; and

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §306.3.b]

- c. Has implemented the following high wind fugitive dust control measures, as applicable:

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §306.3.c]

- (1) For an active operation, implement one of the following fugitive dust control measures;
  - (a) Cease active operation that may contribute to an exceedance of the fugitive dust emission limitations described in Condition IV.A.1 of this Attachment for the duration of the wind event and, if active operation is ceased for the remainder of the work day, stabilize the area; or
  - (b) Before and during active operations, apply water or other suitable dust suppressant other than water to keep the soil visibly moist.
- (2) For an inactive open storage pile, implement one of the following fugitive dust control measures, in accordance with the test method described in Condition IV.D.2.a of this Attachment, and in Appendix C (Fugitive Dust Test Methods) of the Maricopa County Rules:
  - (a) Maintain a soil crust by applying water or other suitable dust suppressant other than water or by implementing another fugitive dust control measure, in sufficient quantities to meet the stabilization standards described in Condition IV.D.2.b of this Attachment.
  - (b) Cover open storage pile with tarps, plastic, or other material such that wind will not remove the covering, if open storage pile is less than eight feet high.
- (3) For a disturbed surface area, implement one of the following fugitive dust control measures, in accordance with the test methods described in Condition IV.D.2 of this Attachment, and in Appendix C (Fugitive Dust Test Methods) of the Maricopa County Rules:
  - (a) Uniformly apply and maintain surface gravel or a dust suppressant other than water; or
  - (b) Maintain a visible crust by applying water or other suitable dust suppressant other than water or by implementing another fugitive dust control measure, in sufficient quantities to meet the stabilization standards



described in Condition IV.D.2.b of this Attachment.

4. Silt Loading and Silt Content Standards for Unpaved Roads and Unpaved Parking and Staging Areas

From unpaved roads and unpaved parking and staging areas, the Permittee shall not discharge or allow to be discharged into the ambient air fugitive dust emissions exceeding 20% opacity, in accordance with the test methods described in Condition IV.C.2.a of this Attachment, and in Appendix C-Fugitive Dust Test Methods in the Maricopa County Rules, and one of the following:

- a. For unpaved roads, silt loading equal to or greater than 0.33 oz/ft<sup>2</sup>; or silt content exceeding 6%.
- b. For unpaved parking and staging areas, silt loading equal to or greater than 0.33 oz/ft<sup>2</sup> or silt content exceeding 8%.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §306.4]

5. Stabilization Standards

- a. For open areas, disturbed surface soils, and open storage piles, the Permittee shall meet at least one of the requirements listed below, as applicable.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §306.5.a]

- (1) Maintain a soil crust;
- (2) Maintain a threshold friction velocity (TFV) for disturbed surface areas corrected for non-erodible elements of 100 cm/second or higher;
- (3) Maintain a flat vegetative cover (i.e., attached (rooted) vegetation or unattached vegetative debris lying on the surface with a predominant horizontal orientation that is not subject to movement by wind) that is equal to at least 50%;
- (4) Maintain a standing vegetative cover (i.e., vegetation that is attached (rooted) with a predominant vertical orientation) that is equal to or greater than 30%;
- (5) Maintain a standing vegetative cover (i.e., vegetation that is attached (rooted) with a predominant vertical orientation) that is equal to or greater than 10% and where the threshold friction velocity is equal to or greater than 43 cm/second when corrected for non-erodible elements;
- (6) Maintain a percent cover that is equal to or greater than 10% for non-erodible elements; or
- (7) Comply with a standard of an alternative test method, upon

obtaining the written approval from the Director and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

- b. If no activity is occurring on an open storage pile and material handling or surface soils where support equipment and vehicles operate in association with such facility and if an open storage pile and material handling or surface soils where support equipment and vehicles operate in association with such facility contain more than one type of disturbance, soil, vegetation, or other characteristics, which are visibly distinguishable, each representative surface shall be tested separately for stability, in an area that represents a random portion of the overall disturbed conditions of the site, in accordance with the appropriate test methods described Condition IV.D.2.a of this Attachment, and in Appendix C-Fugitive Dust Test Methods of the Maricopa County Rules.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §306.5.b]

**B. Air Pollution Control Requirements**

1. The Permittee shall implement the fugitive dust control measures described in this Section. Any fugitive dust control measure that is implemented must achieve the applicable standard(s) described Condition IV.A of this Attachment and corresponding test method(s) as described in Section 306 of Maricopa County Rule 316.
2. The Permittee may submit a request to the Director and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for the use of alternative control measure(s). The request shall include the proposed alternative control measure, the control measure that the alternative would replace, and a detailed statement or report demonstrating that the measure would result in equivalent or better emission control than the measures outlined in Section IV.B of this Attachment.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307]

3. Open Storage Piles and Material Handling

The Permittee shall implement all of the following fugitive dust control measures, as applicable, in compliance with Conditions IV.A.1 through IV.A.5 of this Attachment. Open storage pile(s) and material handling does not include berms and guard rails that are installed to comply with 30 CFR 56.93000. However, such berms and guard rails shall be installed and maintained in compliance with Condition IV.A.1, Condition IV.A.2 and Condition IV.A.5 of this Attachment.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.1]

- a. *Prior or while conducting stacking, loading, and unloading operations, implement one of the following fugitive dust control measures:*

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.1.a]

- (1) Spray material with water, as necessary; or
- (2) Spray material with a dust suppressant other than water, as

necessary.

- b. When not conducting stacking, loading, and unloading operation implement one of the following fugitive dust control measures:

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.1.b]

- (1) Spray material with water, as necessary;
- (2) Maintain a 1.5% or more soil moisture content of the open storage pile(s);
- (3) Locate open storage pile(s) in a pit/in the bottom of a pit;
- (4) Arrange open storage pile(s) such that storage pile(s) of larger diameter products are on the perimeter and act as barriers to/for open storage pile(s) that could create fugitive dust emissions;
- (5) Construct and maintain wind barriers, storage silos, or a three-sided enclosure with walls, whose length is no less than equal to the length of the pile, whose distance from the pile is no more than twice the height of the pile, whose height is equal to the pile height, and whose porosity is no more than 50%; or
- (6) Cover open storage piles with tarps, plastic, or other material to prevent wind from removing the coverings.

