

# DRAFT PERMIT

# STATE OF ARIZONA AQUIFER PROTECTION PERMIT NO. P-101563 PLACE ID 1521, LTF 82485 SIGNIFICANT AMENDMENT

#### 1.0 AUTHORIZATION

In compliance with the provisions of Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) Title 49, Chapter 2, Articles 1, 2, and 3, Arizona Administrative Code (A.A.C.) Title 18, Chapter 9, Articles 1 and 2, A.A.C. Title 18, Chapter 11, Article 4 and amendments thereto, and the conditions set forth in this permit, the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) hereby authorizes the Fountain Hills Sanitary District to operate the Fountain Hills Sanitary District Wastewater Treatment Plant, located at 16941 East Pepperwood Circle, in the Town of Fountain Hills, in Maricopa County, Arizona, over groundwater of the Phoenix Active Management Area (AMA) in Township 3 N, Range 6 E, Section 11, Gila and Salt River Base Line and Meridian.

This permit becomes effective on the date of the Water Quality Division Director's signature and shall be valid for the life of the facility (operational, closure, and post-closure periods) unless suspended or revoked pursuant to A.A.C. R18-9-A213. The permittee shall construct, operate and maintain the permitted facilities:

- 1. Following all the conditions of this permit including the design and operational information documented or referenced below, and
- 2. Such that Aquifer Water Quality Standards (AWQS) are not violated at the applicable point(s) of compliance (POC) set forth below or if an AWQS for a pollutant has been exceeded in an aquifer at the time of permit issuance, that no additional degradation of the aquifer relative to that pollutant and as determined at the applicable POC occurs as a result of the discharge from the facility.

#### 1.1. PERMITTEE INFORMATION

Facility Name:	Fountain Hills Sanitary	District Wastewater	Treatment Plant	(WWTP)

**Facility Address:** 16941 East Pepperwood Circle

Fountain Hills, Arizona 85268

County: Maricopa

**Permitted Flow Rate:** 3,300,000 gallons per day (gpd)

Permittee: Fountain Hills Sanitary District
Permittee Address: 16941 East Pepperwood Circle
Fountain Hills, Arizona 85268

Facility Contact: Ms. Dana Trompke, P.E. District Manager

**Emergency Phone No.:** (480) 837-9444

**Latitude/Longitude:** 33° 36′ 53.1″ N/ 111° 42′ 50.2″ W

**Legal Description:** Township 3 N, Range 6 E, Section 11of the Gila and Salt River Base Line and

Meridian.

#### 1.2. AUTHORIZING SIGNATURE

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revor Baggiore, Director	
ater Quality Division	
rizona Department of Environmental Quality	
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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	ORIZATION	
1.1. PER	MITTEE INFORMATION	1
1.2. AUT	THORIZING SIGNATURE	1
2.0 SPECI	FIC CONDITIONS	4
	CILITY / SITE DESCRIPTION	
2.1.1.	Annual Registration Fee	
2.1.2.	Financial Capability	
	T AVAILABLE DEMONSTRATED CONTROL TECHNOLOGY (BADCT)	
2.2.1.	Engineering Design	
2.2.2.	Site-Specific Characteristics	
2.2.3.	Pre-Operational Requirements.	
2.2.4.	Operational Requirements	
2.2.5.	Reclaimed Water Classification	5
2.2.6.	Certified Areawide Water Quality Management Plan Conformance	6
2.3. DISC	CHARGE LIMITATIONS	
2.4. POII	NT OF COMPLIANCE (POC)	6
2.5. MO	NITORING REQUIREMENTS	
2.5.1.	Pre-Operational Monitoring.	7
2.5.2.	Routine Discharge Monitoring	7
2.5.3.	Reclaimed Water Monitoring	
2.5.4.	Facility / Operational Monitoring	7
2.5.5.	Groundwater Monitoring And Sampling Protocols	8
2.5.5.1.	POC Well Replacement	8
2.5.6.	Surface Water Monitoring And Sampling Protocols	
2.5.7.	Analytical Methodology	
2.5.8.	Installation And Maintenance Of Monitoring Equipment	
	TINGENCY PLAN REQUIREMENTS	
2.6.1.	General Contingency Plan Requirements	
2.6.2.	Exceeding Of Alert Levels And Performance Levels	
2.6.2.1.		
2.6.2.2.		
2.6.2 2.6.2.3.		
2.6.2		
2.6.2		
	3.3. Alert Levels To Protect Downgradient Users From Pollutants Without Numeric Aquifer Water Q	
	Standards	11
2.6.2		
2.6.3.	Discharge Limit Violation	
2.6.4.	Aquifer Quality Limit Violation	
2.6.5.	Emergency Response And Contingency Requirements For Unauthorized Discharges	
2.6.5.1.	$\sim$ 1	
2.6.5.2.	0 J -	
2.6.5.3.		
2.6.5.4.	1 0 1	
2.6.6.	Corrective Actions	
	ORTING AND RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS	
2.7.1.	Self-Monitoring Report Form	
2.7.2.	Operation Inspection / Log Book Recordkeeping	
2.7.3.	Permit Violation And Alert Level Status Reporting	16

# DRAFT PERMIT NO. P-101563



2.7.4.	Operational, Other Or Miscellaneous Reporting	
2.7.5.	Reporting Location	
2.7.6.	Reporting Deadline	
2.7.7.	Changes To Facility Information In Section 1.0	
	MPORARY CESSATION	
	OSURE	
2.9.1.	Closure Plan	
2.9.2.	Closure Completion	
2.10. PO	ST-CLOSURE	
2.10.1.	Post-Closure Completion	
	PLIANCE SCHEDULE	
4.0 TABL	ES OF MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	21
	E-OPERATIONAL MONITORING (OR CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS)	
4.2. CO	MPLIANCE OR OPERATIONAL MONITORING	22
5.0 REFE	RENCES AND PERTINENT INFORMATION	37
	FICATION PROVISIONS	
	NUAL REGISTRATION FEES	
	TY TO COMPLY	
	TY TO PROVIDE INFORMATIONMPLIANCE WITH AQUIFER WATER QUALITY STANDARDS	
	CHNICAL AND FINANCIAL CAPABILITY	
	PORTING OF BANKRUPTCY OR ENVIRONMENTAL ENFORCEMENT	
	ONITORING AND RECORDS	
	PECTION AND ENTRY	
	TY TO MODIFY	
	RMIT ACTION: AMENDMENT, TRANSFER, SUSPENSION, AND REVOCATION	
	TIONAL PERMIT CONDITIONS	
	HER INFORMATION	
	VERABILITY	
	RMIT TRANSFER	
7.3.		, 54
	TABLE OF TABLES	
TABLE 1: DISC	CHARGING FACILITIES	4
TABLE 2: POIN	VT(S) OF COMPLIANCE	6
	ELERATED MONITORING - ALERT LEVEL EXCEEDANCE	
TABLE 4: ACC	ELERATED MONITORING - AQUIFER QUALITY LIMIT VIOLATION	13
	RTERLY REPORTING DEADLINES	
,	II-)ANNUAL REPORTING DEADLINES	
	TINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (WWTP)	
	TINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (AWTF)	
	LAIMED WATER MONITORING TABLE – CLASS A+	
	CLAIMED WATER MONITORING TABLE – CLASS A+	
	OUNDWATER MONITORING – GROUNDWATER LEVEL	
	OUNDWATER MONITORING	
TABLE 13 FAC	CILITY INSPECTION AND OPERATIONAL MONITORING	31



# 2.0 SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

[A.R.S. §§ 49-203(4), 49-241(A)]

#### 2.1. FACILITY / SITE DESCRIPTION

[A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(8)]

The Fountain Hills Sanitary District Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP) has the capacity to collect and treat up to a maximum monthly average flow (MMAF) of 3.3 million gallons per day (mgd) and an average annual daily flow (AADF) of 2.9 mgd of wastewater. The facility consists of a Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP) and an Advanced Water Treatment Facility (AWTF), which provides ultrafiltration and disinfection for up to 2.9 mgd of effluent. The WWTP and the AWTF are classified as producing Class A+ reclaimed water pursuant to A.A.C. R18 11 Article 3.

The WWTP process consists of an influent pump station with new pumps, headworks with fine screens and grit removal, a flow equalization basin, two aeration basins, three secondary clarifiers, rapid mix-flocculation basins, disk filters, a chlorine contact basin and an effluent pump station. The sludge handling process includes two aerobic digesters, two new disk thickeners and two new screw presses for sludge dewatering. In case of an emergency, a lined basin located on-site may be used to store excess effluent or improperly treated wastewater.

