



DRAFT PERMIT

**AQUIFER PROTECTION PERMIT NO. P-105001
PLACE ID 14281, LTF 61699
SIGNIFICANT AMENDMENT**

1.0 AUTHORIZATION

In compliance with the provisions of Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) Title 49, Chapter 2, Articles 1, 2, and 3, Arizona Administrative Code (A.A.C.) Title 18, Chapter 9, Articles 1 and 2, A.A.C. Title 18, Chapter 11, Article 4 and amendments thereto, and the conditions set forth in this permit, the Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) hereby authorizes Bensch Ranch Utilities, LLC to operate the Bensch Ranch Wastewater Treatment Plant, located at 1200 E. Highway 69, in Mayer, Arizona, in Yavapai County, over groundwater of the Agua Fria Basin in Township 11 N, Range 2 E, Sections 6 and 31, Gila and Salt River Baseline and Meridian.

This permit becomes effective on the date of the Water Quality Division Director’s signature and shall be valid for the life of the facility (operational, closure, and post-closure periods), unless suspended or revoked pursuant to A.A.C. R18-9-A213. The permittee shall construct, operate and maintain the permitted facilities:

1. Following all the conditions of this permit including the design and operational information documented or referenced below; and
2. Such that Aquifer Water Quality Standards (AWQS) are not violated at the applicable point(s) of compliance (POC) set forth below or if an AWQS for a pollutant has been exceeded in an aquifer at the time of permit issuance, that no additional degradation of the aquifer relative to that pollutant and as determined at the applicable POC occurs as a result of the discharge from the facility.

1.1 PERMITTEE INFORMATION

Facility Name: Bensch Ranch Wastewater Treatment Plant
Permitted Flow Rate: 3,350 gallons per day (gpd)
Facility Address: 1200 E. Highway 69, Mayer, Arizona
County: Yavapai

Permittee: Bensch Ranch Utilities, LLC
Permittee Address: 7581 E. Academy Blvd., #229
 Denver, Colorado 80230

Facility Contact: Jason Williamson, Manager
Emergency Phone No.: (720) 260-0531

Latitude/Longitude: 34° 22' 16.6" N/ 112° 11' 21.5" W
Legal Description: Township 11N, Range 2E, Sections 6 and 31, Gila and Salt River Baseline and Meridian

1.2 AUTHORIZING SIGNATURE

Trevor Baggione, Director
 Water Quality Division
 Arizona Department of Environmental Quality

Signed this _____ day of _____ 2016

THIS PERMIT SUPERCEDES ALL PREVIOUS PERMITS

2.0 SPECIFIC CONDITIONS [A.R.S. §§ 49-203(4), 49-241(A)]

2.1 Facility / Site Description [A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(8)]

The permittee is authorized to operate Bensch Ranch WWTP with a maximum average monthly flow of 0.00335 million gallons per day (MGD). The flow is limited to 0.00167 MGD in Phase I and 0.00335 MGD in Phase II.

The treatment plant consists of three aeration and anoxic reactors for nitrification-denitrification, a reactor for reaeration, a clarifier, a chlorine contact chamber, tablet de-chlorination, an effluent pump station and a sludge holding tank. Sludge is hauled to a landfill for disposal in accordance with state and federal regulations.

The effluent shall be discharged to Big Bug Creek as authorized under Arizona Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (AZPDES) permit AZ0024813 or through two percolation ponds, each with a capacity of 1,670 gallons, which will be constructed in two phases. The existing surface trench location shall not be used as a site to construct a percolation pond prior to obtaining clean-closure for that area.

This amendment amends the permit to eliminate effluent discharge to Big Bug Creek, to add two new percolation ponds for effluent disposal, reduce the flow from 175,950 gallons per day to 3,350 gallons per day in phases, and add a new point of compliance well.

All industrial hookups and other non-residential hookups to the treatment system shall be authorized according to the applicable federal, state or local regulations.

The site includes the following permitted discharging facilities:

Facility	Latitude	Longitude
Bensch Ranch WWTP	34° 22' 16.6" N	112° 11' 21.5" W
Percolation Pond 1	34° 22' 15.9" N	112° 11' 20.5" W
Percolation Pond 2	34° 22' 15.5" N	112° 11' 20" W
Big Bug Creek AZPDES Discharge	34° 22' 18" N	112° 11' 15.7" W

Annual Registration Fee [A.R.S. § 49-242 and A.A.C. R18-14-104]

The annual registration fee for this permit is payable to ADEQ each year. The permitted flow for fee calculation is 3,350 gallons per day (gpd).

Financial Capability [A.R.S. § 49-243(N) and A.A.C. R18-9-A203]

The permittee has demonstrated financial capability under A.R.S. § 49-243(N) and A.A.C. R18-9-A203. The permittee shall maintain financial capability throughout the life of the facility. The estimated dollar amount for facility closure is \$11,365. The financial capability was demonstrated through the financial test for self-assurance as defined in A.A.C. R18-9-A203(C)(1)(a).

2.2 Best Available Demonstrated Control Technology (BADCT) [A.R.S. § 49-243(B) and A.A.C. R18-9-A202(A)(5)]

The WWTP shall be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained to meet the treatment performance criteria for new facilities as specified in A.A.C. R18-9-B204. The facility shall meet the performance requirement for industrial pre-treatment as per A.A.C. R18-9-B204(B)(6)(b).

2.2.1 Engineering Design

The percolation ponds were designed by Jeffery Bower, P.E., Tres Rios Consulting Engineers, Inc., as per the design report dated March 2015. Each percolation pond shall be constructed with top dimensions of 106 feet X 50 feet, a total depth of 3 feet, with side slopes of 2 feet horizontal to 1 foot vertical (2H:1V).

2.2.2 Site-specific Characteristics

Not applicable.

2.2.3 Pre-operational Requirements

Prior to initiating use of Percolation Ponds 1 and 2, the permittee shall submit signed, dated, and sealed as-built drawings per the compliance schedule in Section 3.0.

2.2.4 Operational Requirements

1. The permittee shall maintain a copy of the up-to-date operations and maintenance manual at the WWTP site at all times; the manual shall be available upon request during inspections by ADEQ personnel.
2. The pollution control structures shall be inspected for the items listed in Section 4.2, Table III - Facility Inspection (Operational Monitoring).
3. If any damage of the pollution control structures is identified during inspection, proper repair procedures shall be performed. All repair procedures and materials used shall be documented in the facility log book as per Section 2.7.2 and reported to ADEQ in the event of a violation or exceedance as per 2.7.3.

2.2.5 Reclaimed Water Classification [A.A.C. R18-9-703(C)(2)(a), A.A.C. R18-11-303 through 307]

Not applicable.

2.2.6 Certified Areawide Water Quality Management Plan Conformance [A.A.C. R18-9-A201(B)(6)(a)]

Facility operations must conform to the approved Certified Areawide Water Quality Management Plan according to the 208 consistency determination in place at the time of permit issuance.

2.3 Discharge Limitations [A.R.S. §§ 49-201(14), 49-243 and A.A.C. R18-9-A205(B)]

1. The permittee is authorized to operate the WWTP with a maximum average monthly flow 0.00167 mgd in Phase I and 0.00335 mgd in Phase II per Table IA.
2. The permittee shall notify all users that the materials authorized to be disposed of through the WWTP are typical household sewage and pre-treated commercial wastewater and shall not include motor oil, gasoline, paints, varnishes, hazardous wastes, solvents, pesticides, fertilizers or other materials not generally associated with toilet flushing, food preparation, laundry facilities and personal hygiene.
3. The permittee shall operate and maintain all permitted facilities to prevent unauthorized discharges pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-201(12) resulting from failure or bypassing of applicable BADCT.
4. Specific discharge limitations are listed in Section 4.2, Tables I and IA.