- c. When installing new open storage pile(s) at an existing facility or when installing new open storage pile(s) at a new facility, the Permittee shall implement all of the following fugitive dust control measures, only if it is determined to be feasible on a case-by-case basis through the Dust Control Plan by assessing the amount of open land available at the property at the time the new open storage pile(s) are formed:

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.1.c]

- (1) Install the open storage pile(s) at least 25 feet from the property line; and
- (2) Limit the height of the open storage pile(s) to less than 45 feet.

- d. For existing open storage pile(s) and when installing open storage pile(s) for an existing facility or for a new facility, if such open storage pile(s) will be constructed over eight feet high and will not be covered, then the Permittee shall install, use, and maintain a water truck or other method that is capable of completely wetting the surfaces of open storage pile(s).

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.1.d]

4. Surface Stabilization Where Support Equipment and Vehicles Operate

The Permittee shall implement one of the following fugitive dust control measures on areas other than the areas identified in Condition IV.B.3 or Condition IV.B.4 of this Attachment where loaders, support equipment, and vehicles operate.

- a. Pre-water surface soils;
- b. Apply and maintain a dust suppressant, other than water; or
- c. Apply a gravel pad, in compliance with the Condition IV.B.6.b.(4) of this Attachment. [Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.2]

5. Haul/Access Roads

- a. The Permittee shall implement one of the following fugitive dust control measures, as applicable, before engaging in the use of, or in the maintenance of, haul/access roads. Compliance with the provisions of Condition IV.B.3 of this Attachment shall not relieve any person subject to the requirements of this Section from complying with any other federally enforceable requirements (i.e., a permit issued under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act).

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.3.a]

- (1) Install and maintain bumps, humps, or dips for speed control and apply water, as necessary;
- (2) Limit vehicle speeds and apply water, as necessary;
- (3) Pave;
- (4) Apply and maintain a gravel pad in compliance with Condition IV.B.6.b.(4) of this Attachment;
- (5) Apply a dust suppressant, other than water; or
- (6) Install and maintain a cohesive hard surface.

- b. For a new facility, if implementing one of the fugitive dust control measures described in Condition IV.B.3.a of this Attachment, is determined to be technically infeasible as obtained/approved in writing by the Director and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and as approved in the Dust Control Plan, then the Permittee shall maintain a minimum distance of 25 feet from the property line for haul/access roads associated with the new facility.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.3.b]

6. On-Site Traffic

- a. The Permittee shall require all batch trucks and material delivery trucks to remain on internal roads with paved surfaces or cohesive hard surfaces.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.4.a]

- b. The Permittee shall require all aggregate trucks to remain on paved surfaces or cohesive hard surfaces, except when driving on roads leading to and from aggregate loading areas/loading operations, as approved in the Dust Control Plan.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.4.b]

- c. The Permittee shall require all batch trucks and material delivery trucks to enter and exit the facility/operation only through entrances that comply with the trackout requirements in Condition IV.B.6 of this Attachment.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.4.c]

- d. The Permittee shall pave or install a cohesive hard surface on permanent areas of a facility on which vehicles drive, as approved in the Dust Control Plan.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.4.d]

7. Off-Site Traffic

When hauling or transporting bulk material off-site, the Permittee shall implement all of the following control measures:

- a. Load all haul trucks such that the freeboard is not less than three inches;

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.5.a]

- b. Prevent spillage or loss of bulk material from holes or other openings in the cargo compartment's floor, sides, or tailgate(s); and

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.5.b]

- c. Cover haul trucks with a tarp or other suitable closure.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.5.c]

8. Trackout

- a. Rumble Grate And Wheel Washer:

The Permittee of a new permanent facility and the Permittee of an existing permanent facility with a minimum of 60 aggregate trucks, mixer trucks, or batch trucks exiting a facility on any day onto paved public roadways/paved areas accessible to the public shall install, maintain, and use a rumble grate and wheel washer, in accordance with all of the following conditions, as applicable. A vehicle wash or a cosmetic wash may be substituted for a wheel washer, provided such vehicle wash or cosmetic wash has at least 40 pounds per square inch (psi) water spray from the nozzle (the Permittee shall have a water pressure gauge available on-site to allow verification of such water pressure), meets the definition of wheel washer (i.e., is capable of washing the entire circumference of each wheel of the vehicle), is operated in such a way that visible deposits are removed from the entire circumference of each wheel of the vehicle exiting the wash, is installed, maintained, and used in accordance with criteria listed below, and is approved in the Dust Control Plan for the facility.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.6.a]

- (1) The Permittee shall locate a rumble grate within 10 feet from a wheel washer.
  - (a) The rumble grate and wheel washer shall be located no less than 30 feet prior to each exit that leads to a paved public roadway/paved area accessible to the public and that is used by aggregate trucks, mixer trucks or batch trucks.
  - (b) The Permittee may be allowed to install a rumble grate and wheel washer less than 30 feet prior to each exit if the Permittee demonstrates to the Director that there is not adequate space to install a rumble grate and wheel washer no less than 30 feet prior to each exit and that a rumble grate and wheel washer at a shorter distance will be adequate to prevent trackout.
  - (c) A rumble grate shall consist of raised dividers (rails, pipes, or grates) a minimum of three inches tall, six inches apart, and 20 feet long, to allow a vibration to be produced such that dust is shaken off the wheels of a vehicle as the entire circumference of each wheel of the vehicle passes over the rumble grate.
- (2) The Permittee shall ensure that all aggregate trucks, mixer trucks, or batch trucks exit the facility via the rumble grate first and then the wheel washer.
- (3) The Permittee shall post a sign by the rumble grate and wheel washer to designate the speed limit as 5 miles per hour.

- (4) The Permittee shall pave the internal roads from the rumble grate and wheel washer to the facility exits leading to paved public roadways/paved areas accessible to the public.
- (5) The Permittee shall ensure that all aggregate trucks, mixer trucks, or batch trucks remain on the paved internal roads between the rumble grate and wheel washer and the facility exits leading to paved public roadways/paved areas accessible to the public.

b. Rumble Grate, Wheel Washer, Or Truck Washer:

A Permittee not subject to Condition IV.B.6.a of this Attachment, shall install, maintain, and use a rumble grate, wheel washer, or truck washer in accordance with all of the following:

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.6.b]