The AWTF process consists of membrane feed pumps, strainers, a 3.0 mgd ultrafiltration system, an ultraviolet (UV) disinfection system, a backup chlorination system, and a product water pump station. Effluent is discharged from either the WWTP or the AWTF, but is not typically discharged from both locations at the same time.

Effluent may be reused for beneficial purposes under a valid reclaimed water permit. Up to 2.9 mgd of unchlorinated effluent from the tertiary filters may be routed to the AWTF for ultrafiltration and UV disinfection. Effluent from the AWTF is then injected into the aquifer via five (5) aquifer storage and recovery (ASR) wells or reused for beneficial purposes. Groundwater recovered through the ASR wells (ASR-1, ASR-2, ASR-3, ASR-4 and ASR-5) is restricted to non-potable uses only.

Water recharged to the aquifer may later be recovered via the (ASR) wells. Aquifer storage of effluent is limited to 2,240.6 acre-feet per year under an Arizona Department of Water Resources (ADWR) Underground Storage Facility (USF) permit.

Sewage sludge is thickened, digested, dewatered, and hauled off-site for disposal. All industrial hookups and other non-residential hookups to the treatment system shall be authorized according to the applicable federal, state or local regulations.

ADEQ has reviewed and approved the following changes under this permit amendment:

- 1. Change Total Coliform to Fecal Coliform in the Groundwater Monitoring Table;
- 2. Remove Enteric Virus Monitoring from the Groundwater Monitoring Table;
- 3. Add total nitrogen and fecal coliform monitoring to the Reclaimed Water Monitoring Table.

The site includes the following permitted discharging facilities:

Table 1: DISCHARGING FACILITIES							
Facility	Latitude	Longitude	Screened Interval <sub>1</sub> (Ft bgs) <sub>2</sub>				
WWTP	33° 36′ 53.1″N	111° 42′ 50.2″W	N/A				
AWTF	33° 35′ 57.0″N	111° 42′ 53.4″W		N/A			
ASR #1	33° 36′ 8.81″N	111° 42′ 49.39W	400-480	560-640	680-720		
ASR #2	33° 36′ 11.63″N	111° 42′ 32.31″W	440-520	500-600	620-740		
ASR #3	33° 35′ 59.49″N	111° 42′ 54.57″W	523-643				
ASR #4	33° 36′ 20.93″N	111° 42′ 45.62″W		500-740			
ASR #5	33° 36′ 16.13″N	111° 43′ 12.51″W	540-720	) 8	00-980		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Construction information from Imaged Records on the ADWR Website.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sub>2</sub>Ft bgs = Feet below ground surface



# 2.1.1. Annual Registration Fee

[A.R.S. § 49-242 and A.A.C. R18-14-104]

The annual registration fee for this permit is payable to ADEQ each year. The annual registration fee flow rate is established in permit Section 1.1. If the facility is not constructed or is incapable of discharge, the permittee may be eligible for reduced fees under the rule. Send all correspondence requesting reduced fees to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream. Please reference the permit number, LTF number, and the reason for requesting reduced fees under the rule.

# 2.1.2. Financial Capability

[A.R.S. § 49-243(N) and A.A.C. R18-9-A203]

The permittee has demonstrated financial capability under A.R.S. § 49-243(N) and A.A.C. R18-9-A203. The estimated dollar amount for facility closure is \$4,951,708.00. The financial capability was demonstrated through A.A.C. R18-9-A203(B)(1)and(2).

## 2.2. BEST AVAILABLE DEMONSTRATED CONTROL TECHNOLOGY (BADCT)

[A.R.S. § 49-243(B) and A.A.C. R18-9-A202(A)(5)]

The WWTP shall be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained to meet the treatment performance criteria for new facilities as specified in A.A.C. R18-9-B204.

The facility shall meet the requirements for pretreatment by conducting monitoring as per R18-9-B204(B)(6)(b)(iii).

#### 2.2.1. Engineering Design

The WWTP was designed as per the design report prepared and stamped, dated, and signed (sealed) by George Shirley, P.E. (Professional Engineer), of Carollo Engineers, dated March 5, 2008, and subsequent sealed submittals that served as additions to the design report. This amendment was designed as per the design report prepared and sealed by Dana R. Trompke, P.E., of Carollo Engineers, dated January 9, 2017.

# 2.2.2. Site-Specific Characteristics

Site specific characteristics were not used to determine BADCT.

#### 2.2.3. Pre-Operational Requirements

Not applicable.

#### 2.2.4. Operational Requirements

- The permittee shall maintain a copy of the up-to-date operations and maintenance manual at the treatment facility site at all times; the manual shall be available upon request during inspections by ADEQ personnel.
- 2. The pollution control structures shall be inspected for the items listed in Section 4.2, Table 13.
- 3. If any damage of the pollution control structures is identified during inspection, proper repair procedures shall be performed. All repair procedures and materials used shall be documented in the facility log book as per Section 2.7.2 and reported to ADEQ in the event of a violation or exceedance as per Section 2.7.3.

#### 2.2.5. Reclaimed Water Classification

[A.A.C. R18-9-B701(C)(2)(a), A.A.C. R18-11-303 through 307]

The WWTP is rated as producing reclaimed water meeting the Class A+ Reclaimed Water Quality Standards (A.A.C. R18-11, Article 3) which may be used for any allowable Class A, B, or C use under a valid reclaimed water permit (A.A.C. R18-9, Article 7).



# 2.2.6. Certified Areawide Water Quality Management Plan Conformance

[A.A.C. R18-9-A201(B)(6)(a)]

Facility operations must conform to the approved Certified Areawide Water Quality Management Plan according to the 208 consistency determination in place at the time of permit issuance.

#### 2.3. DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS

[A.R.S. §§ 49-201(14), 49-243 and A.A.C. R18-9-A205(B)]

- 1. The permittee is authorized to operate the treatment facility with a maximum average monthly flow of 3.3 mgd.
- 2. The permittee shall notify all users that the materials authorized to be disposed of through the treatment facility are typical household sewage and pre-treated commercial wastewater and shall not include motor oil, gasoline, paints, varnishes, hazardous wastes, solvents, pesticides, fertilizers or other materials not generally associated with toilet flushing, food preparation, laundry facilities and personal hygiene.
- 3. The permittee shall operate and maintain all permitted facilities to prevent unauthorized discharges pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-201(12) resulting from failure or bypassing of applicable BADCT.
- 4. Specific discharge limitations are listed in Section 4.2, Table 7: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (WWTP) and Table 8: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (AWTF).

# 2.4. POINT OF COMPLIANCE (POC)

[A.R.S. § 49-244]

The Points of Compliance (POCs) have been established at the following locations:

Table 2: POINT(S) OF COMPLIANCE						
POC#	POC Type	Latitude (North)	Longitude (West)	ADWR Well Registration Number	Screen Intervals (ft bgs)	
FHMW-14	Not Applicable	33° 35′ 40″ N	111° 42′ 15″ W	55-576763	429-489	
FHMW-2	Hazardous	33° 36′ 11″ N	111° 42′ 51″ W	55-576764	426-486	
FHMW- 4R5	Hazardous	33° 36′ 05″ N	111° 42′ 32″ W	55-907272	410-420 430-450 460-470 480-490	
FHMW-5	Hazardous	33° 35′ 54″ N	111° 42′ 52″ W	55-579820	430-490	
FHMW-6	Hazardous	33° 36′ 09″ N	111° 43′ 10″ W	55-907271	430-510	

Groundwater monitoring is required at the POCs as described in Section 4.2, Table 12. The Director may amend this permit to designate additional points of compliance if information on groundwater gradients or groundwater usage indicates the need. Groundwater recovered through the Fountain Hills Sanitary District's aquifer storage and recovery wells (ASR-1, ASR-2, ASR-3, ASR-4 and ASR-5) shall be restricted to non-potable uses only.

<sup>3</sup>Construction information came from Imaged Records from the ADWR Website.

<sup>4</sup>FHMW-1 is not a POC well; it only monitors water levels

<sup>5</sup>The former POC Well FHMW-4 was replaced by POC Well FHMW-4R



# 2.5. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

[A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(1), A.A.C. R18-9-A206(A)]

Unless otherwise specified in this permit, all monitoring required in this permit shall continue for the duration of the permit, regardless of the status of the facility. Unless otherwise provided, monitoring shall commence the first full monitoring period following permit issuance. All sampling, preservation and holding times shall be in accordance with currently accepted standards of professional practice. Trip blanks, equipment blanks and duplicate samples shall also be obtained, and Chain-of-Custody procedures shall be followed, in accordance with currently accepted standards of professional practice. Copies of laboratory analyses and Chain-of-Custody forms shall be maintained at the permitted facility. Upon request, these documents shall be made immediately available for review by ADEQ personnel.