2.4 Point of Compliance [A.R.S. § 49-244]

The Point of Compliance (POC) is established at the following monitoring location:

POC #	POC Location	Latitude	Longitude
1	Approximately 1000' downgradient (southeast) of the discharge to Big Bug Creek	34° 22' 13" N	112° 11' 03" W
2	Downgradient (south) of the percolation ponds	34° 22' 16.42" N	112° 11' 19.34" W

Groundwater monitoring is required at the point of compliance wells. Upon termination of the AZPDES permit, the permittee shall continue monitoring at POC 1 as described in Section 3.0, Compliance Schedule.

The Director may amend this permit to designate additional points of compliance if information on groundwater gradients or groundwater usage indicates the need.

2.5 Monitoring Requirements [A.R.S. § 49-243(B) and (K)(1), A.A.C. R18-9-A206(A)]

Unless otherwise specified in this permit, all monitoring required in this permit shall continue for the duration of the permit, regardless of the status of the facility. Unless otherwise provided, monitoring shall commence the first full monitoring period following permit issuance. All sampling, preservation and holding times shall be in accordance with currently accepted standards of professional practice. Trip blanks, equipment blanks and duplicate samples shall also be obtained, and Chain-of-Custody procedures shall be followed, in accordance with currently accepted standards of professional practice. Copies of laboratory analyses and Chain-of-Custody forms shall be maintained at the permitted facility. Upon request, these documents shall be made immediately available for review by ADEQ personnel.

2.5.1 Pre-Operational Monitoring

Not applicable.

2.5.2 Routine Discharge Monitoring

The permittee shall monitor the effluent on a routine basis according to Section 4.2, Table IA. Representative samples of the effluent shall be collected at the effluent pump station.

2.5.3 Reclaimed Water Monitoring

Not applicable.

2.5.4 Groundwater Monitoring and Sampling Protocols

Static water levels shall be measured and recorded prior to sampling. Wells shall be purged of at least three borehole volumes (as calculated using the static water level) or until field parameters (pH, temperature, conductivity) are stable, whichever represents the greater volume. If evacuation results in the well going dry, the well shall be allowed to recover to 80 percent of the original borehole volume, or for 24 hours, whichever is shorter, prior to sampling. If after 24 hours there is not sufficient water for sampling, the well shall be recorded as "dry" for the monitoring event. An explanation for reduced pumping volumes, a record of the volume pumped, and modified sampling procedures shall be reported and submitted with the SMRF.

As an alternative, the permittee may conduct the sampling using the low-flow purging method as described in the Arizona Water Resources Research Center, March 1995 *Field Manual for Water Quality Sampling*. The well must be purged until indicator parameters stabilize. Indicator parameters shall include dissolved oxygen, turbidity, pH, temperature, and conductivity.

2.5.4.1 POC Well Replacement

In the event that one or more of the designated POC wells should become unusable or inaccessible due to damage, exceedance of an alert level (AL) for water level as required by Section 2.6.2.3.4(3), or any other event, a replacement POC well shall be constructed and installed upon approval by ADEQ. If the replacement well is fifty feet or less from the original well, the ALs and/or aquifer quality limits (AQLs) calculated for the designated POC well shall apply to the replacement well. Otherwise, the ALs and/or AQLs shall be set following the provisions in Section 2.5.4.3 and Section 2.5.4.4 of this permit.

2.5.4.2 Ambient Groundwater Quality Monitoring for Point of Compliance and Alert Level Wells

Eight consecutive monthly groundwater samples shall be obtained and analyzed to establish existing ambient groundwater quality conditions for evaluating any short-term or long-term changes in water quality. Each ambient groundwater sample shall be analyzed for the nitrogen species and metals listed in Section 4.2, Table IIB. Four of the monthly groundwater samples shall be analyzed for Volatile and Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs and SVOCs) listed in Section 4.2, Table IIB, and the results provided with the ambient groundwater report required by permit Section 3.0. Groundwater elevations shall be determined during each sampling event and the results provided with the ambient groundwater report required by Section 3.0.

2.5.4.3 Alert Levels for Point of Compliance Wells

Alert levels (AL) shall be calculated for all contaminants with established AWQS for any new or replacement POC wells.

For each new or replacement well referenced in Section 2.5.4.1, the Permittee shall submit the ambient groundwater monitoring data in tabulated form to the ADEQ Groundwater Section for review as required by the Compliance Schedule, Section 3.0. Copies of all laboratory analytical reports, field notes, the Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) procedures used in collection and analysis of the samples, and a report including the statistical calculation of the alert levels (ALs) and aquifer quality limits (AQLs) for all parameters listed in Section 4.2, Table IIB to be established for each well, shall be included. The Permittee may submit a report with the calculations for each AL and AQL included in the permit for review and approval by ADEQ. The ALs shall be established and calculated by the following formula, or another valid statistical method submitted to the GWS in writing and approved for this permit by the GWS.

$$AL = \bar{x} + K\Phi$$

Where \bar{x} = mean, Φ = standard deviation, and K = one-sided normal tolerance interval with a 95% confidence level (Lieberman, G.J. (1958) Tables for One-sided Statistical Tolerance Limits: Industrial Quality Control, Vol. XIV, No. 10) using a K value of 3.188 for eight samples from Table 1 of the Lieberman 1958 report. Obvious outliers should be excluded from the data used in the AL calculation.

The following criteria shall be met in establishing ALs in the permit:

1. The AL will be calculated for a parameter using the analyses from a minimum of eight consecutive, monthly, sample rounds. The Permittee shall not use more than 12 sample rounds in the calculation.
2. Any data where the practical quantitation limit PQL exceeds 80% of the AWQS shall not be included in the AL calculation.
3. If a parameter is below the detection limit, the Permittee must report the value as “less than” the numeric value for the PQL or detection limit for the parameter, not just as “non-detect”. For those parameters, the Permittee shall use a value of one-half the reported detection limit for the AL calculation.
4. If the analytical results from more than 50 percent of the samples for a specific parameter are non-detect, then the AL shall be set at 80 percent of the AWQS.
5. If the calculated AL for a specific constituent and well is less than 80 percent of the AWQS, the AL shall be set at 80 percent of the AWQS for that constituent in that well.

2.5.4.4 Aquifer Quality Limits (AQLs) for Point of Compliance Wells

AQLs will be established in the permit for all parameters listed in Section 4.2, Table IIB for which an AWQS has been adopted. For each of the monitored analytes for which a numeric AWQS has been adopted, the AQL shall be established as follows:

1. If the calculated AL is less than the AWQS, then the AQL shall be set equal to the AWQS.
2. If the calculated AL is greater than the AWQS, then the AQL shall be set equal to the calculated AL value, and no AL shall be set for that constituent at that monitoring point.

2.5.5 Surface Water Monitoring and Sampling Protocols

Routine surface water monitoring is not required under the terms of this permit.

2.5.6 Facility / Operational Monitoring

Operational monitoring inspections shall be conducted according to Section 4.2, Table III.

If any damage of the pollution control structures is identified during inspection, proper repair procedures shall be performed. All repair procedures and materials used shall be documented in the facility log book as per Section 2.7.2 and reported to ADEQ in case of a violation or exceedance as per 2.7.3.