- (1) A rumble grate, wheel washer, or truck washer shall be located no less than 30 feet prior to each exit that leads to a paved public roadway/paved area accessible to the public and that is used by aggregate trucks, mixer trucks, or batch trucks.
  - (a) The Permittee may be allowed to install a rumble grate, wheel washer, or truck washer less than 30 feet prior to each exit if the Permittee demonstrates to the Director that there is not adequate space to install a rumble grate, wheel washer, or truck washer no less than 30 feet prior to each exit and that a rumble grate, wheel washer, or truck washer at a shorter distance will be adequate to prevent trackout.
  - (b) A rumble grate shall consist of raised dividers (rails, pipes, or grates) a minimum of three inches tall, six inches apart, and 20 feet long, to allow a vibration to be produced such that dust is shaken off the wheels of a vehicle as the entire circumference of each wheel of the vehicle passes over the rumble grate.
- (2) The Permittee shall ensure that all aggregate trucks, mixer trucks, or batch trucks exit the facility via a rumble grate, wheel washer, or truck washer.
- (3) The Permittee shall post a sign by the rumble grate, wheel washer, or truck washer to designate the speed limit as 5 miles per hour.
- (4) If haul/access roads/internal roads are unpaved between the rumble grate, wheel washer, or truck washer and the facility exits leading to paved public roadways/paved areas accessible to the public, a gravel pad shall be installed, maintained, and used from the rumble grate, wheel washer, or truck washer to such paved

public roadways/paved areas accessible to the public in accordance with all of the following:

- (a) Gravel pad shall be designed with a layer of washed gravel, rock, or crushed rock that is at least one inch or larger in diameter and 6 inches deep, 30 feet wide, and 50 feet long and shall be flushed with water or completely replaced as necessary to comply with the trackout threshold described in Condition IV.B.6.d of this Attachment.
- (b) Gravel pad shall have a gravel pad stabilizing mechanism/device (i.e., curbs or structural devices along the perimeter of the gravel pad) and shall be flushed with water or completely replaced as necessary to comply with the trackout threshold described in Condition IV.B.6.d of this Attachment.

c. Exemptions For Wheel Washers:

The Permittee shall not be required to install, maintain, and use a wheel washer, if any one of the following are applicable:

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.6.c]

- (1) A facility has all paved internal roads and meters aggregate or related materials directly to a ready-mix or hot mix asphalt truck, with the exception of returned products. The Permittee shall install, maintain, and use a rumble grate in compliance with Condition IV.B.6.b of this Attachment.
- (2) A facility is less than 5 acres in land size and handles recycled asphalt and recycled concrete exclusively. The Permittee shall install, maintain, and use a rumble grate in compliance with Condition IV.B.6.b of this Attachment, and shall install a gravel pad in compliance with Condition IV.B.6.b.(4) of this Attachment, on all unpaved internal roads leading to the facility exits leading to paved public roadways/paved areas accessible to the public.
- (3) A facility has a minimum of ¼ mile paved internal roads leading from a rumble grate to the facility exits leading to paved public roadways/paved areas accessible to the public.

d. Trackout Distance:



The Permittee shall not allow trackout to extend a cumulative distance of 25 linear feet or more from all facility exits onto paved areas accessible to the public. Notwithstanding the proceeding, the Permittee shall clean up all other trackout at the end of the workday.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.6.d]

e. Cleaning Paved Internal Roads:

The Permittee shall clean all paved internal roads in accordance with all of the following as applicable:

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.6.e]

- (1) If the Permittee has a minimum of 60 aggregate trucks, mixer trucks, or batch trucks exiting the facility on any day and if there is evidence of dirt or other bulk material extending a cumulative distance of 12 linear feet or more on any paved internal road, then the Permittee shall sweep the paved internal roads with a street sweeper by the end of each production work shift.
- (2) The Permittee with less than 60 aggregate trucks, mixer trucks, or batch trucks exiting the facility on any day shall sweep the paved internal roads with a street sweeper by the end of every other work day. On the days that paved roads are not swept, The Permittee shall apply water as necessary to comply with Condition IV.A of this Attachment, on at least 100 feet of paved roads or the entire length of paved roads leading to an exit to paved roads leading to an exit to paved public roadways/paved areas accessible to the public, if such roadways are less than 100 feet long.
- (3) The Permittee, who purchases street sweepers after June 8, 2005, shall purchase street sweepers that meet the criteria of PM<sub>10</sub> efficient South Coast Air Quality Management Rule 1186 certified street sweepers.
- (4) The Permittee shall use South Coast Air Quality Management Rule 1186 certified street sweepers to sweep paved roads.

9. Pad Construction for Processing Equipment

The Permittee shall implement, maintain, and use fugitive dust control measures during the construction of pads for processing equipment and shall identify, in the Dust Control Plan, such fugitive dust control measures.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.7]

10. Spillage

In addition to complying with the fugitive dust emission limitations described in Condition IV.A of this Attachment and implementing fugitive dust control measures described in Conditions IV.B.1 through IV.B.9 of this Attachment, as applicable, the Permittee shall implement one of the following fugitive dust control measures, as applicable, when spillage occurs:

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.8]

- a. Promptly remove any pile of spillage on paved haul/access roads/paved internal roads; or
- b. Maintain in a stabilized condition any pile of spillage on paved haul/access roads/paved internal roads and remove such pile by the end of each day; and
- c. Maintain in a stabilized condition all other piles of spillage with dust suppressants until removal.

11. Night-Time Operations

The Permittee shall implement, maintain, and use fugitive dust control measures at night, as approved in the Dust Control Plan.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.9]

C. Monitoring, Recordkeeping, and Reporting

1. Fugitive Dust Control Technician

The Permittee with a rated or permitted capacity of 25 tons or more of material per hour shall have in place a Fugitive Dust Control Technician or his designee, who shall meet all of the following qualifications:

- a. *Be authorized by the Permittee to conduct routine inspections, recordkeeping, and reporting to ensure that all fugitive dust control measures are installed, maintained, and used in compliance with the conditions of this Attachment.*

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §309.1]

- b. *Be trained in accordance with the Comprehensive Dust Control Training Class conducted or approved by the Director, successfully completed, at least once every three years such Comprehensive Dust Control Training Class, and have a valid dust training certification identification card readily accessible on-site while acting as a Fugitive Dust Control Technician.*

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §309.2]