#### 2.5.1. Pre-Operational Monitoring

Not applicable

## 2.5.2. Routine Discharge Monitoring

The permittee shall monitor the wastewater according to Section 4.2, Table 7: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (WWTP) and Table 8: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (AWTF). Representative samples of the wastewater shall be collected at the point of discharge from the chlorine contact chamber at the WWTP and/or from the point of discharge from the UV disinfection unit or the backup chlorination unit at the AWTF.

# 2.5.3. Reclaimed Water Monitoring

The permittee shall monitor the parameters listed under Table 9: RECLAIMED WATER MONITORING TABLE – CLASS A+ and Table 10: RECLAIMED WATER MONITORING TABLE – CLASS A+ in addition to the routine discharge monitoring parameters listed in Table 7: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (WWTP) and Table 8: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (AWTF). Representative samples of the reclaimed water shall be collected at the point of discharge from the chlorine contact chamber at the WWTP and/or from the point of discharge from the UV disinfection unit at the AWTF. For turbidity only, representative samples shall be collected at the effluent channel from the tertiary filters at the WWTP and/or at the effluent piping from the ultrafiltration system at the AWTF depending upon location of discharge.

#### 2.5.4. Facility / Operational Monitoring

Operational monitoring inspections shall be conducted according to Section 4.2, Table 13 FACILITY INSPECTION AND OPERATIONAL MONITORING.

If any damage of the pollution control structures is identified during inspection, proper repair procedures shall be performed. All repair procedures and materials used shall be documented in the facility log book as per Section 2.7.2 and reported to ADEQ in case of a violation or exceedance as per Section 2.7.3.



#### 2.5.5. Groundwater Monitoring And Sampling Protocols

The permittee shall monitor the groundwater according to Section 4.2, Table 11 and Table 12.

Static water levels shall be measured and recorded prior to sampling. Wells shall be purged of at least three borehole volumes (as calculated using the static water level) or until field parameters (pH, temperature, and conductivity) are stable, whichever represents the greater volume. If evacuation results in the well going dry, the well shall be allowed to recover to 80 percent of the original borehole volume, or for 24 hours, whichever is shorter, prior to sampling. If after 24 hours there is not sufficient water for sampling, the well shall be recorded as "dry" for the monitoring event. An explanation for reduced pumping volumes, a record of the volume pumped, and modified sampling procedures shall be reported and submitted with the SMRF.

The permittee may conduct the sampling using the low-flow purging method as described in the Arizona Water Resources Research Center, March 1995 Field Manual for Water Quality Sampling. The well must be purged until indicator parameters stabilize. Indicator parameters shall include dissolved oxygen, turbidity, pH, temperature, and conductivity.

## 2.5.5.1. POC Well Replacement

In the event that one or more of the designated POC wells should become unusable or inaccessible due to damage, exceedance of an alert level (AL) for water level as required by Section 2.6.2.3.4, or any other event, a replacement POC well shall be constructed and installed upon approval by ADEQ. If the replacement well is fifty feet or less from the original well, the ALs and/or aquifer quality limits (AQLs) calculated for the designated POC well shall apply to the replacement well.

#### 2.5.6. Surface Water Monitoring And Sampling Protocols

Routine surface water monitoring is not required under the terms of this permit.

#### 2.5.7. Analytical Methodology

All samples collected for compliance monitoring shall be analyzed using Arizona state-approved methods. If no state-approved method exists, then any appropriate EPA-approved method shall be used. Regardless of the method used, the detection limits must be sufficient to determine compliance with the regulatory limits of the parameters specified in this permit. If all methods have detection limits higher than the applicable limit, the permittee shall follow the applicable contingency requirements of Section 2.6 and may propose "other actions" including amending the permit to set higher limits. Analyses shall be performed by a laboratory licensed by the Arizona Department of Health Services, Office of Laboratory Licensure and Certification. For results to be considered valid, all analytical work shall meet quality control standards specified in the approved methods. A list of state-certified laboratories in Arizona can be obtained at the address below:

Arizona Department of Health Services
Office of Laboratory Licensure and Certification
250 North 17th Avenue
Phoenix, Arizona 85007
Phone: (602) 364-0720

#### 2.5.8. Installation And Maintenance Of Monitoring Equipment

Monitoring equipment required by this permit shall be installed and maintained so that representative samples required by the permit can be collected. If new groundwater wells are determined to be necessary, the construction details shall be submitted to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream for approval prior to installation and the permit shall be amended to include any new monitoring points.



# 2.6. CONTINGENCY PLAN REQUIREMENTS

[A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(3), (K)(7) and A.A.C. R18-9-A204 and R18-9-A205]

#### 2.6.1. General Contingency Plan Requirements

At least one copy of this permit and the approved contingency and emergency response plan submitted in the application shall be maintained at the location where day-to-day decisions regarding the operation of the facility are made. The permittee shall be aware of and follow the contingency and emergency plans.

Any AL exceedance, or violation of an AQL, DL, or other permit condition shall be reported to ADEQ following the reporting requirements in Section 2.7.3, unless more specific reporting requirements are set forth in Section 2.6.2 through 2.6.5.

Some contingency actions involve verification sampling. Verification sampling shall consist of the first follow-up sample collected from a location that previously indicated a violation or the exceedance of an AL. Collection and analysis of the verification sample shall use the same protocols and test methods to analyze for the pollutant or pollutants that exceeded an AL or violated an AQL or DL. Where verification sampling is specified in this permit, it is the option of the permittee to perform such sampling. If verification sampling is not conducted within the timeframe allotted, ADEQ and the permittee shall presume the initial sampling result to be confirmed as if verification sampling had been conducted. The permittee is responsible for compliance with contingency plans relating to the exceedance of an AL or violation of a DL, AQL or any other permit condition. The permittee is subject to enforcement action for the failure to comply with any contingency actions in this permit.

### 2.6.2. Exceeding Of Alert Levels And Performance Levels

#### 2.6.2.1. Exceeding Of Performance Levels Set For Operational Conditions

For freeboard operational performance levels, the permittee shall comply with the requirements as specified in Section 4.2, Table 13 to prevent the overtopping of an impoundment or sludge drying bed. If an impoundment or sludge drying bed is overtopped, the permittee shall follow the requirements in Section 2.6.5.3 and the reporting requirements of Section 2.7.3.

If an operational performance level set in Section 4.2, Table 13 has been exceeded the permittee shall:

- Notify the Groundwater Protection Value Stream within five (5) days of becoming aware of the exceedance.
- 2. Submit a written report to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream within 30 days after becoming aware of the exceedance. The report shall document all of the following:
  - a. A description of the exceedance and the cause of the exceedance;
  - b. The period of the exceedance, including exact date(s) and time(s), if known, and the anticipated time period during which the exceedance is expected to continue;
  - Any action taken or planned to mitigate the effects of the exceedance or spill, or to eliminate or prevent recurrence of the exceedance or spill;
  - d. Any monitoring activity or other information which indicates that any pollutants would be reasonably expected to cause a violation of an AWQS; and
  - e. Any malfunction or failure of pollution control devices or other equipment or process.
- 3. The facility is no longer on alert status once the operational indicator no longer indicates that a performance level is being exceeded. The permittee shall, however, complete all tasks necessary to return the facility to its pre-alert operating condition.



#### 2.6.2.2. Exceeding Of Alert Levels (ALs) Set For Discharge Monitoring

- 1. If an AL set in Section 4.2, Section 4.2, Table 7: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (WWTP) or Table 8: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (AWTF) has been exceeded, the permittee shall immediately investigate to determine the cause. The investigation shall include the following:
  - a. Inspection, testing, and assessment of the current condition of all treatment or pollutant discharge control systems that may have contributed to the exceedance;
  - b. Review of recent process logs, reports, and other operational control information to identify any unusual occurrences; and
  - c. If the investigation procedures indicated in (a) and (b) above fail to reveal the cause of the exceedance, the permittee shall sample individual waste streams composing the wastewater for the parameter(s) in question, if necessary to identify the cause of the exceedance.
- 2. The permittee shall initiate actions identified in the approved contingency plan referenced in Section 5.0 and specific contingency measures identified in Section 2.6 to resolve any problems identified by the investigation which may have led to the AL exceedance. To implement any other corrective action the permittee shall obtain prior approval from ADEQ according to Section 2.6.6.
- 3. Within thirty days of an AL exceedance, the permittee shall submit the laboratory results to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream along with a summary of the findings of the investigation, the cause of the exceedance, and actions taken to resolve the problem.
- 4. Upon review of the submitted report, the Department may amend the permit to require additional monitoring, increased frequency of monitoring, amendments to permit conditions or other actions.