2.5.7 Analytical Methodology

All samples collected for compliance monitoring shall be analyzed using Arizona state-approved methods. If no state-approved method exists, then any appropriate EPA-approved method shall be used. Regardless of the method used, the detection limits must be sufficient to determine compliance with the regulatory limits of the parameters specified in this permit. If all methods have detection limits higher than the applicable limit, the permittee shall follow the contingency

requirements of Section 2.6 and may propose “other actions” including amending the permit to set higher limits. Analyses shall be performed by a laboratory licensed by the Arizona Department of Health Services, Office of Laboratory Licensure and Certification, unless exempted under A.R.S. § 36-495.02. For results to be considered valid, all analytical work shall meet quality control standards specified in the approved methods. A list of Arizona state-certified laboratories can be obtained at the address below:

Arizona Department of Health Services
Office of Laboratory Licensure and Certification
250 North 17th Avenue
Phoenix, Arizona 85007
Phone: (602) 364-0720

2.5.8 Installation and Maintenance of Monitoring Equipment

Monitoring equipment required by this permit shall be installed and maintained so that representative samples required by the permit can be collected. If new groundwater wells are determined to be necessary, the construction details shall be submitted to the ADEQ Groundwater Section for approval prior to installation and the permit shall be amended to include any new monitoring points.

2.6 Contingency Plan Requirements [A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(3), (K)(7) and A.A.C. R18-9-A204 and R18-9-A205]

2.6.1 General Contingency Plan Considerations

At least one copy of this permit and the approved contingency and emergency response plan dated August 2002 shall be maintained at the location where day-to-day decisions regarding the operation of the facility are made. The permittee shall be aware of and follow the contingency and emergency plans.

Any AL exceedance or any violation of an AQL, DL, or other permit condition shall be reported to ADEQ following the reporting requirements in Section 2.7.3.

Some contingency actions involve verification sampling. Verification sampling shall consist of the first follow-up sample collected from a location that previously indicated a violation or the exceedance of an AL. Collection and analysis of the verification sample shall use the same protocols and test methods to analyze for the pollutant or pollutants that exceeded an AL or violated an AQL. The permittee is subject to enforcement action for the failure to comply with any contingency actions in this permit. Where verification sampling is specified in this permit, it is the option of the permittee to perform such sampling. If verification sampling is not conducted within the timeframe allotted, ADEQ and the permittee shall presume the initial sampling result to be confirmed as if verification sampling had been conducted. The permittee is responsible for compliance with contingency plans relating to the exceedance of an AL or violation of a DL, AQL or any other permit condition.

2.6.2 Exceeding of Alert Levels and Performance Levels

2.6.2.1 Exceeding of Performance Levels Set for Operational Conditions

1. For freeboard operational performance levels, the permittee shall comply with the requirements as specified in Section 4.2, Table III (Facility Inspections) to prevent the overtopping of an impoundment. If an impoundment is overtopped, the permittee shall follow the requirements in Section 2.6.5.3 and the reporting requirements of Section 2.7.3.
2. If an operational performance level set in Section 4.2, Table III has been exceeded, the permittee shall:
 - a. Notify the ADEQ, Groundwater Section within five days of becoming aware of the exceedance.
 - b. Submit a written report within 30 days after becoming aware of the exceedance. The report shall document all of the following:
 - (1) A description of the exceedance and its cause;
 - (2) the period of the exceedance, including exact date(s) and time(s), if known, and the anticipated time period during which the exceedance is expected to continue;

- (3) any action taken or planned to mitigate the effects of the exceedance or spill, or to eliminate or prevent recurrence of the exceedance or spill;
 - (4) any monitoring activity or other information which indicates that any pollutants would be reasonably expected to cause a violation of an AWQS; and
 - (5) any malfunction or failure of pollution control devices or other equipment or process.
3. The facility is no longer on alert status once the operational indicator no longer indicates that the performance level is being exceeded. The permittee shall, however, complete all tasks necessary to return the facility to its pre-alert operating condition.

2.6.2.2 Exceeding of Alert Levels (ALs) Set for Discharge Monitoring

1. If an AL set in Section 4.2, Table IA has been exceeded, the permittee shall immediately investigate to determine the cause. The investigation shall include the following:
 - a. Inspection, testing, and assessment of the current condition of all treatment or pollutant discharge control systems that may have contributed to the exceedance;
 - b. Review of recent process logs, reports, and other operational control information to identify any unusual occurrences; and
 - c. If the investigation procedures indicated in (a) and (b) above fail to reveal the cause of the exceedance, the permittee shall sample individual waste streams composing the wastewater for the parameters in question, if necessary to identify the cause of the exceedance.
2. The permittee shall initiate actions identified in the approved contingency plan referenced in Section 5.0 and specific contingency measures identified in Section 2.6 to resolve any problems identified by the investigation which may have led to an AL exceedance. To implement any other corrective action the permittee shall obtain prior approval from ADEQ according to Section 2.6.6.
3. Within 30 days after an AL exceedance, the permittee shall submit the laboratory results to the Groundwater Section, along with a summary of the findings of the investigation, the cause of the exceedance, and actions taken to resolve the problem.
4. Upon review of the submitted report, the Department may amend the permit to require additional monitoring, increased frequency of monitoring, amendments to permit conditions or other actions.

2.6.2.2.1. Exceeding Permit Flow Limit

1. If the AL for average monthly flow in Section 4.2, Table IA has been exceeded, the permittee shall submit an application for an APP amendment to expand the WWTP or submit a report detailing the reasons that expansion is not necessary.
2. Acceptance of the report instead of an application for expansion requires ADEQ approval.

2.6.2.3 Exceeding of Alert Levels in Groundwater Monitoring

2.6.2.3.1 Alert Levels for Indicator Parameters

No ALs have been established for indicator parameters.

2.6.2.3.2 Alert Levels for Pollutants with Numeric Aquifer Water Quality Standards

1. If an AL for a pollutant set in Section 4.2, Table IIA or Table IIB has been exceeded, the permittee may conduct verification sampling within five days of becoming aware of the exceedance. The permittee may use results of another sample taken between the date of the last sampling event and the date of receiving the result as verification.
2. If verification sampling confirms the AL exceedance or if the permittee opts not to perform verification sampling, then the permittee shall increase the frequency of monitoring as follows:

Specified Monitoring Frequency (Section 4.2, Table IIA and Table IIB)	Monitoring Frequency for AL Exceedance
Daily	Daily
Weekly	Daily
Monthly	Weekly
Quarterly	Monthly
Semi-annually	Quarterly
Annually	Quarterly

In addition, the permittee shall immediately initiate an investigation of the cause of the AL exceedance, including inspection of all discharging units and all related pollution control devices, review of any operational and maintenance practices that might have resulted in an unexpected discharge, and hydrologic review of groundwater conditions including upgradient water quality.

3. The permittee shall initiate actions identified in the approved contingency plan referenced in Part 5.0 and specific contingency measures identified in Part 2.6 to resolve any problems identified by the investigation which may have led to an AL exceedance. To implement any other corrective action the permittee shall obtain prior approval from ADEQ according to Section 2.6.6. Alternatively, the permittee may submit a technical demonstration, subject to written approval by the Groundwater Section, that although an AL is exceeded, pollutants are not reasonably expected to cause a violation of an AQL. The demonstration may propose a revised AL or monitoring frequency for approval in writing by the Groundwater Section.
4. Within 30 days after confirmation of an AL exceedance, the permittee shall submit the laboratory results to the Groundwater Section along with a summary of the findings of the investigation, the cause of the exceedance, and actions taken to resolve the problem.
5. Upon review of the submitted report, the Department may amend the permit to require additional monitoring, increased frequency of monitoring, amendments to permit conditions or other actions.
6. The increased monitoring required as a result of an AL exceedance may be reduced to the monitoring frequency in Section 4.2, Table IIA or Table IIB if the results of four sequential sampling events demonstrate that no parameters exceed the AL.
7. If the increased monitoring required as a result of an AL exceedance continues for more than six sequential sampling events, the permittee shall submit a second report documenting an investigation of the continued AL exceedance within 30 days of the receipt of laboratory results of the sixth sampling event.