*Basic Dust Control Training Class:*

- (1) A site superintendent or other designated on-site representative of the Permittee, water truck drivers, and water pull drivers shall have completed the Basic Dust Control Training Class, as described in Condition IV.C.1.b.(2) through IV.C.1.b.(4) of this Attachment.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §401.4]
  - (2) At least once every three years, the site superintendent or other designated on-site representative of the Permittee, if present at a site that has more than one acre of disturbed surface area that is subject to a permit issued by the Director requiring control of PM<sub>10</sub> emissions from dust generating operation, shall successfully complete a Basic Dust Control Training Class conducted or approved by the Director.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §310.1]
  - (3) At least once every three years, water truck and water-pull drivers shall successfully complete a Basic Dust Control Training Class conducted or approved by the Director.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §310.2]
  - (4) All persons having successfully completed training during the 2006 and 2007 calendar years shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirement to successfully complete the Basic Dust Control Training Class, if the training that was completed was conducted or approved by the Director. Completion of the Comprehensive Dust Control Training Class, as required in Condition IV.C.1.b of this Attachment, shall satisfy the requirement of Section IV of this Attachment.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §310.3]
- c. Be authorized by the Permittee to install, maintain, and use fugitive dust control measures, deploy resources, and shutdown or modify activities as needed.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §309.3]
  - d. Be on-site at all times during primary dust generating operations related to the purposes for which the permit was obtained.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §309.4]
  - e. Be certified to determine opacity as visible emissions in accordance with the provisions of the EPA Method 9 as specified in 40 CFR, Part 60, Appendix A.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §309.5]
  - f. Be authorized by the Permittee to ensure that the site superintendent or other designated on-site representative of the Permittee and water truck,

and water pull drivers for each site be trained in accordance with the Basic Dust Control Training Class conducted or approved by the Director with jurisdiction over the site, and successfully complete, at least once every three years, such Basic Dust Control Training Class.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §309.6]

2. Opacity Monitoring

a. Opacity monitoring of fugitive visible emissions shall be conducted in accordance with the test methods described in Appendix C (Fugitive Dust Test Methods) of the Maricopa County Rules.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §502.2]

b. Each month, the Permittee shall monitor visible emissions from fugitive sources in accordance with Condition I.A of Attachment “B”.

[A.A.C. R18-2-306.A.3.c]

3. Dust Control Plan

a. The Permittee shall submit, to the Director, a Dust Control Plan that describes all fugitive dust control measures to be implemented, in order to comply with Conditions II.B.3, IV.A, IV.B, and IV.C.1 of this Attachment.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §311.1]

b. The Permittee shall submit to the Director a Dust Control Plan that describes all equipment associated with any process fugitive emissions to be implemented, in order to comply with Condition II.B.3 of this Attachment. If an alternative plan for conducting required soil moisture tests is approved by the Director, included in a Dust Control Plan, and implemented by the Permittee and if the Director determines that such alternative plan included in a Dust Control Plan has been followed, yet fugitive dust emissions still exceed the standards of Condition IV.A.1 of this Attachment, then the Director shall issue a written notice to the Permittee explaining such determination. The Permittee shall make written revisions to the Dust Control Plan and shall submit such revised Dust Control Plan to the Director within three working days of receipt of the Director’s written notice, unless such time period is extended by the Director, upon request, for good cause. During the time that such Permittee must still comply with all requirement of the Section IV of this Attachment.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §311.2]

c. The Dust Control Plan shall contain all the information described in Rule 310-Fugitive Dust from Dust Generating Operations from *Maricopa County Rules*.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §311.3]

d. All other criteria associated with the Dust Control Plan shall meet the criteria described in 310-Fugitive Dust from Dust Generating Operations from Maricopa County Rules.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §311.4]

e. The Director shall approve, disapprove, or conditionally approve the Dust Control Plan, in accordance with the criteria used to approve, disapprove, or conditionally approve a permit. Failure to comply with the provisions of an approved Dust Control Plan shall be deemed a violation of Section IV of this Attachment.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §311.5]

f. With each move notice regarding portable sources, the Permittee of a facility shall submit, to the Director, a Dust Control Plan that meets the requirements of Section IV of this Attachment.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §311.6]

4. Dust Control Plan Records

The Permittee shall compile, maintain, and retain a written record of self-inspection of all fugitive dust control measures implemented, in order to comply with the Dust Control Plan, on each day that the facility is actively operating. Self-inspection records shall include information as described in Rule 310 (Fugitive Dust) of the Maricopa County Rules.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.4]

5. Basic Dust Control Training Class Records

The Permittee shall compile, maintain, and retain written records for each employee subject to Condition IV.C.1.b.(1) through IV.C.1.b.(3) of this Attachment. Such written records shall include the name of the employee, the date of the Basic Dust Control Training Class that such employee successfully completed, and the name of the agency/representative who conducted such class.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.5]

6. Soil Moisture Testing For Watering Systems

a. If twice daily moisture sampling is required, such sampling shall be conducted within one hour of startup and again at 3 pm or within one hour prior to daily shutdown but no less frequently than once every 8-hour period.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §502.3.a]

b. If daily moisture sampling is required, such sampling shall be conducted within one hour after startup.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §502.3.b]

**D. Testing Requirements**

1. The Permittee shall conduct performance tests for soil stabilization and moisture content as required by the Director.

[A.A.C. R18-2-312]
  
2. To determine compliance with the fugitive dust emission limitations described in the stabilization standards described in Condition IV.A.5 of this Attachment, opacity observations shall be conducted in accordance with the techniques specified in Appendix C-Fugitive Dust Test Methods of the Maricopa County Rules.

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §503]

  - a. Soil Moisture Content and Soil Compaction Characteristic Test Methods

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §504]

    - (1) ASTM Method D2216-05 ("Standard Test Method For Laboratory Determination Of Water (Moisture) Content Of Soil And Rock By Mass"), 2005 edition.
    - (2) ASTM Method D1557-02e1 ("Test Method For Laboratory Compaction Characteristics Of Soil Using Modified Effort (56,000 ft-lbf/ft<sup>3</sup> (2,700 kN-m/m<sup>3</sup>))"), 2002 edition.
  
  - b. Stabilization Standards Test Methods

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §505]

    - (1) Appendix C, Section 2.1.2 (Silt Content Test Method) of the Maricopa County Rules to estimate the silt content of the trafficked parts of unpaved roads (not to exceed 6%) and unpaved parking lots (not to exceed 8%).
    - (2) Appendix C, Section 2.3 (Test Methods for Stabilization-Soil Crust Determination - The Drop Ball Test) of the Maricopa County Rules for soil crust.
    - (3) Appendix C, Section 2.4 (Test Methods for Stabilization-Determination of Threshold Friction Velocity (TFV) Sieving Field Procedure) of the Maricopa County Rules for TFV corrected for non-erodible elements of 100 cm/second or higher.
    - (4) Appendix C, Section 2.5 (Test Methods For Stabilization-Determination Of Flat Vegetative Cover) of the Maricopa County Rules for flat vegetation cover (i.e., attached (rooted) vegetation or unattached vegetative debris lying on the surface with a predominant horizontal orientation that is not subject to movement by wind) that is equal to at least 50%.
    - (5) Appendix C, Section 2.6 (Test Methods for Stabilization-Determination of Standing Vegetative Cover) of the Maricopa County Rules for standing vegetation cover (i.e., vegetation that

is attached (rooted) with a predominant vertical orientation) that is equal to or greater than 30%.