#### 2.6.2.2.1. Exceeding Permit Flow Limit

If the AL for average monthly flow in Section 4.2, Table 7: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (WWTP) or Table 8: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (AWTF) has been exceeded, the permittee shall submit an application to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream for a permit amendment to expand the treatment facility, or submit a report detailing the reasons an expansion is not necessary. Acceptance of the report instead of an application for amendment requires ADEQ approval.

### 2.6.2.3. Exceeding Of Alert Levels In Groundwater Monitoring

## 2.6.2.3.1. Alert Levels For Indicator Parameters

No ALs have been established for indicator parameters.

# 2.6.2.3.2. Alert Levels For Pollutants With Numeric Aquifer Water Quality Standards

1. In the case of an exceedance of an AL for a pollutant set in Section 4.2, Table 11 and Table 12, the permittee may conduct verification sampling for those pollutant(s) that exceeded their respective AL(s) within five (5) days of becoming aware of the exceedance. The



permittee may use results of another sample taken between the date of the last sampling event and the date of receiving the result as verification.

2. If verification sampling confirms the AL exceedance or if the permittee opts not to perform verification sampling, then the permittee shall increase the frequency of monitoring for each pollutant exceeding its' respective AL(s) as follows:

Table 3: ACCELERATED MONITORING - ALERT LEVEL EXCEEDANCE				
Specified Monitoring Frequency	Monitoring Frequency for AL Exceedance			
Daily	Daily			
Weekly	Daily			
Monthly	Weekly			
Quarterly	Monthly			
Semi-annually	Quarterly			
Annually	Quarterly			

In addition, the permittee shall immediately initiate an investigation of the cause of the AL exceedance, including inspection of all discharging units and all related pollution control devices, review of any operational and maintenance practices that might have resulted in an unexpected discharge, and hydrologic review of groundwater conditions including upgradient water quality.

- 3. The permittee shall initiate actions identified in the approved contingency plan referenced in Section 5.0 and specific contingency measures identified in Section 2.6 to resolve any problems identified by the investigation which may have led to an AL exceedance. To implement any other corrective action the permittee shall obtain prior approval from ADEQ according to Section 2.6.6. Alternatively, the permittee may submit a technical demonstration, subject to written approval by the Groundwater Protection Value Stream, that although an AL has been exceeded, the pollutant(s) that exceeded their respective AL(s) are not reasonably expected to cause a violation of an AQL. The demonstration may propose a revised AL or monitoring frequency, for those pollutant(s) that exceeded their respective AL(s), for approval in writing by the Groundwater Protection Value Stream.
- 4. Within 30 days after confirmation of an AL exceedance, for each pollutant that exceeded an AL, the permittee shall submit the laboratory results to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream along with a summary of the findings of the investigation, the cause of the exceedance, and actions taken to resolve the problem.
- 5. Upon review of the submitted report, the Department may amend the permit to require additional monitoring, increased frequency of monitoring, amendments to permit conditions or other actions.
- 6. For each pollutant that exceeded an AL, the increased monitoring required as a result of an AL exceedance may be reduced to the monitoring frequency in Section 4.2, Table 11 and Table 12 if the results of four sequential sampling events of those pollutants demonstrate that they did not exceed the AL.
- 7. If the increased monitoring required as a result of an AL exceedance continues for more than six (6) sequential sampling events, the permittee shall submit to ADEQ a second report documenting an investigation of each pollutant which continued to exceed an AL. This report is due within 30 days of the receipt of laboratory results of the sixth sampling event.

# 2.6.2.3.3. Alert Levels To Protect Downgradient Users From Pollutants Without Numeric Aquifer Water Quality Standards

Not required at time of issuance.



# 2.6.2.3.4. Alert Level For Groundwater Level

- 1. If monitoring indicates the groundwater level is not within the allowable range established by the Alert Level (AL) in Section 4.2, Table 11, the permittee shall submit a written report to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream within 30 days after becoming aware of the exceedance. The report shall document the following:
  - a. the as-built configuration of the well including the screened interval;
  - b. all groundwater level measurements available for the well;
  - a discussion and analysis of any trends or seasonal variations in the groundwater level measurements:
  - d. information on groundwater recharge, withdrawal, or other hydrologic conditions in the vicinity of the well, and;
  - e. any other pertinent information obtained by the permittee.
- 2. If monitoring indicates the groundwater level is not within the allowable range established by the Alert Level (AL) in Section 4.2, Table 11 for more than two sequential sampling events, the permittee shall submit a second report which evaluates the cause(s) of the exceedance and recommends whether the well should be replaced pursuant to Section 2.5.5.1. The report shall discuss and demonstrate whether samples representative of the water quality of the relevant aquifer can be practicably obtained from the well.
- 3. Upon review of the submitted report, the Department may amend the permit to require replacement of the well, require additional permit conditions, or other actions.

#### 2.6.3. Discharge Limit Violation

- 1. If a DL set in Section 4.2, Table 7: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (WWTP) or Table 8: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (AWTF) has been violated, the permittee shall immediately investigate to determine the cause. The investigation shall include the following:
  - a. Inspection, testing, and assessment of the current condition of all treatment or pollutant discharge control systems that may have contributed to the violation;
  - b. Review of recent process logs, reports, and other operational control information to identify any unusual occurrences;
  - c. If the investigation procedures indicated in (a) and (b) above fail to reveal the cause of the violation, the permittee shall sample individual waste streams composing the wastewater for the parameters in violation, as necessary to identify the cause of the violation.

The permittee shall submit a report to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream according to Section 2.7.3, which includes a summary of the findings of the investigation, the cause of the violation, and actions taken to resolve the problem. The permittee shall consider and ADEQ may require corrective action that may include control of the source of discharge, cleanup of affected soil, surface water or groundwater, notification of downstream or downgradient users who may be directly affected by the discharge, and mitigation of the impact of pollutants on existing uses of the aquifer. Corrective actions shall either be specifically identified in this permit, included in an ADEQ-approved contingency plan, or separately approved according to Section 2.6.6.

2. Upon review of the submitted report, the Department may amend the permit to require additional monitoring, increased frequency of monitoring, amendments to permit conditions, or other actions.



#### 2.6.4. Aquifer Quality Limit Violation

- 1. If an AQL set in Section 4.2, Table 11 or Table 12 has been exceeded, the permittee may conduct verification sampling for those pollutant(s) that were above their respective AQL(s) within five (5) days of becoming aware of the exceedance. The permittee may use results of another sample taken between the date of the last sampling event and the date of receiving the result as verification.
- 2. If verification sampling does not confirm an AQL violation, no further action is needed under this Section
- 3. If verification sampling confirms that an AQL was violated for any parameter or if the permittee opts not to perform verification sampling, then, the permittee shall increase the frequency of monitoring for those parameters as follows:

Table 4: ACCELERATED MONITORING - AQUIFER QUALITY LIMIT VIOLATION					
Specified Monitoring Frequency	Monitoring Frequency for AQL Violation				
Daily	Daily				
Weekly	Daily				
Monthly	Weekly				
Quarterly	Monthly				
Semi-annually	Quarterly				
Annually	Quarterly				

In addition, the permittee shall immediately initiate an evaluation for the cause of the violation, including inspection of all discharging units and all related pollution control devices, and review of any operational and maintenance practices that might have resulted in unexpected discharge.

The permittee also shall submit a report according to Section 2.7.3, which includes a summary of the findings of the investigation, the cause of the violation, and actions taken to resolve the problem. A verified exceedance of an AQL will be considered a violation unless the permittee demonstrates within 30 days that the exceedance was not caused or contributed to by pollutants discharged from the facility. Unless the permittee has demonstrated that the exceedance was not caused or contributed to by pollutants discharged from the facility, the permittee shall consider and ADEQ may require corrective action that may include control of the source of discharge, cleanup of affected soil, surface water, or groundwater, and mitigation of the impact of pollutants on existing uses of the aquifer. Corrective actions shall either be specifically identified in this permit, included in an ADEQ approved contingency plan, or separately approved according to Section 2.6.6.

4. Upon review of the submitted report, the Department may amend the permit to require additional monitoring, increased frequency of monitoring, amendments to permit conditions or other actions

#### 2.6.5. Emergency Response And Contingency Requirements For Unauthorized Discharges

[A.R.S. § 49-201(12) AND PURSUANT TO A.R.S. § 49-241]

## 2.6.5.1. Duty To Respond

The permittee shall act immediately to correct any condition resulting from a discharge pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-201(12) if that condition could pose an imminent and substantial endangerment to public health or the environment.