2.6.2.3.3 Alert Levels to Protect Downgradient Users from Pollutants Without Numeric Aquifer Water Quality Standards

Not required at time of issuance.

2.6.2.3.4 Alert Level for Groundwater Level

1. If monitoring indicates the groundwater level is not within the allowable range established by the Alert Level (AL) in Section 4.2, Table IIA or Table IIB, the permittee shall submit a written report within 30 days after becoming aware of the exceedance. The report shall document the following:
 - a. the as-built configuration of the well including the screened interval;
 - b. all groundwater level measurements available for the well;
 - c. a discussion and analysis of any trends or seasonal variations in the groundwater level measurements;
 - d. information on groundwater recharge, withdrawal, or other hydrologic conditions in the vicinity of the well, and;
 - e. any other pertinent information obtained by the permittee.

2. If monitoring indicates the groundwater level is not within the allowable range established by the AL in Section 4.2, Table IIA or Table IIB for more than six (6) sequential sampling events, the permittee shall submit a second report which evaluates the cause(s) of the exceedance and recommends whether the well should be replaced pursuant to Section 2.5.4.1. The report shall discuss and demonstrate whether samples representative of the water quality of the relevant aquifer can be practicably obtained from the well.
3. Upon review of the submitted report, the Department may amend the permit to require replacement of the well, require additional permit conditions, or other actions.

2.6.3 Discharge Limit Violation

1. If a DL set in Section 4.2, Table IA has been violated, the permittee shall immediately investigate to determine the cause of the violation. The investigation shall include the following:
 - a. Inspection, testing, and assessment of the current condition of all treatment or pollutant discharge control systems that may have contributed to the violation;
 - b. Review of recent process logs, reports, and other operational control information to identify any unusual occurrences;
 - c. If the investigation procedures indicated in (a) and (b) above fail to reveal the cause of the violation, the permittee shall sample individual waste streams composing the wastewater for the parameters in violation, as necessary to identify the cause of the violation.

The permittee also shall submit a report according to Section 2.7.3, which includes a summary of the findings of the investigation, the cause of the violation, and actions taken to resolve the problem. The permittee shall consider and ADEQ may require corrective action that may include control of the source of discharge, cleanup of affected soil, surface water or groundwater, notification of downstream or downgradient users who may be directly affected by the violation, and mitigation of the impact of pollutants on existing uses of the aquifer. Corrective actions shall either be specifically identified in this permit, included in an ADEQ-approved contingency plan, or separately approved according to Section 2.6.6.

2. Upon review of the submitted report, the Department may amend the permit to require additional monitoring, increased frequency of monitoring, amendments to permit conditions, or other actions.

2.6.4 Aquifer Quality Limit Violation

1. If an AQL set in Section 4.2, Table IIA and IIB has been exceeded, the permittee may conduct verification sampling within five days of becoming aware of the exceedance. The permittee may use results of another sample taken between the date of the last sampling event and the date of receiving the result as verification.
2. If the verification sample does not confirm an AQL violation, no further action is needed under this Section.
3. If verification sampling confirms that the AQL is violated for any parameter or if the permittee opts not to perform verification sampling, then, the permittee shall increase the frequency of monitoring as follows:

Specified Monitoring Frequency (Section 4.2, Table IIA or Table IIB)	Monitoring Frequency for AQL Exceedance
Daily	Daily
Weekly	Daily
Monthly	Weekly
Quarterly	Monthly
Semi-annually	Quarterly
Annually	Quarterly

In addition, the permittee shall immediately initiate an evaluation for the cause of the violation, including inspection of all discharging units and all related pollution control devices, and review of any operational and maintenance practices that might have resulted in unexpected discharge.

The permittee also shall submit a report according to Section 2.7.3, which includes a summary of the findings of the investigation, the cause of the violation, and actions taken to resolve the problem. A verified exceedance of an AQL will be considered a violation unless the permittee demonstrates within 30 days that the exceedance was not caused or contributed to by pollutants discharged from the facility. Unless the permittee has demonstrated that the exceedance was not caused or contributed to by pollutants discharged from the facility, the permittee shall consider and ADEQ may require corrective action that may include control of the source of discharge, cleanup of affected soil, surface water or groundwater, notification of downstream or downgradient users who may be directly affected by the violation, and mitigation of the impact of pollutants on existing uses of the aquifer. Corrective actions shall either be specifically identified in this permit, included in an ADEQ approved contingency plan, or separately approved according to Section 2.6.6.

4. Upon review of the submitted report, the Department may amend the permit to require additional monitoring, increased frequency of monitoring, amendments to permit conditions or other actions.

2.6.5 Emergency Response and Contingency Requirements for Unauthorized Discharges pursuant to A.R.S. §49-201(12) and pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-241 that are not addressed elsewhere in Section 2.6

2.6.5.1 Duty to Respond

The permittee shall act immediately to correct any condition resulting from a discharge pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-201(12) if that condition could pose an imminent and substantial endangerment to public health or the environment.

2.6.5.2 Discharge of Hazardous Substances or Toxic Pollutants

In the event of any unauthorized discharge pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-201(12) of suspected hazardous substances (A.R.S. § 49-201(19)) or toxic pollutants (A.R.S. § 49-243(I)) on the facility site, the permittee shall promptly isolate the area and attempt to identify the discharged material. The permittee shall record information, including name, nature of exposure and follow-up medical treatment, if necessary, on persons who may have been exposed during the incident. The permittee shall notify the Groundwater Section within 24 hours of discovering the discharge of hazardous material which (a) has the potential to cause an AWQS or AQL exceedance, or (b) could pose an endangerment to public health or the environment.

2.6.5.3 Discharge of Non-hazardous Materials

In the event of any unauthorized discharge pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-201(12) of non-hazardous materials from the facility, the permittee shall promptly attempt to cease the discharge and isolate the discharged material. Discharged material shall be removed and the site cleaned up as soon as possible. The permittee shall notify the Groundwater Section within 24 hours of discovering the discharge of non-hazardous material which has the potential to cause an AQL exceedance, or could pose an endangerment to public health or the environment.

2.6.5.4 Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall submit a written report for any unauthorized discharges reported under Sections 2.6.5.2 and 2.6.5.3 to the Groundwater Section within 30 days of the discharge or as required by subsequent ADEQ action. The report shall summarize the event, including any human exposure, and facility response activities and include all information specified in Section 2.7.3. If a notice is issued by ADEQ subsequent to the discharge notification, any additional information requested in the notice shall also be submitted within the time frame specified in the notice. Upon review of the submitted report, ADEQ may require additional monitoring or corrective actions.

2.6.6 Corrective Actions

Specific contingency measures identified in Section 2.6 have already been approved by ADEQ and do not require written approval to implement.

With the exception of emergency response actions taken under Section 2.6.5, the permittee shall obtain written approval from the Groundwater Section prior to implementing a corrective action to accomplish any of the following goals in response to exceedance of an AL or violation of an AQL, DL, or other permit condition:

1. Control of the source of an unauthorized discharge;
2. Soil cleanup;

3. Cleanup of affected surface waters;
4. Cleanup of affected parts of the aquifer;
5. Mitigation to limit the impact of pollutants on existing uses of the aquifer.