- (6) Appendix C, Section 2.6 (Test Methods For Stabilization-Determination Of Standing Vegetative Cover) of the Maricopa County Rules for standing vegetation cover (i.e., vegetation that is attached (rooted) with a predominant vertical orientation) that is equal to or greater than 10% and where the threshold friction velocity is equal to or greater than 43 cm/second when corrected for non-erodible elements.
- (7) Appendix C, Section 2.7 (Test Methods For Stabilization-Rock Test Method) of the Maricopa County Rules for a percent cover that is equal to or greater than 10%, for non-erodible elements.
- (8) An alternative test method approved in writing by the Director and the Administrator of the EPA.

**E. Facility Information Sign**

The Permittee shall erect and maintain a facility information sign at the main entrance such that members of the public can easily view and read the sign at all times. Such sign shall have a white background, have black block lettering that is at least four inches high, and shall contain at least all of the following information:

[Maricopa County Rule 316 §308]

1. Facility name and Permittee's name;
2. Current number of the air quality permit or of authority to operate under a general permit;
3. Name and local phone number of person(s) responsible for dust control matters; and
4. Text stating: "Dust complaints? Call Arizona Department of Environmental Quality 602-771-2286."

**F. Permit Shield**

Compliance with the Section IV of this Attachment shall be deemed compliance with Maricopa County Rule 316 §306.1, Maricopa County Rule 316 §306.2, Maricopa County Rule 316 §306.3, Maricopa County Rule 316 §306.4, Maricopa County Rule 316 §306.5, Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.1, Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.2, Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.3, Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.4, Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.5, Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.6, Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.7, Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.8, Maricopa County Rule 316 §307.9, Maricopa County Rule 316 §308, Maricopa County Rule 316 §309, Maricopa County Rule 316 §310, Maricopa County Rule 316 §311, Maricopa County Rule 316 §401.4, Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.4,

Maricopa County Rule 316 §501.5, Maricopa County Rule 316 §502.2, Maricopa County Rule 316 §502.3.a, Maricopa County Rule 316 §502.3.b, Maricopa County Rule 316 §503, Maricopa County Rule 316 §504 and Maricopa County Rule 316 §505.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

### III. OTHER PERIODIC ACTIVITY REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Abrasive Blasting

##### 1. Applicability

These conditions shall apply to all abrasive blasting operations unless they meet the following criteria:

a. Self-contained, enclosed abrasive blasting equipment that is not vented to the atmosphere or is vented inside a building with the exhaust directed away from any opening to the building exterior, or

b. Hydroblasting

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §103]

##### 2. Limitations for Blasting

All abrasive blasting operations shall be performed in a confined enclosure, unless one of the following conditions are met, in which case unconfined blasting according to Condition V.A.3 of this Attachment may be performed:

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §301]

a. The item to be blasted exceeds 8 feet in any one dimension, or

b. The surface being blasted is fixed in a permanent location, cannot easily be moved into a confined enclosure, and the surface is not normally dismantled or moved prior to abrasive blasting.

##### 3. Requirements for unconfined blasting:

At least one of the following control measures shall be used;

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §302]

a. Wet abrasive blasting,

b. Vacuum blasting, or

c. Dry abrasive blasting, provided that all of the following conditions are met:

(1) Perform only on a metal substrate.



- (2) Use only certified abrasive for dry unconfined blasting.
- (3) Blast only paint that is lead free (i.e. the lead content is less than 0.1 percent).
- (4) Perform the abrasive blasting operation directed away from unpaved surfaces.
- (5) Use the certified abrasive not more than once unless contaminants are separated from the abrasive through filtration and the abrasive conforms to its original size.

4. Requirements for confined blasting

Dry abrasive blasting in a confined enclosure with a forced air exhaust shall be conducted by implementing either of the following:

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §303]

- a. Using a certified abrasive, or
- b. Venting to an ECS.

5. Requirements for ECS and Monitoring Devices:

- a. The following requirements apply to blasting equipment that vents through a required ECS and requires a permit under Rule 200 of the Maricopa County Rules. Buildings or enclosures are not considered control equipment. Equipment that meets the following two criteria and is operated and maintained in accordance with manufacturer's specifications is exempt from the requirements of Section V of this Attachment:

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §304]

- (1) Is self-contained and the total internal volume of the blast section is 50 cubic feet or less, and
- (2) Is vented to an ECS.

- b. Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan Required for Emission Control System (ECS):

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §304.1]

- (1) The Permittee shall provide and maintain, readily available at all times, an O&M Plan for any ECS, other emission processing equipment, and ECS monitoring devices that are used pursuant to Condition V.A.5.b of this Attachment or to an air pollution control permit.
- (2) The Permittee shall submit to the Director for approval the O&M

Plans of each ECS and each ECS monitoring device that is used pursuant to Condition V.A.5 of this Attachment.

- (3) The Permittee shall comply with all the identified actions and schedules provided in each O&M Plan.

c. Installing and Maintaining ECS Monitoring Devices

The Permittee operating an ECS pursuant to Condition V of this Attachment shall properly install and maintain in calibration, in good working order and in operation, devices described in the facility's O&M Plan that indicate temperatures, pressures, rates of flow, or other operating conditions necessary to determine if air pollution control equipment is function properly.

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §304.2]

6. Opacity Limitation

The Permittee shall not discharge into the atmosphere from any abrasive blasting operation any air contaminant for an observation period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any sixty minute period an opacity equal to or greater than 20 percent. An indicated excess will considered to have occurred if any cumulative period of 15-second increments totaling more than three minutes within any sixty minute period was in excess of the opacity standard.

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §305]

7. Wind Event

No dry unconfined abrasive blasting operation shall be conducted during a wind event.