#### 2.6.5.2. Discharge Of Hazardous Substances Or Toxic Pollutants

In the event of any unauthorized discharge pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-201(12) of suspected hazardous substances (A.R.S. § 49-201(19)) or toxic pollutants (A.R.S. § 49-243(I)) on the facility site, the permittee shall promptly isolate the area and attempt to identify the discharged material. The permittee shall record information, including name, nature of exposure and follow-up medical treatment, if necessary, on persons who may have been exposed during the incident. The permittee shall notify the Groundwater Protection Value Stream within 24 hours of discovering the discharge of hazardous material which (a) has the potential to cause an AWQS or AQL exceedance, or (b) could pose an endangerment to public health or the environment.

#### 2.6.5.3. Discharge Of Non-Hazardous Materials

In the event of any unauthorized discharge pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-201(12) of non-hazardous materials from the facility, the permittee shall promptly attempt to cease the discharge and isolate the discharged material. Discharged material shall be removed and the site cleaned up as soon as possible. The permittee shall notify the Groundwater Protection Value Stream within 24 hours of discovering the discharge of non-hazardous material which has the potential to cause an AQL exceedance, or could pose an endangerment to public health or the environment.

## 2.6.5.4. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall submit a written report for any unauthorized discharges reported under Sections 2.6.5.2 and 2.6.5.3 to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream within 30 days of the discharge or as required by subsequent ADEQ action. The report shall summarize the event, including any human exposure, and facility response activities and include all information specified in Section 2.7.3. If a notice is issued by ADEQ subsequent to the discharge notification, any additional information requested in the notice shall also be submitted within the time frame specified in the notice. Upon review of the submitted report, ADEQ may require additional monitoring or corrective actions.

#### 2.6.6. Corrective Actions

Specific contingency measures identified in Section 2.6 have already been approved by ADEQ and do not require written approval to implement.

With the exception of emergency response actions taken under Section 2.6.5, the permittee shall obtain written approval from the Groundwater Protection Value Stream prior to implementing a corrective action to accomplish any of the following goals in response to exceedance of an AL or violation of an AQL, DL, or other permit condition:

- 1. Control of the source of an unauthorized discharge;
- 2. Soil cleanup;
- 3. Cleanup of affected surface waters;
- 4. Cleanup of affected parts of the aquifer;
- 5. Mitigation to limit the impact of pollutants on existing uses of the aquifer.

Within 30 days of completion of any corrective action, the operator shall submit to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream, a written report describing the causes, impacts, and actions taken to resolve the problem.



# 2.7. REPORTING AND RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS

[A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(2) and A.A.C. R18-9-A206(B) and R18-9-A207]

## 2.7.1. Self-Monitoring Report Form

- 1. The permittee shall complete the Self-Monitoring Reporting Forms (SMRFs) provided by ADEQ, and submit the completed report through the myDEQ online reporting system. The permittee shall use the format devised by ADEQ.
- 2. The permittee shall complete the SMRF to the extent that the information reported may be entered on the form. If no information is required during a reporting period, the permittee shall enter "not required" on the form, include an explanation, and submit the form to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream.
- 3. The tables contained in Section 4.0 list the monitoring parameters and the frequencies for reporting results on the SMRF:
  - a. Table 7: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (WWTP)
  - b. Table 8: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (AWTF)
  - c. Table 9: RECLAIMED WATER MONITORING TABLE CLASS A+
  - d. Table 10: RECLAIMED WATER MONITORING TABLE CLASS A+
  - e. Table 11: GROUNDWATER MONITORING GROUNDWATER LEVEL
  - f. Table 12: GROUNDWATER MONITORING

The parameters listed in the above-identified tables from Section 4.0 are the only parameters for which SMRF reporting is required.

# 2.7.2. Operation Inspection / Log Book Recordkeeping

A signed copy of this permit shall be maintained at all times at the location where day-to-day decisions regarding the operation of the facility are made. A log book (paper copies, forms, or electronic data) of the inspections and measurements required by this permit shall be maintained at the location where day-to-day decisions are made regarding the operation of the facility. The log book shall be retained for ten years from the date of each inspection, and upon request, the permit and the log book shall be made immediately available for review by ADEQ personnel. The information in the log book shall include, but not be limited to, the following information as applicable:

- 1. Name of inspector;
- 2. Date and shift inspection was conducted;
- 3. Condition of applicable facility components;
- 4. Any damage or malfunction, and the date and time any repairs were performed;
- 5. Documentation of sampling date and time; and
- 6. Any other information required by this permit to be entered in the log book.
- 7. Monitoring records for each measurement shall comply with A.A.C. R18-9-A206(B)(2).



# 2.7.3. Permit Violation And Alert Level Status Reporting

- 1. The permittee shall notify the Groundwater Protection Value Stream in writing (by mail or by fax see Section 2.7.5) within five (5) days (except as provided in Section 2.6.5) of becoming aware of an AL exceedance, or violation of any permit condition, AQL, or DL for which notification requirements are not specified in Sections 2.6.2 through 2.6.5.
- 2. The permittee shall submit a written report to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream within 30 days of becoming aware of the violation of any permit condition, AQL, or DL. The report shall document all of the following:
  - a. Identification and description of the permit condition for which there has been a violation and a description of the cause;
  - b. The period of violation including exact date(s) and time(s), if known, and the anticipated time period during which the violation is expected to continue;
  - c. Any corrective action taken or planned to mitigate the effects of the violation, or to eliminate or prevent a recurrence of the violation;
  - d. Any monitoring activity or other information which indicates that any pollutants would be reasonably expected to cause a violation of an AWQS;
  - e. Proposed changes to the monitoring which include changes in constituents or increased frequency of monitoring; and
  - f. Description of any malfunction or failure of pollution control devices or other equipment or processes.

# 2.7.4. Operational, Other Or Miscellaneous Reporting

The permittee shall record the information as required in Section 4.2, Table 13 FACILITY INSPECTION AND OPERATIONAL MONITORING in the facility log book as per Section 2.7.2, and report to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream any violations or exceedances as per Section 2.7.3.

If the treatment facility is classified for reclaimed water under this permit, the permittee shall submit the reclaimed water monitoring results and flow volumes to any of the following in accordance with A.A.C. R18-9-B701(C)(2)(c):

- 1. Any reclaimed water agent who has contracted for delivery of reclaimed water from the permittee; and
- 2. Any end user who has not waived interest in receiving this information.



# 2.7.5. Reporting Location

All Self-Monitoring Report Forms (SMRFs) shall be submitted to:

Arizona Department of Environmental Quality
Groundwater Protection Value Stream
Mail Code 5415B-3
1110 West Washington Street
Phoenix, Arizona 85007
Phone (602) 771-4571
Or

Through the myDEQ portal accessible on the ADEQ website at:

http://www.azdeq.gov/welcome-mydeq

All other documents required by this permit to be submitted to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream shall be directed to:

Arizona Department of Environmental Quality Groundwater Protection Value Stream Mail Code 5415B-3 1110 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007 Phone (602) 771-4999

# 2.7.6. Reporting Deadline

The following table lists the quarterly report due dates:

Table 5: QUARTERLY REPORTING DEADLINES					
Monitoring Conducted During Quarter: Quarterly Report Due F					
January-March	April 30				
April-June	July 30				
July-September	October 30				
October-December	January 30				

The following table lists the semi-annual and annual report due dates:

	Table 6: (SEMI-)ANNUAL REPORTING DEADLINES					
Monitoring Conducted: Report Due By:						
	Semi-annual: January-June	July 30				
	Semi-annual: July-December	January 30				
	Annual: January-December	January 30				

# 2.7.7. Changes To Facility Information In Section 1.0

The Groundwater Protection Value Stream shall be notified within ten days of any change of facility information including Facility Name, Permittee Name, Mailing or Street Address, Facility Contact Person, or Emergency Telephone Number.



# 2.8. Temporary Cessation

[A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(8) and A.A.C. R18-9-A209(A)]

The permittee shall give written notice to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream before ceasing operation of the facility for a period of 60 days or greater. The permittee shall take the following measures upon temporary cessation:

- 1. If applicable, direct the wastewater flows from the facility to another state-approved wastewater treatment facility;
- 2. Correct the problem that caused the temporary cessation of the facility; and
- 3. Notify the Groundwater Protection Value Stream with a monthly facility status report describing the activities conducted on the treatment facility to correct the problem.
- 4. Submittal of Self-Monitoring Report Forms (SMRFs) is still required; report "temporary cessation" in the comment section.