Within 30 days of completion of any corrective action, the operator shall submit to the Groundwater Section, a written report describing the causes, impacts, and actions taken to resolve the problem.

2.7 Reporting and Recordkeeping Requirements [A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(2) and A.A.C. R18-9-A206(B) and R18-9-A207]

2.7.1 Self-monitoring Report Form

1. When submitting hard copy, the permittee shall complete the Self-monitoring Report Form (SMRF) provided by ADEQ including contact information for the person completing the Form. Submit the completed Form to the Groundwater Section
2. The permittee shall complete the SMRF to the extent that the information reported may be entered on the Form. If no information is required during a reporting period, the permittee shall enter "not required" on the Form, include an explanation, and submit the Form to the Groundwater Section.
3. The following tables contained in Section 4.0 list the monitoring parameters and the frequencies for reporting results on the SMRF:
 - Table I, Discharge Monitoring
 - Table IIA and Table IIB, Ground Water Monitoring

The parameters listed in the above identified tables from Section 4.0 are the only parameters for which SMRF reporting is required.

4. In addition to the SMRF, the information contained in A.A.C. R18-9-A206(B)(1) shall be included for exceeding an AL or violation of an AQL, DL, or any other permit condition being reported in the current reporting period.

2.7.2 Operation Inspection / Log Book Recordkeeping

A signed copy of this permit shall be maintained at all times at the location where day-to-day decisions regarding the operation of the facility are made. A log book (paper copies, forms, or electronic data) of the inspections and measurements required by this permit shall be maintained at the location where day-to-day decisions are made regarding the operation of the facility. The log book shall be retained for ten years from the date of each inspection, and upon request, the permit and the log book shall be made immediately available for review by ADEQ personnel. The information in the log book shall include, but not be limited to, the following information as applicable:

1. Name of inspector;
2. Date and shift inspection was conducted;
3. Condition of applicable facility components;
4. Any damage or malfunction, and the date and time any repairs were performed;
5. Documentation of sampling date and time; and
6. Any other information required by this permit to be entered in the log book.

Monitoring records for each measurement shall comply with A.A.C. R18-9 A206(B)(2).

2.7.3 Permit Violation and Alert Level Status Reporting

1. The permittee shall notify the Groundwater Section in writing (by mail or by fax - see Section 2.7.5) within five days (except as provided in Section 2.6.5) of becoming aware of a violation of any permit condition, AQL, or DL, or of an AL exceedance.
2. The permittee shall submit a written report to the Groundwater Section within 30 days of becoming aware of the violation of any permit condition, AQL, or DL. The report shall document all of the following:
 - a. Identification and description of the permit condition for which there has been a violation and a description of the cause;

- b. The period of violation including exact date(s) and time(s), if known, and the anticipated time period during which the violation is expected to continue;
- c. Any corrective action taken or planned to mitigate the effects of the violation, or to eliminate or prevent a recurrence of the violation;
- d. Any monitoring activity or other information which indicates that any pollutants would be reasonably expected to cause a violation of an AWQS;
- e. Proposed changes to the monitoring which include changes in constituents or increased frequency of monitoring; and
- f. Description of any malfunction or failure of pollution control devices or other equipment or processes.

2.7.4 Operational, Other, or Miscellaneous Reporting

The permittee shall record the information requested in Section 4.2, Table III in the facility log book as per Section 2.7.2, and report to ADEQ any violations or exceedances as per Section 2.7.3.

2.7.5 Reporting Location

All SMRFs shall be submitted to:

Arizona Department of Environmental Quality
Groundwater Section
Mail Code: 5415B-3
1110 West Washington Street
Phoenix, Arizona 85007
Phone (602) 771-4681

Or

Through the myDEQ portal accessible on the ADEQ website at:
<http://www.azdeq.gov/welcome-mydeq>

All other documents required by this permit to be submitted to the Groundwater Section shall be directed to the following address:

Arizona Department of Environmental Quality
Groundwater Section
Mail Code: 5415B-3
1110 West Washington Street
Phoenix, Arizona 85007
Phone (602) 771-4999

2.7.6 Reporting Deadline

The following table lists the quarterly report due dates:

Monitoring conducted during quarter:	Quarterly Report due by:
January-March	April 30
April-June	July 30
July-September	October 30
October-December	January 30

The following table lists the semi-annual and annual report due dates:

Monitoring conducted:	Report due by:
Semi-annual: January-June	July 30
Semi-annual: July-December	January 30

Monitoring conducted:	Report due by:
Annual: January-December	January 30

2.7.7 Changes to Facility Information in Section 1.0

The Groundwater Section shall be notified within ten days of any change of facility information including Facility Name, Permittee Name, Mailing or Street Address, Facility Contact Person, or Emergency Telephone Number.

2.8 Temporary Cessation [A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(8) and A.A.C. R18-9-A209(A)]

The permittee shall give written notice to the Groundwater Section before ceasing operation of the facility for a period of 60 days or greater. The permittee shall take the following measures upon temporary cessation:

1. If applicable, direct the wastewater flows from the facility to another state-approved wastewater treatment facility;
2. Correct the problem that caused the temporary cessation of the facility; and
3. Notify the Groundwater Section with a monthly facility status report describing the activities conducted on the treatment facility to correct the problem.

At the time of notification the permittee shall submit for ADEQ approval a plan for maintenance of discharge control systems and for monitoring during the period of temporary cessation. Immediately following ADEQ approval, the permittee shall implement the approved plan. If necessary, ADEQ shall amend permit conditions to incorporate conditions to address temporary cessation. During the period of temporary cessation, the permittee shall provide written notice to the Groundwater Section of the operational status of the facility every three years. If the permittee intends to permanently cease operation of any facility, the permittee shall submit closure notification, as set forth in Section 2.9 below.

2.9 Closure [A.R.S. §§ 49-243(K)(6), 49-252 and A.A.C. R18-9-A209(B)]

For a facility addressed under this permit, the permittee shall give written notice of closure to the Groundwater Section of the intent to cease operation without resuming activity for which the facility was designed or operated.

2.9.1 Closure Plan

Within 90 days following notification of closure, the permittee shall submit for approval to the Groundwater Section, a closure plan which meets the requirements of A.R.S. § 49-252 and A.A.C. R18-9-A209(B)(3).

If the closure plan achieves clean closure immediately, ADEQ shall issue a letter of approval to the permittee. If the closure plan contains a schedule for bringing the facility to a clean closure configuration at a future date, ADEQ may incorporate any part of the schedule as an amendment to this permit.

2.9.2 Closure Completion

Upon completion of closure activities, the permittee shall give written notice to the Groundwater Section indicating that the approved closure plan has been implemented fully and providing supporting documentation to demonstrate that clean closure has been achieved (soil sample results, verification sampling results, groundwater data, as applicable). If clean closure has been achieved, ADEQ shall issue a letter of approval to the permittee at that time. If any of the following conditions apply, the permittee shall follow the terms of post-closure stated in this permit:

1. Clean-closure cannot be achieved at the time of closure notification or within one year thereafter under a diligent schedule of closure actions;
2. Further action is necessary to keep the facility in compliance with the AWQS at the applicable POC;
3. Continued action is required to verify that the closure design has eliminated discharge to the extent intended;
4. Remediation or mitigation measures are necessary to achieve compliance with Title 49, Ch. 2; and
5. Further action is necessary to meet property use restrictions.

2.10 Post-closure [A.R.S. §§ 49-243(K)(6), 49-252 and A.A.C. R18-9 A209(C)]

Post-closure requirements shall be established based on a review of facility closure actions and will be subject to review and approval by the Groundwater Section.