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §306]

8. Traffic Markers

Surface preparation for raised traffic delineating markers and pavement marking removal using abrasive blasting operations shall be performed by wet blasting, hydroblasting or vacuum blasting. Dry blasting may be performed using only certified abrasives when:

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §307]

- a. Removing pavement markings of less than 1,000 square feet;
- b. Performing surface preparation for raised traffic delineating markers of less than 1,000 square feet.

9. Work Practices

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §308]

a. Unconfined Blasting

The Permittee shall clean up spent abrasive material with a potential to be transported during a wind event and, until removal occurs, shall at a minimum, meet the provisions of Section V of this Attachment.

b. Confined Blasting

At the end of the work shift the Permittee shall clean up spillage, carry-out or trackout of any spent abrasive material with a potential to be transported during a wind event.

10. Monitoring, Recordkeeping and Reporting

At a minimum, the Permittee subject to this Condition shall keep the following records onsite that are applicable to all abrasive blasting operations. Additional reporting requirements are listed in Condition VI.A.2 of Attachment "B".

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §501]

a. If blasting operations occur daily or are a part of a facility's primary work activity, then the following shall be kept as a record:

- (1) A list of the blasting equipment,
- (2) The description of the type of blasting as confined, unconfined, sand, wet, or other,
- (3) The locations of the blasting equipment or specify if the equipment is portable,
- (4) A description of the ECS associated with the blasting operations,
- (5) The days of the week blasting occurs, and
- (6) The normal hours of operation.

b. If blasting operations occur periodically, then the following shall be kept as a record:

- (1) The date the blasting occurs,
- (2) The blasting equipment that is operating,
- (3) A description of the type of blasting, and
- (4) A description of the ECS associated with the blasting operations,

c. The type and amount of solid abrasive material consumed on a monthly

basis. Include name of certified abrasive used, as applicable.

- d. Safety Data Sheets (SDS) or results of any lead testing that was performed on paint that is to be removed via unconfined blasting, as applicable.

11. Records Retention

Copies of reports, logs, and supporting documentation required by this Condition shall be retained for at least 2 years.

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §502]

12. Compliance Determination

- a. Control Device Efficiency—Manufacturer’s specifications, testing results or engineering data that demonstrate control efficiency shall be submitted upon request of the Director.

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §503.1]

- b. Paint Lead Level—Prior to unconfined blasting of paint, the Permittee must be the generator with firsthand knowledge of lead content in the paint, or retain evidence of the lead level from the material SDS or from a lead test performed in accordance with Maricopa County Rule 312 §506.1 through Maricopa County Rule 312 §506.7. Unconfined blasting is prohibited if the lead content of the material is greater than 0.1 percent.

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §503.2]

13. Opacity Observations

Opacity shall be determined by observations of visible emissions conducted in accordance with EPA Reference Method 9 and with the following provisions:

[Maricopa County Rule 312 §505]

- a. Emissions from unconfined blasting shall be observed at the densest point of the emission from the closest point of discharge, after a major portion of the spent abrasives has fallen out.
- b. Emissions from unconfined blasting employing multiple nozzles shall be considered a single source unless it can be demonstrated by the Permittee that each nozzle, evaluated separately, meets the emission standards of Condition V.A of this Attachment.
- c. Emissions from confined blasting shall be observed at the densest point after the air contaminant leaves the enclosure or associated ECS.

14. Permit Shield

Compliance with the conditions of Section VI.A of this Attachment shall be deemed compliance with Maricopa County Rule 312 §103, Maricopa County Rule 312 §301, Maricopa County Rule 312 §302, Maricopa County Rule 312 §303, Maricopa County Rule 312 §304, Maricopa County Rule 312 §304.1, Maricopa County Rule 312 §304.2, Maricopa County Rule 312 §305, Maricopa County Rule 312 §306, Maricopa County Rule 312 §307, Maricopa County Rule 312 §308, Maricopa County Rule 312 §501, Maricopa County Rule 312 §502, Maricopa County Rule 312 §503.1 and 2, and Maricopa County Rule 312 §505.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

**B. Spray Coating Operations**

To limit the emission of particulate matter to the atmosphere from spray coating operations.  
[Maricopa County Rule 315§101]

1. Controls Required

The Permittee shall not use or operate any spray painting or spray coating equipment unless one of the following conditions is met:

a. Equipment Operated In Enclosures Located Outside a Building:

[Maricopa County Rule 315§301.1]

Spray coating equipment shall be operated inside an enclosure which has at least three sides a minimum of eight feet in height and able to contain any object or objects being coated.

(1) Three-Sided Enclosures:

Spray shall be directed in a horizontal or downward pointing manner so that overspray is directed at the walls or floor of the enclosure. No spraying shall be conducted within three feet of any open end or within two feet of the top of the enclosure.

(2) More Complete Enclosures:

For enclosures with three sides and a roof or complete enclosures, spray shall be directed into the enclosure so that the overspray is directed away from any opening in the enclosure. No spraying shall be conducted within three feet of any open end or within two feet of any open top of the enclosure.

b. Equipment Operated With Forced Air Exhaust Vented Directly Outside:

[Maricopa County Rule 315§301.2]

Any spray booth or enclosure with forced air exhaust must have a filtering system with average overspray removal efficiency of at least 92% by weight for the type of material being sprayed. No gaps, sags or holes shall be present in the filters and all exhaust must be discharged into the atmosphere. Spray Booths or enclosures utilizing a water curtain, waterfall or other means to capture particulates in a liquid medium shall effectively remove at least 92% of the overspray and be operated in a manner consistent with the manufacturer's specifications to achieve such efficiency for the type of material being sprayed.

2. Exemptions

[Maricopa County Rule 315 §302]

The controls required in Condition V.B.1 of this Attachment shall not apply if any of the following are applicable:

- a. To the spray coating of buildings or dwellings, including appurtenances and any other ornamental objects that are not normally removed prior to coating.
- b. To the spray coating of facility equipment or structures which are fixed in a permanent location and cannot easily be moved into an enclosure or spray booth and which are not normally dismantled or moved prior to coating.
- c. To the spray coating of objects which cannot fit inside of an enclosure with internal dimensions of 10'W x 25'L x 8'H.
- d. To enclosures and spray booths and exhausts located entirely in a completely enclosed building, providing that any vents or openings do not allow overspray to be emitted into the outside air.
- e. To any coating operations utilizing only hand-held aerosol cans.