At the time of notification the permittee shall submit for ADEQ approval a plan for maintenance of discharge control systems and for monitoring during the period of temporary cessation. Immediately following ADEQ approval, the permittee shall implement the approved plan. If necessary, ADEQ shall amend permit conditions to incorporate conditions to address temporary cessation. During the period of temporary cessation, the permittee shall provide written notice to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream of the operational status of the facility every three years. If the permittee intends to permanently cease operation of any facility, the permittee shall submit closure notification, as set forth in Section 2.9 below.

#### 2.9. Closure

[A.R.S. §§ 49-243(K)(6), 49-252 and A.A.C. R18-9-A209(B)]

For a facility addressed under this permit, the permittee shall give written notice of closure to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream of the intent to cease operation without resuming activity for which the facility was designed or operated. Submittal of SMRFs is still required; report "closure in process" in the comment section.

#### 2.9.1. Closure Plan

Within 90 days following notification of closure, the permittee shall submit for approval to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream, a closure plan which meets the requirements of A.R.S. § 49-252 and A.A.C. R18-9-A209(B)(3).

If the closure plan achieves clean-closure immediately, ADEQ shall issue a letter of approval to the permittee. If the closure plan contains a schedule for bringing the facility to a clean-closure configuration at a future date, ADEQ may incorporate any part of the schedule as an amendment to this permit.



# 2.9.2. Closure Completion

Upon completion of closure activities, the permittee shall give written notice to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream indicating that the approved closure plan has been implemented fully and providing supporting documentation to demonstrate that clean-closure has been achieved (soil sample results, verification sampling results, groundwater data, as applicable). If clean-closure has been achieved, ADEQ shall issue a letter of approval to the permittee at that time. If any of the following conditions apply, the permittee shall follow the terms of post-closure stated in this permit:

- 1. Clean-closure cannot be achieved at the time of closure notification or within one thereafter under a diligent schedule of closure actions;
- Further action is necessary to keep the facility in compliance with the AWQS at the applicable POC
  or, for any pollutant for which the AWQS was exceeded at the time this permit was issued, further
  action is necessary to prevent the facility from further degrading the aquifer at the applicable POC
  with respect to that pollutant;
- 3. Remedial, mitigative or corrective actions or controls are necessary to comply with A.R.S. § 49-201(30) and Title 49, Chapter 2, Article 3;
- 4. Further action is necessary to meet property use restrictions.
- 5. SMRF submittals are still required until Clean Closure is issued.

#### 2.10. Post-closure

[A.R.S. §§ 49-243(K)(6), 49-252 and A.A.C. R18-9 A209(C)]

Post-closure requirements shall be established based on a review of facility closure actions and will be subject to review and approval by the Groundwater Protection Value Stream.

In the event clean-closure cannot be achieved pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-252, the permittee shall submit for approval to the Groundwater Protection Value Stream a post-closure plan that addresses post-closure maintenance and monitoring actions at the facility. The post-closure plan shall meet all requirements of A.R.S. §§ 49-201(30) and 49-252 and A.A.C. R18-9-A209(C). Upon approval of the post-closure plan, this permit shall be amended or a new permit shall be issued to incorporate all post-closure controls and monitoring activities of the post-closure plan.

# 2.10.1. Post-Closure Plan

A specific post-closure plan may be required upon the review of the closure plan.

## 2.10.2. Post-Closure Completion

Not required at the time of permit issuance.





# 3.0 COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE

[A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(5) and A.A.C. R18-9-A208]

Not applicable.





# 4.0 TABLES OF MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

# 4.1. PRE-OPERATIONAL MONITORING (OR CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS)

Not applicable.





# 4.2. COMPLIANCE OR OPERATIONAL MONITORING

Table 7: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (WWTP)					
Sampling Point Number	Sampling Point Identification		Latitude (North)		Longitude (West)
1	Point of discharge from the chlorine contact chamber at the WWTP		33	o 36′ 51.5″ N	111° 42′ 48.3″ W
Parameter	Alert Level	Discharge Limit	Units	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency
Total Flows: Daily7	Not Establisheds	Not Established	mgd9	Daily	Quarterly
Total Flow: Monthly Average10	3.14	3.30	mgd	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly
Total Flow: Annual Average Daily Flow11	2.76	2.90	mgd	Annually	Annually
Flow to AWTF: Daily	Not Established	Not Established	mgd	Daily	Quarterly
Flow to AWTF: Average Monthly	Not Established	Not Established	mgd	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly
Flow to Reuse: Daily	Not Established	Not Established	mgd	Daily	Quarterly
Flow to Reuse: Average Monthly	Not Established	Not Established	mgd	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly
Fecal Coliform: Single sample maximum	Not Established	23.0	CFU <sub>12</sub>	Daily13	Quarterly
Fecal Coliform: four (4) of seven (7) samples in a week <sub>14</sub>	Not established	Non-detect <sub>15</sub>	CFU	Weekly Evaluation	Quarterly
Total Nitrogeni6:Five-sample rolling geometric meani7	8.0	10.0	mg/l <sub>18</sub>	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly
Metals (Dissolved)					
Antimony	0.0048	0.006	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Arsenic	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Barium	1.60	2.00	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Beryllium	0.0032	0.004	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Cadmium	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Chromium	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly

<sup>6</sup>Monthly average of daily flow values

<sup>7</sup>Flow shall be measured using a continuous recording flow meter which totals the flow daily.

<sup>8</sup>Not Established means monitoring is required but no limits are specified.

<sup>9</sup>mgd = million gallons per day

<sup>10</sup>Monthly Average means the calculated average of daily flow values in a month.

<sup>11</sup>Average Annual Daily Flow = Calculated value= Average of daily flow in a year.

<sup>12</sup>CFU = Colony Forming Units / 100 ml sample. MPN = Most Probable Number / 100 ml sample

<sup>13</sup>For fecal coliform, "daily" sampling means every day in which a sample can practicably be obtained and delivered in sufficient time for proper analysis, provided that no less than four samples in each week are obtained and analyzed.

<sup>14</sup>Week means a seven-day period starting on Sunday and ending on the following Saturday.

<sup>1</sup>sIf at least four (4) of seven (7) samples in a week are non-detect, report "yes" in the appropriate space on the SMRF (indicating that the standard has been met). If at least four (4) of seven (7) samples in a week have detections of fecal coliform, report "no" in the appropriate space on the SMRF (indicating that the standard has **not** been met).

 $_{16}$ Total Nitrogen = Nitrate as N + Nitrite as N + Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen

<sup>17</sup>The five-sample rolling geometric mean is determined by multiplying the five (5) most recent monthly sample values together then taking the fifth root of the product. Example:  $GM_5 = \sqrt[5]{(m_1)(m_2)(m_3)(m_4)(m_5)}$ 

<sup>18</sup>mg/l = milligrams per liter





Cyanide (as free cyanide)	0.16	0.2	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Fluoride	3.2	4.0	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Lead	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Mercury	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Nickel	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Selenium	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Thallium	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Volati	le and Semi-Volat	ile Organic Com	pounds (VC	Cs and SVOCs)	
Benzene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Carbon tetrachloride	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
o-Dichlorobenzene	0.48	0.6	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
para-Dichlorobenzene	0.06	0.075	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.0056	0.007	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.056	0.07	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Dichloromethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Ethylbenzene	0.56	0.7	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Monochlorobenzene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Styrene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Tetrachloroethylene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Toluene	0.8	1.0	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Trihalomethanes (total)19	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.16	0.2	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2,4 - Trichlorobenzene	0.056	0.07	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1,2 - Trichloroethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Trichloroethylene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Vinyl Chloride	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Xylenes (Total)	8.0	10.0	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually

<sup>19</sup> Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs) are comprised of Bromoform, Bromodichloromethane, Chloroform, and Dibromochloromethane.



