

LCR: Lead Consumer Notification Fact Sheet

Short term revision to the Lead & Copper Rule of the Safe Drinking Water Act as adopted by ADEQ April 2016. This adoption has required additional communication to customers of the water system. This fact sheet is designed to be guidance on the new requirement under the Lead & Copper Rule.

Notification of Results- Reporting Requirements

The following must be completed regardless of the sample result:

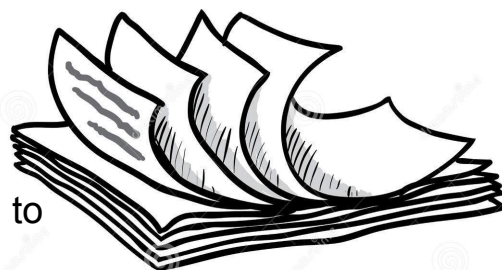


- ✓ Must provide consumer notice of lead tap water monitoring results to all persons served at the tap from which the sample was taken
- ✓ Must provide consumer notice as soon as practical; no later than 30 days after the system learns of tap monitoring results

What information is required in the LCN?

- ✓ Results of tap water monitoring
- ✓ Explanation of health effects of lead
- ✓ List steps consumers can take to reduce exposure to lead in drinking water
- ✓ Utility contact information
- ✓ Maximum Contaminant Level goal (MCLG) for lead and the action level (AL); including definition:

The MCLG for lead is zero and the action level is 15 ppb. The MCLG is the level of contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. The action level is the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.



Must be provided to all persons at the site by mail or other methods (approved by ADEQ). This includes those who do not receive a water bill.

Lead Consumer Notification is required to be submitted to ADEQ no later than 90 days following the end of the monitoring period in which lead was sampled.