3. Permit Shield

Compliance with the conditions of Section V.B of this Attachment shall be deemed compliance with Maricopa County Rule 315 §101, Maricopa County Rule 315 §301.1, Maricopa County Rule 315 §301.2 and Maricopa County Rule 315 §302.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

ATTACHMENT “D”: ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS FOR OPERATIONS INSIDE PIMA COUNTY

**I. APPLICABILITY**

While operating in Pima County the Permittee shall comply with the Conditions set forth in Attachment “B” and Attachment “D”. Whenever more than one Condition in this Attachment regulating the same emissions applies to any emissions unit, or whenever a Condition in this Attachment and a Condition in Attachment "B" regulating the same emissions applies to any emissions unit, the Condition or combination of Conditions resulting in the lowest emissions rate or lowest concentration of regulated air pollutants released to the atmosphere shall apply, unless otherwise specifically exempted or designated in the applicable permit Conditions.

**II. CONCRETE BATCH PLANTS**

**A. Emission Limitations**

Fugitive emissions from concrete batch plants shall be controlled in accordance with Condition III of this Attachment and Condition III of Attachment “B”.

[P.C.C. 17.16.380]

**B. Permit Shield**

Compliance with Condition II of this Attachment shall be deemed compliance with P.C.C. 17.16.380.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

**III. FUGITIVE DUST REQUIREMENTS**

**A. Fugitive Dust Producing Activities**

[P.C.C. §§ 17.16.060]

1. The Permittee shall control windblown dust, dust from haul roads, and dust emitted from land clearing, earthmoving, demolition, trenching, blasting, road construction, mining, racing event, and other activities, as applicable.
2. Until the area becomes permanently stabilized by paving, landscaping or otherwise, dust emissions shall be controlled by applying adequate amounts of water, chemical stabilizer, or other effective dust suppressant.
3. The Permittee shall not leave land in such a state that fugitive dust emissions (including windblown dust or dust caused by vehicular traffic on the area) would violate this permit. (Ord. 1994-83 § 50, 1994; Ord. 1993-128 § 4, 1993; Ord. 1979-93 (part), 1979)

**B. Vacant Lots and Open Spaces**

[P.C.C. 17.16.080]

1. The Permittee shall minimize dust emissions from the construction, use, alteration, repair, demolition, clearing, leveling, or excavation of any vacant lot, parking area, housing plot, building site, sales lot, playground, livestock feedlot, or other open area, other than those solely used for soil-cultivation or vegetative crop-producing and harvesting agricultural purposes, by intermittently applying water or other effective dust suppressants to the area, paving, detouring, barring access, or other equivalently effective controls.
2. No vacant lot, housing plot, building site, parking area, sales lot, playground, livestock feedlot, or other open area - other than those used solely for soil-cultivation or vegetative crop-producing and harvesting agricultural purposes - shall be left in such a state after construction, alteration, clearing, leveling, or excavation that naturally induced wind blowing over the area causes visible emissions of airborne dust to diffuse beyond the property lines within which the emissions become airborne. Dust emissions must be permanently suppressed by landscaping, covering with gravel or vegetation, paving, or applying equivalently effective controls.
3. Section III.B of this Attachment shall not apply when wind speeds exceed twenty-five miles per hour (as recorded by the National Weather Service or as estimated by an enforcement officer using the Beaufort Scale of Wind Speed Equivalents) unless control measures have not been taken or were not commensurate with the size or scope of the sources of dust.

**C. Roads and Streets**

[P.C.C. 17.16.090]

1. Dust emissions from the construction phase of a new road must be minimized by applying the same measures specified in Condition III.A of this Attachment.
2. No new unpaved private driveway shall be constructed unless the road will not be used by more vehicular traffic than that associated with a one or two family private residence, and the road will not be adjacent to any recreational, institutional, educational, or retail sales facility.
3. No new unpaved service road or unpaved haul road shall be constructed unless dust will be suppressed after construction by intermittently watering, limiting access, or applying chemical dust suppressants to the road, in such a way that visible dust emissions caused by vehicular traffic on the road do not violate Section III.C of this Attachment.
4. No new road other than a private driveway shall be constructed unless the paving specifications are those defined by, or equivalent to those of, the planning department or highway department of the jurisdictional agency.
5. The surfacing of roadways with asbestos tailings is prohibited.



**D. Particulate Materials**

[P.C.C. 17.16.100]

1. Dust emissions from construction activity shall be effectively controlled by applying adequate amounts of water or other equivalently effective dust controls.
2. Dust emissions from the transportation of materials shall be effectively controlled by covering stock loads in open-bodied trucks, limiting vehicular speeds, or other equivalently effective controls.
3. Emissions from a sandblasting or other abrasive blasting operation shall be effectively controlled by applying water to suppress visible emissions (wet blasting), enclosing the operation, or use of other equivalently effective controls.

**E. Permit Shield**

Compliance with Section III of this Attachment shall be deemed compliance with P.C.C. 17.16.060, P.C.C. 17.16.080, P.C.C. 17.16.090, and P.C.C. 17.16.100.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

**IV. OTHER SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS**

**A. Fuel Requirements**

[P.C.C. 17.16.010.C]

The Permittee of any portable or stationary equipment, which burns any material, except natural gas, shall keep complete records of the materials used as fuel.

**B. Opacity Limitations**

1. The Permittee shall not cause or permit the effluent from a single emission point, multiple emission point, or fugitive emissions source to have an average optical density equal to or greater than the opacity limiting standards specified in TABLE 4 at the end of Condition IV.B of this Attachment, or as otherwise specified in this permit, subject to the following provisions:

[P.C.C. 17.16.040]

- a. *Opacities (optical densities), as measured in accordance with Method 9, of an effluent shall be measured by a certified visible emissions evaluator with his natural eyes, approximately following the procedures which were used during his certification, or by an approved and precisely calibrated in-stack monitoring instrument.*
- b. *A violation of an opacity standard shall be determined by measuring and recording a set of consecutive, instantaneous opacities, and calculating the arithmetic average of the measurements within the set unless otherwise noted herein. The measurements shall be made at approximately fifteen-second intervals for a period of at least six minutes, and the number of required measurements shall be as specified in TABLE 4. Sets need not be consecutive in time, and in no case shall two sets overlap. If the*

*average opacity of the set of instantaneous measurements exceeds the maximum allowed by any rule, this shall constitute a violation.*