Table 8: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (AWTF)						
Sampling Point Number	Sampling Point Identification Lati		titude (North)	Longitude (West)		
2	Point of discharge from the ultraviolet disinfection unit or the backup chlorination unit at the AWTF		33 <sub>°</sub> 35′ 56.7″ N		111 <sub>°</sub> 42′ 52.9″ W	
Parameter	Alert Level	Discharge Limit	Units	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency	
Total Flow20: Daily21	Not Established22	Not Established	mgd <sub>23</sub>	Daily	Quarterly	
Total Flow: Monthly Average24	2.76	2.90	mgd	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly	
Flow to Recharge Wells: Daily	Not Established	Not Established	mgd	Daily	Quarterly	
Flow to Recharge Wells: Average Monthly	Not Established	Not Established	mgd	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly	
Flow to Recharge Wells: Annually	Not Established	2,240.625	Acre- feet	Annually	Annually	
Flow to Reuse: Daily	Not Established	Not Established	mgd	Daily	Quarterly	
Flow to Reuse: Average Monthly	Not Established	Not Established	mgd	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly	
Fecal Coliform: Single sample maximum	Not Established	23.0	CFU <sub>26</sub>	Daily27	Quarterly	
Fecal Coliform: four (4) of seven (7) samples in a week <sub>28</sub>	Not Established	Non-detect29	CFU	Weekly Evaluation	Quarterly	
Total Nitrogen30:Five-sample rolling geometric mean31	8.0	10.0	mg/l <sub>32</sub>	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly	
	Metals (Dissolved)					
Antimony	0.0048	0.006	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly	
Arsenic	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly	
Barium	1.60	2.00	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly	
Beryllium	0.0032	0.004	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly	
Cadmium	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly	
Chromium	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly	

<sup>20</sup>Monthly average of daily flow values

<sup>21</sup>Flow shall be measured using a continuous recording flow meter which totals the flow daily.

<sup>22</sup>Not Established means monitoring is required but no limits are specified.

<sup>23</sup>mgd = million gallons per day

<sup>24</sup>Monthly Average means the calculated average of daily flow values in a month.

<sup>25</sup>The annual limit of 2,240.6 acre-feet corresponds with the limit in the Arizona Department Water Resources (ADWR) Underground Storage Facility (USF) permit.

<sup>26</sup>CFU = Colony Forming Units / 100 ml sample. MPN = Most Probable Number / 100 ml sample

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup>For fecal coliform, "daily" sampling means every day in which a sample can practicably be obtained and delivered in sufficient time for proper analysis, provided that no less than four samples in each week are obtained and analyzed.

<sup>28</sup>Week means a seven-day period starting on Sunday and ending on the following Saturday.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Fecal coliform 4 of 7 samples requires entering "Compliance" or "Non-compliance" on the SMRF for each week of the reporting period. Evaluate the daily fecal coliform results for that week (Sunday through Saturday). If, of these seven days, four or more of the daily fecal coliform results are non-detect, report "Compliance" for that week's entry on the SMRF. If three or fewer of the daily fecal coliform results are non-detect, report "Non-compliance" for that week's entry on the SMRF <sup>30</sup>Total Nitrogen = Nitrate as N + Nitrite as N + Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen

<sup>31</sup>The five-sample rolling geometric mean is determined by multiplying the five (5) most recent monthly sample values together then taking the fifth root of the product. Example:  $GM_5 = \sqrt[5]{(m_1)(m_2)(m_3)(m_4)(m_5)}$ 

<sup>32</sup>mg/l = milligrams per liter





Cyanide (as free cyanide)	0.16	0.2	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Fluoride	3.2	4.0	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Lead	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Mercury	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Nickel	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Selenium	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Thallium	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Volati	le and Semi-Volat	tile Organic Com	pounds (VC	Cs and SVOCs)	
Benzene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Carbon tetrachloride	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
o-Dichlorobenzene	0.48	0.6	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
para-Dichlorobenzene	0.06	0.075	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.0056	0.007	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.056	0.07	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Dichloromethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Ethylbenzene	0.56	0.7	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Monochlorobenzene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Styrene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Tetrachloroethylene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Toluene	0.8	1.0	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Trihalomethanes (total)33	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.16	0.2	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2,4 - Trichlorobenzene	0.056	0.07	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1,2 - Trichloroethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Trichloroethylene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Vinyl Chloride	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Xylenes (Total)	8.0	10.0	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually

<sup>33</sup>Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs) are comprised of Bromoform, Bromodichloromethane, Chloroform, and Dibromochloromethane.



Table 9: RECLAIMED	WATER MONITORING TABLE -	- CLASS A+

Reclaimed water monitoring under Table 9: RECLAIMED WATER MONITORING TABLE – CLASS A+shall be performed in addition to routine discharge monitoring required under Section 4.2, Table 7: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (WWTP) or Table 8: ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING (AWTF).

Sampling Point Number	Sampling Point Identification		Latitude (North)	Longitude (West)
1	Point of discharge from the chlorine contact chamber at the WWTP		33° 36′ 51.5″ N	111° 42′ 48.3″ W
2	Point of discharge from the ultraviolet disinfection unit or the backup chlorination unit at the AWTF		33° 35′ 56.7″ N	111° 42′ 52.9″ W
Parameter	Discharge Limit	Units	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency
Fecal Coliform: Single-sample maximum	23.0	CFU <sub>34</sub>	Daily35	Quarterly
Fecal Coliform: Four (4) of last seven (7) samples	Non-detect36	CFU	Daily Evaluation	Quarterly
Total Nitrogen37: Five- sample rolling geometric mean38	10.0	mg/l39	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly

<sup>34</sup>CFU = Colony Forming Units per 100 ml. For CFU, a value of <1.0 shall be considered to be non-detect.

<sup>35</sup>For fecal coliform, "daily" sampling means every day in which a sample can practicably be obtained and delivered in sufficient time for proper analysis, provided that no less than four (4) samples in each seven-day period are obtained and analyzed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup>Requires entering "Compliance" or "Non-compliance" on the SMRF for each day of the reporting period. Evaluate the daily fecal coliform result along with the six (6) previous sample results. If four (4) or more of those results are non-detect, report "Compliance" for that day's entry on the SMRF. If four (4) or more of those results have detections of fecal coliform, report "Non-compliance" for that day's entry.

<sup>37</sup>Nitrate N, plus Nitrite N, plus Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)

<sup>38</sup>The five-sample rolling geometric mean is determined by multiplying the five (5) most recent monthly sample values together then taking the fifth root of the product. Example:  $GM_5 = \sqrt[5]{(m_1)(m_2)(m_3)(m_4)(m_5)}$ 

<sup>39</sup>mg/l = milligrams per liter



Table 10: RECLAIMED WATER MONITORING TABLE – CLASS A+					
Reclaimed water monitoring					
shall be performed in additi					
DISCHARGE MONITO	ORING (WWTP) or	Table 8: ROUTIN	E DISCHARGE MONITO	ORING (AWTF).	
Sampling Point Number	Sampling Point	Identification	Latitude (North)	Longitude (West)	
3	Effluent channel from the tertiary filters at the WWTP		33° 36′ 51.8″ N	111° 42′ 47.7″ W	
4	Effluent piping from the ultrafiltration unit at the AWTF		33° 35′ 55.8″ N	111° 42′ 53.4″ W	
Parameter	Discharge Limit Units		Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency	
Turbidity40: Single reading	5.0 NTU41		Everyday42	Quarterly	
Turbidity: 24-hour average	2.0	NTU	Daily43	Quarterly	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup>Turbidimeter shall have a signal averaging time not exceeding 120 seconds. Occasional spikes due to back-flushing or instrument malfunction shall not be considered an exceedance. All exceedances must be explained and submitted to the Department with the corresponding quarterly SMRF.

<sup>41</sup>NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Units

<sup>42</sup>For the single turbidity reading, "everyday" means the maximum reading during the 24-hour period.

<sup>43</sup>Daily = Calculated value = average turbidity during the 24-hr period (average for the calendar day, not rolling 24-hour average).



Table 11: GROUNDWATER MONITORING – GROUNDWATER LEVEL						
Well No.	Latitude Longitude					
FHMW-1	33° 35′ 40″ N	111° 42′ 15″ W				
Alert Level	Sampling Frequency Reporting Frequency					
≥ 80 feet below ground surface44	Monthly	Quarterly				



<sup>44</sup> If groundwater rises to a level more shallow than 80 feet below ground surface, the permittee shall file a report as per Section 2.6.2.3.4.