In the event clean-closure cannot be achieved pursuant to A.R.S. § 49-252, the permittee shall submit for approval to the Groundwater Section a post-closure plan that addresses post-closure maintenance and monitoring actions at the facility. The post-closure plan shall meet all requirements of A.R.S. §§ 49-201(30) and 49-252 and A.A.C. R18-9-A209(C). Upon approval of the post-closure plan, this permit shall be amended or a new permit shall be issued to incorporate all post-closure controls and monitoring activities of the post-closure plan.

2.10.1 Post-closure Plan

A specific post-closure plan may be required upon the review of the closure plan.

2.10.2 Post-closure Completion

Not required at the time of permit issuance.

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3.0 COMPLIANCE SCHEDULE [A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(5) and A.A.C. R18-9-A208]

Unless otherwise directed, for each compliance schedule item listed below, the permittee shall submit the required information, including a cover letter that lists the compliance schedule items, to the Groundwater Section (GWS).

No.	Description	Due by:	Permit Amendment Required?
1	Submit a signed, dated, and sealed as-built drawing that confirms Percolation Pond 1 is constructed according to the Department-approved design.	Within ninety (90) days of permit issuance and prior to initiating use of Percolation Pond 1	No
2	Submit a signed, dated, and sealed as-built drawing that confirms Percolation Pond 2 is constructed according to the Department-approved design.	Prior to initiating use of Percolation Pond 2	No
3	Install POC Well #2 in accordance with all requirements of the Arizona Department of Water Resources (ADWR). The well shall be appropriately screened, with 10 feet above the water table and 30 feet below the water table in the uppermost aquifer, unless an alternative screen length is pre-approved by the Groundwater Section (GWS).	Within ninety (90) days after effective date of the permit	No
4	Submit POC Well #2 geologic and well construction logs to the GWS. The logs shall include the ADWR well registration number, and the “as-built” latitude and longitude coordinates of the well.	Within forty-five (45) days of well installation	No
5	Sample POC Well #2 for ambient water quality each month as required by Section 2.5.4.2, until 8 months of ambient sampling data is available.	Begin ambient groundwater monitoring within the first month following POC wells installation.	No
6	If exceedance of an AWQS in POC Well #2 is analyzed during the ambient monitoring period, notify the GWS in writing and provide a proposed upgradient well location and design. The GWS may require submittal of a hydrological report to evaluate the cause of the exceedances, and may require installation of an appropriate upgradient groundwater monitoring well. Upgradient groundwater monitoring may be required in order to determine if the exceedances of an AWQS at the POC is consistent with the background groundwater data.	Within ninety (90) days of the receipt of the laboratory report documenting the exceedance	Yes
7	Submit an amendment application and ambient groundwater monitoring report to set ALs and AQLs in POC Well #2, along with copies of all laboratory analytical reports, including chain of custody and QA/QC. Submit with the lab reports a field sampling report describing the sampling procedures and sample collection QA/QC. The permittee may calculate the ALs and AQLs for those constituents in section 4.2, Table IIB, or may request GWS to perform the calculations. The alert level for the groundwater level measurement in Table IIB shall be based on the screened interval of POC Well #2. If an upgradient well is required, submit the well construction log, ADWR well registration number, and as-built latitude and longitude, and the laboratory analytical reports for the groundwater monitoring.	Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the laboratory report for the final ambient sample	Yes
8	Begin routine compliance groundwater monitoring in POC Well #2, as detailed in Section 4.2, Table II.	The first month following the final monthly ambient sampling event	No

9	Submit a report which summarizes the groundwater monitoring data for POC Well #1 for the six months prior to termination of the AZPDES permit and six months after termination of the AZPDES permit. Upon review of the report, and confirmation that Aquifer Quality Limits are not exceeded at POC Well #1, ADEQ may amend the permit to discontinue monitoring at POC Well #1.	Within 8 months of termination of the AZPDES permit	Yes
10	Submit a demonstration that the financial assurance mechanism listed in Section 2.1, Financial Capability, is being maintained as per A.R.S. 49-243.N.4 and A.A.C. R18-9-A203(H) for all estimated closure and post-closure costs including updated costs submitted under Section 3.0, No. 12 below. The demonstration shall include a statement that the closure and post-closure strategy has not changed, the discharging facilities listed in the permit have not been altered in a manner that would affect the closure and post-closure costs, and discharging facilities have not been added. The demonstration shall also include information in support of the self-assurance demonstration as required in A.A.C. R18-9-A203(C)(1).	Every 2 years from the date of permit signature for the duration of the permit	No
11	Submit updated cost estimates for facility closure and post-closure, as per A.A.C. R18-9-A201(B)(5) and A.R.S. 49-243.N.2.a.	Every 6 years from the date of permit signature, for the duration of the permit	Yes

4.0 TABLES OF MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

4.1 PRE-OPERATIONAL MONITORING (OR CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS)

Not applicable.

4.2 COMPLIANCE (or OPERATIONAL) MONITORING

**TABLE IA - PHASE I (flows up to 0.00167 mgd)
ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING¹**

Sampling Point Number	Sampling Point Identification			Latitude	Longitude
#1	Flow meter and sampling point located at the effluent pump station			34° 22' 16.74" N	112° 11' 21.1" W
Parameter	AL ²	DL ³	Units	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency
Total Flow: Daily ⁴	Not Established ⁵	Not Established	mgd ⁶	Daily	Quarterly
Total Flow: Monthly Average ⁷	0.00158	0.00167	mgd	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly
Fecal Coliform: Single sample maximum	Not established	23.0	CFU ⁸	Weekly ⁹	Quarterly
Total Nitrogen ¹⁰ : Five-sample rolling geometric mean ¹¹	8.0	10.0	mg/l ¹²	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly

¹ Upon transitioning from Phase I to Phase II, the permittee shall notify the Groundwater Section (see Section 2.7.5), discontinue monitoring under Table IA-PHASE I, and begin monitoring under Table IA-PHASE II.

²AL = Alert Level

³DL = Discharge Limit

⁴Flow shall be measured using a continuous recording flow meter which totals the flow daily.

⁵Not Established means monitoring is required but no limits have been specified.

⁶mgd = million gallons per day

⁷Monthly = Calculated value = Average of daily flows in a month.

⁸CFU = Colony Forming Units / 100 ml sample. A value of <1.0 shall be considered to be non-detect.

⁹Weekly samples are required to be taken and analyzed once per calendar week.

¹⁰Total Nitrogen = Nitrate as N + Nitrite as N + Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen.

¹¹The five-sample rolling geometric mean is determined by multiplying the five (5) most recent monthly sample values together then taking the fifth root of the product. *Example: $GM_5 = \sqrt[5]{(m_1)(m_2)(m_3)(m_4)(m_5)}$*

¹²mg/l = milligrams per liter

TABLE IA- PHASE I (flows up to 0.00167 mgd)
DISCHARGE MONITORING (continued)

Parameter	AL	DL	Units	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency
Metals (total):					
Antimony	0.0048	0.006	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Arsenic	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Barium	1.60	2.00	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Beryllium	0.0032	0.004	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Cadmium	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Chromium	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Cyanide (as free cyanide)	0.16	0.2	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Fluoride	3.2	4.0	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Lead	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Mercury	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Nickel	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Selenium	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Thallium	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly

**TABLE IA - PHASE I (flows up to 0.00167 mgd)
DISCHARGE MONITORING (continued)**

Parameter	AL	DL	Units	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency
Volatile and Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs and SVOCs):					
Benzene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Carbon tetrachloride	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
o-Dichlorobenzene	0.48	0.6	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
para-Dichlorobenzene	0.06	0.075	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.0056	0.007	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.056	0.07	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Dichloromethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Ethylbenzene	0.56	0.7	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Hexachlorobenzene	0.0008	0.001	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Monochlorobenzene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Styrene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Tetrachloroethylene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Toluene	0.8	1.0	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Trihalomethanes (total) ¹³	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.16	0.2	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2,4 - Trichlorobenzene	0.056	0.07	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1,2 - Trichloroethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Trichloroethylene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Vinyl Chloride	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Xylenes (Total)	8.0	10.0	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually

¹³Total Trihalomethanes are comprised of Bromoform, Bromodichloromethane, Chloroform, and Dibromochloromethane.