- c. *The use of air or other gaseous diluents solely for the purpose of achieving compliance with an opacity standard is prohibited.*
  - d. *When the presence of uncombined water is the only reason for failure of a source to otherwise meet the requirements of this article, this article shall not apply.*
2. Except for sources located within the boundaries of the Tohono O'Odham, Pasqua-Yaqui, and San Xavier Indian Reservations, opacity of an emission from any non-point source, as measured in accordance with the Arizona Testing manual, Reference Method 9, shall not exceed the following:
- [P.C.C. 17.16.050.B]
- a. *20 percent for such non-point sources in Eastern Pima County, east of the eastern boundary of the Tohono O'Odham Reservations.*
  - b. *40 percent for such non-point sources in all other areas of Pima County.*

TABLE 4: EMISSIONS-DISCHARGE OPACITY LIMITING STANDARDS

Type of Source	Instantaneous Opacity Measurements			Maximum Allowable Average Opacity, %
	Required No. (For a Set)	Excluded No. (Highest Values)	No. to Use For Averaging	
<b>Cold Diesel Engines</b> <sup>1</sup>	25	0	25	60
<b>Loaded Diesel Engines</b> <sup>2</sup>	26	1	25	60
<b>Other Sources</b> <sup>3</sup>	25	0	25	20

<sup>1</sup> Applicable to the first 10 consecutive minutes after starting up a diesel engine.  
<sup>2</sup> Applicable to a diesel engine being accelerated under load.  
<sup>3</sup> Any source not otherwise specifically covered within this table.

C. Visibility Limiting Standard

[Pima County Applicable SIP Rule 343 and P.C.C. §§ 17.16.050]

- 1. The Permittee shall not cause, suffer, allow or permit operations or activities likely to result in excessive amounts of airborne dust without taking reasonable precautions to prevent excessive amounts of particulate matter from becoming airborne.
- 2. Opacity of an emission from any non-point source shall not be greater than 40 percent measured in accordance with the Arizona Testing Manual, Reference

Method 9.

3. Open fires permitted according to Chapter 17.12 of the Pima County Regulations are exempt from the requirements of this Section.
4. The Permittee shall not cause or permit the airborne diffusion of visible emissions, including fugitive dust, beyond the property boundary line within which the emissions became airborne.
  - a. *In actual practice, the airborne diffusion of visible emissions across property lines shall be prevented by appropriately controlling the emissions at the point of discharge, or ceasing entirely the activity or operation which is causing or contributing to the emissions.*
  - b. *Condition IV.C.4. shall not apply when the naturally induced wind speed exceeds 25 miles per hour as estimated by a certified visible emission evaluator using the Beaufort Scale of Wind-Speed Equivalents, or as recorded by a U.S. Weather Bureau Section or a U.S. Government military installation.*
  - c. *The exception in Condition IV.C.4.b shall not apply to the demolition, destruction, transport, or pulverization of structures containing friable asbestos materials, and all dust producing activities associated with such sources shall be halted when the wind is causing or contributing visible emissions to cross beyond the property lines within which the emissions discharge.*
  - d. *Any disregard of, neglect of, or inattention to other controls required herein, during any time when Condition IV.C.4.b is in effect, shall automatically waive the exception in Condition IV.C.4.b, and such relaxation of controls shall be a violation.*
5. Condition IV.B of this Attachment shall not apply to the generation of airborne particulate matter from undisturbed land.

**D. Permit Shield**

Compliance with Conditions of this Section shall be deemed compliance with P.C.C. §§ 17.16.050 and SIP Rule 343.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]

ATTACHMENT "E": ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS FOR OPERATIONS INSIDE PINAL COUNTY

**I. APPLICABILITY**

While operating in Pinal County the Permittee shall comply with the Conditions set forth in Attachment "B" and Attachment "E". Whenever more than one Condition in this Attachment regulating the same emissions applies to any emissions unit, or whenever a Condition in this Attachment and a Condition in Attachment "B" regulating the same emissions applies to any emissions unit, the Condition or combination of Conditions resulting in the lowest emissions rate or lowest concentration of regulated air pollutants released to the atmosphere shall apply, unless otherwise specifically exempted or designated in the applicable permit Conditions.

[A.R.S. § 49-402(D)]

**II. FUGITIVE EMISSIONS REQUIREMENTS**

**Particulate Matter Emissions**

**A. Emission Limitations/Standards**

[Pinal County Code 4-2-040]

1. The Permittee shall not cause, suffer, allow, or permit a building or its appurtenances, subdivision site, driveway, parking area, vacant lot or sales lot, or an urban or suburban open area to be constructed, used, altered, repaired, demolished, cleared, or leveled, or the earth to be moved or excavated, or fill dirt to be deposited, without taking reasonable precautions to effectively prevent fugitive dust from becoming airborne.
2. The Permittee shall not disturb or remove soil or natural cover from any area without taking reasonable precautions to effectively prevent fugitive dust from becoming airborne.

**B. Monitoring and Record Keeping Requirements**

[Pinal County Code 4-2-050]

1. Opacity observations shall not be made or additional preventive measures required when the wind speed instantaneously exceeds 25 mph or when the average wind speed is greater than 15 mph.
2. The average wind speed determination shall be on a 60 minute average from the nearest Air Quality Control District monitoring station or by a wind instrument located at the site being checked.

**C. Permit Shield**

Compliance with the conditions of Section II of this Attachment and the Conditions of Attachment "B" shall be deemed compliance with Pinal County Code 4-2-040 and 4-2-050.

[A.A.C. R18-2-325]



ATTACHMENT “C”: EQUIPMENT LIST

<b>EQUIPMENT TYPE</b>	<b>MAX. CAPACITY (Cubic Yards Per Day)</b>	<b>MAKE</b>	<b>MODEL</b>	<b>SERIAL NUMBER</b>	<b>INSTALLATION / MFG. DATE</b>	<b>EQUIPMENT ID NUMBER</b>	<b>A.A.C. / NSPS / NESHAP</b>
Concrete Batch Plant	3600	WEMCO	WEMCO 12	15-892151	1989	95601	A.A.C. R18-2-606 A.A.C. R18-2-311 CFR 40 Subpart OOO
Tilting Mixer	3600	Rex	12 CY	120DPR541	1989	95601	A.A.C. R18-2-606 A.A.C. R18-2-311 CFR 40 Subpart OOO
Over Bin and Conveyor	3600	C&S	100-foot Stacker		1994	612	A.A.C. R18-2-606 A.A.C. R18-2-311 CFR 40 Subpart OOO
Dust Collector	3600	C&W	CP-1800	CP-2160-4052	1998	98603	A.A.C. R18-2-606 A.A.C. R18-2-311 CFR 40 Subpart OOO