Table 12: GROUNDWATER MONITORING					
Sampling Point Number	Sampling Point Identification		Latitude (North)	Longitude (West)	
5	FHMW-2		33° 36′ 11″ N	111° 42′ 51″ W	
6		FHMW-4R		33° 36′ 05″ N	111° 42′ 32″ W
7		FHMW-5		33° 35′ 54″ N	111° 42′ 52″ W
8		FHMW-6		33° 36′ 09″ N	111° 43′ 10″ W
Parameter	Alert Level	Aquifer Quality Limit	Units	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency
Total Nitrogen45:	8.0	10.0	mg/l <sub>46</sub>	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly
Nitrate-Nitrite as N	8.0	10.0	mg/l	Monthly	Quarterly
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Not Established47	Not Established	mg/l	Monthly	Quarterly
Fecal Coliform	Not Established	Non-detect48	CFU 49	Monthly	Quarterly
		Metals (Disse	olved)		
Antimony	0.0048	0.006	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Arsenic <sub>50</sub>	Reserved	0.13	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Barium	1.60	2.00	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Beryllium	0.0032	0.004	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Cadmium	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Chromium	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Cyanide (as free cyanide)	0.16	0.2	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Fluoride51	Reserved	12.1	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Lead	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Mercury	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Nickel	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Selenium	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Thallium	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Vola		olatile Organic Co		(VOCs and SVOCs)	, ,
Benzene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Carbon tetrachloride	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
o-Dichlorobenzene	0.48	0.6	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
para-Dichlorobenzene	0.06	0.075	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.0056	0.007	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
cis-1,2- Dichloroethylene	0.056	0.07	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
trans-1,2- Dichloroethylene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Dichloromethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Ethylbenzene	0.56	0.7	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually

<sup>45</sup> The calculation for Total Nitrogen is Nitrate as N plus Nitrite as N plus TKN.

<sup>46</sup> mg/l = milligrams per liter

<sup>47</sup> Not Established means that monitoring is required, but no limits have been specified at the time of permit issuance.

<sup>48</sup> For CFU, a value of <1.0 shall be considered to be non-detect

<sup>49</sup> CFU = Colony Forming Units / 100 ml sample.

<sup>50</sup> The AQL for Arsenic has been modified since APP in 2002, based on ambient conditions at the site.

<sup>51</sup> The AWL for Fluoride has been modified since APP in 2002, based on ambient conditions at the site.



# DRAFT PERMIT NO. P-101563

Monochlorobenzene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Styrene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Tetrachloroethylene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Toluene	0.8	1.0	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Trihalomethanes (total)52	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.16	0.2	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2,4 - Trichlorobenzene	0.056	0.07	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1,2 - Trichloroethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Trichloroethylene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Vinyl Chloride	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Xylenes (Total)	8.0	10.0	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually

 $<sup>{\</sup>tt 52}\ Total\ Trihalomethanes\ are\ comprised\ of\ Bromoform,\ Bromodichloromethane,\ Chloroform,\ and\ Dibromochloromethane.$ 





# Table 13 FACILITY INSPECTION AND OPERATIONAL MONITORING

The permittee shall record the inspection performance levels in a log book as per Section 2.7.2, and report any violations or exceedances as per Section 2.7.3. In the case of an exceedance, identify which structure exceeds the performance level in the log book.

Pollution Control Structure/Parameter	Performance Level	Inspection Frequency	Reporting Frequency
Onsite Pond Freeboard	Minimum Two (2) Linear Feet	Weekly	
Pump Integrity	Good working condition	Weekly	
Treatment Plant Components	Good working condition	Weekly	
Effluent Holding Pond Berm Integrity	No visible structural damage, breach, or erosion of embankments	Weekly	See Section
Effluent Holding Pond Liner Integrity	ding Pond No cracks or leaks that would exceed a leakage		2.7.3
ASR Wells	Good working condition  No biofouling  No clogging  No daylighting	Monthly	



#### 5.0 REFERENCES AND PERTINENT INFORMATION

The terms and conditions set forth in this permit have been developed based upon the information contained in the following, which are on file with the Department:

APP Application, dated: May 14, 2020

Contingency Plan, dated: April 27, 2017

Final Hydrologist Report, dated: July 28, 2020

Final Engineering Report, dated: July 27, 2020

Public Notice, dated: XXXXXX

Public Hearing, dated: Not applicable

Responsiveness Summary, dated: Not applicable

#### 6.0 NOTIFICATION PROVISIONS

#### **6.1.** Annual Registration Fees

The permittee is notified of the obligation to pay an Annual Registration Fee to ADEQ. The Annual Registration Fee is based on the amount of daily influent or discharge of pollutants in gallons per day (gpd) as established by A.R.S. § 49-242.

# **6.2.** Duty to Comply

[A.R.S. §§ 49-221 through 263]

The permittee is notified of the obligation to comply with all conditions of this permit and all applicable provisions of Title 49, Chapter 2, Articles 1, 2 and 3 of the Arizona Revised Statutes, Title 18, Chapter 9, Articles 1 through 4, and Title 18, Chapter 11, Article 4 of the Arizona Administrative Code. Any permit non-compliance constitutes a violation and is grounds for an enforcement action pursuant to Title 49, Chapter 2, Article 4 or permit amendment, suspension, or revocation.

# **6.3.** Duty to Provide Information

[A.R.S. §§ 49-243(K)(2) and 49-243(K)(8)]

The permittee shall furnish to the Director, or an authorized representative, within a time specified, any information which the Director may request to determine whether cause exists for amending or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Director, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

# **6.4.** Compliance with Aquifer Water Quality Standards

[A.R.S. §§ 49-243(B)(2) and 49-243(B)(3)]

The permittee shall not cause or contribute to a violation of an Aquifer Water Quality Standard (AWQS) at the applicable point of compliance (POC) for the facility. Where, at the time of issuance of the permit, an aquifer already exceeds an AWQS for a pollutant, the permittee shall not discharge that pollutant so as to further degrade, at the applicable point of compliance for the facility, the water quality of any aquifer for that pollutant.



# 6.5. Technical and Financial Capability

[A.R.S. §§ 49-243(K)(8) and 49-243(N) and A.A.C. R18-9-A202(B) and R18-9-A203(E) and (F)]

The permittee shall have and maintain the technical and financial capability necessary to fully carry out the terms and conditions of this permit. Any bond, insurance policy, trust fund, or other financial assurance mechanism provided as a demonstration of financial capability in the permit application, pursuant to A.A.C. R18-9-A203(C), shall be in effect prior to any discharge authorized by this permit and shall remain in effect for the duration of the permit.

# 6.6. Reporting of Bankruptcy or Environmental Enforcement

[A.A.C. R18-9-A207(C)]

The permittee shall notify the Director within five days after the occurrence of any one of the following:

- 1. the filing of bankruptcy by the permittee; or
- 2. the entry of any order or judgment not issued by the Director against the permittee for the enforcement of any environmental protection statute or rule.

# 6.7. Monitoring and Records

[A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(8) and A.A.C. R18-9-A206]

The permittee shall conduct any monitoring activity necessary to assure compliance with this permit, with the applicable water quality standards established pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 49-221 and 49-223 and §§ 49-241 through 49-252.

# 6.8. Inspection and Entry

[A.R.S. §§ 49-1009, 49-203(B), and 49-243(K)(8)]

In accordance with A.R.S. §§ 41-1009 and 49-203(B), the permittee shall allow the Director, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to enter and inspect the facility as reasonably necessary to ensure compliance with Title 49, Chapter 2, Article 3 of the Arizona Revised Statutes, and Title 18, Chapter 9, Articles 1 through 4 of the Arizona Administrative Code and the terms and conditions of this permit.

#### 6.9. Duty to Modify

[A.R.S.  $\S$  49-243(K)(8) and A.A.C. R18-9-A211]

The permittee shall apply for and receive a written amendment before deviating from any of the designs or operational practices authorized by this permit.

#### 6.10. Permit Action: Amendment, Transfer, Suspension, and Revocation

[A.R.S. §§ 49-201, 49-241 through 251, A.A.C. R18-9-A211, R18-9-A212 and R18-9-A213]

This permit may be amended, transferred, suspended, or revoked for cause, under the rules of the Department. The permittee shall notify the Groundwater Protection Value Stream in writing within 15 days after any change in the owner or operator of the facility. The notification shall state the permit number, the name of the facility, the date of property transfer, and the name, address, and phone number where the new owner or operator can be reached. The operator shall advise the new owner or operators of the terms of this permit and the need for permit transfer in accordance with the rules.

# 7.0 ADDITIONAL PERMIT CONDITIONS

#### 7.1. Other Information

[A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(8)]

Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Director, the permittee shall promptly submit the correct facts or information.





# 7.2. Severability

[A.R.S. §§ 49-201, 49-241 through 251, A.A.C. R18-9-A211, R18-9-A212 and R18-9-A213]

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit action does not stay or suspend the effectiveness of any existing permit condition.

# 7.3. Permit Transfer

This permit may not be transferred to any other person except after notice to and approval of the transfer by the Department. No transfer shall be approved until the applicant complies with all transfer requirements as specified in A.A.C. R18-9-A212(B) and (C).