**TABLE IA - PHASE II (flows up to 0.00335 mgd)
ROUTINE DISCHARGE MONITORING ¹⁴**

Sampling Point Number	Sampling Point Identification			Latitude	Longitude
#1	Flow meter and sampling point located at the effluent pump station			33° 16' 47" N	111° 21' 34" W
Parameter	AL ¹⁵	DL ¹⁶	Units	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency
Total Flow: Daily ¹⁷	Not Established ¹⁸	Not Established	mgd ¹⁹	Daily	Quarterly
Total Flow: Monthly Average ²⁰	0.00318	0.00335	mgd	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly
Fecal Coliform: Single sample maximum	Not established	23.0	CFU ²¹	Weekly ²²	Quarterly
Total Nitrogen ²³ : Five-sample rolling geometric mean ²⁴	8.0	10.0	mg/l ²⁵	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly
Metals (total):					
Antimony	0.0048	0.006	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Arsenic	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Barium	1.60	2.00	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Beryllium	0.0032	0.004	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Cadmium	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Chromium	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Cyanide (as free cyanide)	0.16	0.2	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Fluoride	3.2	4.0	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Lead	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Mercury	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Nickel	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Selenium	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Thallium	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly

¹⁴ Upon transitioning from Phase I to Phase II, the permittee shall notify the Groundwater Section (see Section 2.7.5), discontinue monitoring under Table IA-PHASE I, and begin monitoring under Table IA-PHASE II.

¹⁵AL = Alert Level

¹⁶DL = Discharge Limit

¹⁷Flow shall be measured using a continuous recording flow meter which totals the flow daily.

¹⁸Not Established means monitoring is required but no limits have been specified.

¹⁹mgd = million gallons per day

²⁰Monthly = Calculated value = Average of daily flows in a month.

²¹CFU = Colony Forming Units / 100 ml sample. A value of <1.0 shall be considered to be non-detect.

²²Weekly samples are required to be collected and analyzed once per calendar week.

²³Total Nitrogen = Nitrate as N + Nitrite as N + Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen.

²⁴The five-sample rolling geometric mean is determined by multiplying the five (5) most recent monthly sample values together then taking the fifth root of the product. *Example: $GM_5 = \sqrt[5]{(m_1)(m_2)(m_3)(m_4)(m_5)}$*

²⁵mg/l = milligrams per liter

**TABLE IA - PHASE II (flows up to 0.00335 mgd)
DISCHARGE MONITORING (continued)**

Parameter	AL	DL	Units	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency
Volatile and Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs and SVOCs):					
Benzene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Carbon tetrachloride	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
o-Dichlorobenzene	0.48	0.6	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
para-Dichlorobenzene	0.06	0.075	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.0056	0.007	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.056	0.07	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Dichloromethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Ethylbenzene	0.56	0.7	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Hexachlorobenzene	0.0008	0.001	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Monochlorobenzene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Styrene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Tetrachloroethylene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Toluene	0.8	1.0	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Trihalomethanes (total) ²⁶	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.16	0.2	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2,4 - Trichlorobenzene	0.056	0.07	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1,2 - Trichloroethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Trichloroethylene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Vinyl Chloride	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Xylenes (Total)	8.0	10.0	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually

²⁶Total Trihalomethanes are comprised of Bromoform, Bromodichloromethane, Chloroform, and Dibromochloromethane.

TABLE IIA-GROUNDWATER MONITORING - POC #1

Sampling Point Number	Sampling Point Identification			Latitude	Longitude
2	Point of Compliance Well #1 Approximately 1000' downgradient (southeast) of the discharge to Big Bug Creek			34° 22' 13" N	112° 11' 03" W
Parameter	AL ²⁷	AQL ²⁸	Units	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency
Total Nitrogen ²⁹ :	8.0	10.0	mg/l ³⁰	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly
Nitrate-Nitrite as N	8.0	10.0	mg/l	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Not Established ³¹	Not Established	mg/l	Monthly	Quarterly
Total Coliform	Absence	Absence	P/A ³²	Monthly	Quarterly
Metals (total):					
Antimony	0.0048	0.006	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Arsenic	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Barium	1.60	2.00	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Beryllium	0.0032	0.004	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Cadmium	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Chromium	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Cyanide (as free cyanide)	0.16	0.2	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Fluoride	3.2	4.0	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Lead	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Mercury	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Nickel	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Selenium	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Thallium	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly

²⁷ AL = Alert Level

²⁸ AQL = Aquifer Quality Limit

²⁹ Total Nitrogen is equal to Nitrate as N plus Nitrite as N plus TKN.

³⁰ mg/l = milligrams per liter

³¹ Not Established means monitoring is required but no limits have been specified.

³² P/A = Presence or absence of total coliforms in a 100-milliliter sample. If total coliforms are present, enter "Non-compliance on the SMRF. If total coliforms are absent, enter "Compliance" on the SMRF.

TABLE IIB - GROUNDWATER MONITORING - POC #2

Sampling Point Number	Sampling Point Identification			Latitude	Longitude
3	Point of Compliance Well #2, downgradient (south) of the percolation ponds			34° 22' 16.42" N	112° 11' 19.34" W
Parameter	AL ³³	AQL ³⁴	Units	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency
Total Nitrogen ³⁵ :	Reserved ³⁶	Reserved	mg/l ³⁷	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly
Nitrate-Nitrite as N	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Monthly Calculation	Quarterly
Nitrate as N	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Monthly	Quarterly
Nitrite as N	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Monthly	Quarterly
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN)	Not Established ³⁸	Not Established	mg/l	Monthly	Quarterly
Depth to Water (upper limit)	Reserved	Not Established	feet bgs ³⁹	Monthly	Quarterly
Depth to Water (lower limit)	Reserved	Not Established	feet bgs	Monthly	Quarterly
Water Level	Monitor	Not Established	feet amsl ⁴⁰	Monthly	Quarterly
Total Coliform	Absence	Absence	P/A ⁴¹	Monthly	Quarterly
Metals (total):					
Antimony	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Arsenic	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Barium	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Beryllium	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Cadmium	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Chromium	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Cyanide (as free cyanide)	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Fluoride	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Lead	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Mercury	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Nickel	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Selenium	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly
Thallium	Reserved	Reserved	mg/l	Quarterly	Quarterly

TABLE IIB - GROUNDWATER MONITORING - POC #2 (continued)

³³ AL = Alert Level

³⁴ AQL = Aquifer Quality Limit

³⁵ Total Nitrogen is equal to Nitrate as N plus Nitrite as N plus TKN.

³⁶ Reserved = The ALs shall be established as described in the Compliance Schedule, Section 3.0.

³⁷ mg/l = milligrams per liter

³⁸ Not Established means monitoring is required but no limits have been specified.

³⁹ bgs = below ground surface

⁴⁰ amsl = above mean sea level

⁴¹ P/A = Presence or absence of total coliforms in a 100-milliliter sample. If total coliforms are present, enter "Non-compliance on the SMRF. If total coliforms are absent, enter "Compliance" on the SMRF.

Sampling Point Number	Sampling Point Identification			Latitude	Longitude
3	Point of Compliance Well #2, downgradient (south) of the percolation ponds			34° 22' 16.42" N	112° 11' 19.34" W
Parameter	AL	AQL	Units	Sampling Frequency	Reporting Frequency
Volatile and Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs and SVOCs):					
Benzene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Carbon tetrachloride	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
o-Dichlorobenzene	0.48	0.6	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
para-Dichlorobenzene	0.06	0.075	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0.0056	0.007	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.056	0.07	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Dichloromethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Ethylbenzene	0.56	0.7	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Hexachlorobenzene	0.0008	0.001	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0.04	0.05	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Monochlorobenzene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Styrene	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Tetrachloroethylene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Toluene	0.8	1.0	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Trihalomethanes (total) ⁴²	0.08	0.1	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.16	0.2	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,2,4 - Trichlorobenzene	0.056	0.07	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
1,1,2 - Trichloroethane	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Trichloroethylene	0.004	0.005	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Vinyl Chloride	0.0016	0.002	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually
Xylenes (Total)	8.0	10.0	mg/l	Semi-Annually	Semi-Annually

⁴²Total Trihalomethanes are comprised of Bromoform, Bromodichloromethane, Chloroform, and Dibromochloromethane.

TABLE III
FACILITY INSPECTION (OPERATIONAL MONITORING)⁴³

Pollution Control Structure/Parameter	Performance Level	Inspection Frequency	Reporting Frequency
Pump Integrity	Good working condition	Weekly	See Section 2.7.3
Treatment Plant Components	Good working condition	Weekly	See Section 2.7.3
Percolation Pond Freeboard	One (1) Linear Foot	Weekly	See Section 2.7.3

⁴³ The permittee shall record the inspection performance levels in a log book as per Section 2.7.2, and report any violations or exceedances as per Section 2.7.3. In the case of an exceedance, identify which structure exceeds the performance level in the log book.

5.0 REFERENCES AND PERTINENT INFORMATION

The terms and conditions set forth in this permit have been developed based upon the information contained in the following, which are on file with the Department:

1. APP Application dated: March 17, 2015
2. Contingency Plan, dated: August 2002
3. Final Hydrologist Memo dated: June 6, 2016
4. Final Engineering Memo dated: June 7, 2016
5. Public Notice dated: **September XX, 2016**

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6.0 NOTIFICATION PROVISIONS

6.1 Annual Registration Fees

The permittee is notified of the obligation to pay an Annual Registration Fee to ADEQ. The Annual Registration Fee is based on the amount of daily influent or discharge of pollutants in gallons per day (gpd) as established by A.R.S. § 49-242. If the facility is not constructed or is incapable of discharge, the permittee may be eligible for reduced fees under the rule. Send all correspondence requesting reduced fees to the Groundwater Section. Please reference the permit number, LTF number, and the reason for requesting reduced fees under the rule.

6.2 Duty to Comply [A.R.S. §§ 49-221 through 263]

The permittee is notified of the obligation to comply with all conditions of this permit and all applicable provisions of Title 49, Chapter 2, Articles 1, 2 and 3 of the Arizona Revised Statutes, Title 18, Chapter 9, Articles 1 through 4, and Title 18, Chapter 11, Article 4 of the Arizona Administrative Code. Any permit non-compliance constitutes a violation and is grounds for an enforcement action pursuant to Title 49, Chapter 2, Article 4 or permit amendment, suspension, or revocation.

6.3 Duty to Provide Information [A.R.S. §§ 49-243(K)(2) and 49-243(K)(8)]

The permittee shall furnish to the Director, or an authorized representative, within a time specified, any information which the Director may request to determine whether cause exists for amending or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Director, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

6.4 Compliance with Aquifer Water Quality Standards [A.R.S. §§ 49-243(B)(2) and 49-243(B)(3)]

The permittee shall not cause or contribute to a violation of an AWQS at the applicable POC for the facility. Where, at the time of issuance of the permit, an aquifer already exceeds an AWQS for a pollutant, the permittee shall not discharge that pollutant so as to further degrade, at the applicable point of compliance for the facility, the water quality of any aquifer for that pollutant.

6.5 Technical and Financial Capability [A.R.S. §§ 49-243(K)(8) and 49-243(N) and A.A.C. R18-9-A202(B) and R18-9-A203(E) and (F)]

The permittee shall have and maintain the technical and financial capability necessary to fully carry out the terms and conditions of this permit. Any bond, insurance policy, trust fund, or other financial assurance mechanism provided as a demonstration of financial capability in the permit application, pursuant to A.A.C. R18-9-A203(C), shall be in effect prior to any discharge authorized by this permit and shall remain in effect for the duration of the permit.

6.6 Reporting of Bankruptcy or Environmental Enforcement [A.A.C. R18-9-A207(C)]

The permittee shall notify the Director within five days after the occurrence of any one of the following:

1. the filing of bankruptcy by the permittee; or
2. the entry of any order or judgment not issued by the Director against the permittee for the enforcement of any environmental protection statute or rule.

6.7 Monitoring and Records [A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(8) and A.A.C. R18-9-A206]

The permittee shall conduct any monitoring activity necessary to assure compliance with this permit, with the applicable water quality standards established pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 49-221 and 49-223 and §§ 49-241 through 49-252.

6.8 Inspection and Entry [A.R.S. §§ 49-1009, 49-203(B), and 49-243(K)(8)]

In accordance with A.R.S. §§ 41-1009 and 49-203(B), the permittee shall allow the Director, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to enter and inspect the facility as reasonably necessary to ensure compliance with Title 49, Chapter 2, Article 3 of the Arizona Revised Statutes, and Title 18, Chapter 9, Articles 1 through 4 of the Arizona Administrative Code and the terms and conditions of this permit.

6.9 Duty to Modify [A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(8) and A.A.C. R18-9-A211]

The permittee shall apply for and receive a written amendment before deviating from any of the designs or operational practices authorized by this permit.

6.10 Permit Action: Amendment, Transfer, Suspension, and Revocation [A.R.S. §§ 49-201, 49-241 through 251, A.A.C. R18-9-A211, R18-9-A212 and R18-9-A213]

This permit may be amended, transferred, suspended, or revoked for cause, under the rules of the Department. The permittee shall notify the Groundwater Section in writing within 15 days after any change in the owner or operator of the facility. The notification shall state the permit number, the name of the facility, the date of property transfer, and the name, address, and phone number where the new owner or operator can be reached. The operator shall advise the new owner or operators of the terms of this permit and the need for permit transfer in accordance with the rules.

7.0 ADDITIONAL PERMIT CONDITIONS

7.1 Other Information [A.R.S. § 49-243(K)(8)]

Where the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Director, the permittee shall promptly submit the correct facts or information.

7.2 Severability [A.R.S. §§ 49-201, 49-241 through 251, A.A.C. R18-9-A211, R18-9-A212 and R18-9-A213]

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit action does not stay or suspend the effectiveness of any existing permit condition.

7.3 Permit Transfer

This permit may not be transferred to any other person except after notice to and approval of the transfer by the Department. No transfer shall be approved until the applicant complies with all transfer requirements as specified in A.A.C. R18-9-A212(B) and (C).